

# CABINET CARE, CLEANING & ADJUSTMENT GUIDE

## After Installation Care

After your cabinets have been installed, wipe down exteriors with a clean damp cloth. Work on a small area at a time and thoroughly wipe dry.

DO NOT USE agents containing acetone, acetate, or ethyl alcohol. Avoid using harsh solvents and/or abrasives, such as turpentine, as they may break down bonds on edge banding. If you use ammonia-based cleaners, be sure to dilute the mixture before use.

## Everyday Care

It is important to wipe up spills and water marks as they occur. Be sure to pay special attention to areas around the sink and dishwasher. Avoid draping damp or wet dish towels over the door of the sink base cabinet. Over time, this moisture can cause permanent water damage to the door.

Avoid spray-type polishes containing petroleum solvents, as they are flammable and toxic if swallowed. Use a damp cloth when cleaning normal household spills, and after wiping thoroughly, dry the surface with a lint-free cotton cloth. For stubborn stains, it may be necessary to use a mild detergent with warm water. Be sure to always dry the surfaces that were wiped down immediately.

Never use abrasive cleaners, scouring pads or powdered cleansers. Do not allow oven cleaners to come into contact with any part of your cabinets. Do not use a dish cloth to wipe your cabinet exterior, since it may contain remnants of grease or detergents.

We recommend against using waxes or products containing wax because it may lead to discoloration. If a damp cloth does not sufficiently clean an area, we recommend a non-detergent, non-abrasive household cleaner.

## Wear & Tear

Daily use can result in surface damage to your cabinetry. A touch-up pen and fill stick kit can assist you with minor repairs. Small scratches can be covered by "coloring" with the color matched pen. Deep scratches or gouges can be filled with the color matched fill stick. To use the fill stick, run it firmly along the scratch, applying enough pressure to fill the scratch. The touch-up kit is available for purchase.

## Finish Characteristics

Our stained face frames, doors and drawer fronts are constructed from solid hardwood. Like fingerprints, no two pieces of wood are alike and differences in color or grain will be present in all exposed solid wood material. Individual species characteristics like knots, mineral streaking, sapping or pinholes, may also be present and are expected.

Our painted, rigid thermofoil (RTF) and melamine door styles have a material and color matched face frame. Expansion and contraction may cause small hairline paint cracks near the joints, but the product performance will not be affected. The doors and drawer fronts are furniture grade MDF with a painted, RTF or melamine finish depending on the door style you selected.

## Hardware Care

Use mild soap and warm water to clean the cabinet door knobs and drawer pulls. Thoroughly dry hardware surfaces after cleaning. DO NOT use silver or brass polish.

## Avoiding Excessive Heat

**SELF CLEANING APPLIANCE WARNING:** Self-cleaning range ovens and built-in ovens generate heat exceeding 900 degrees during a cleaning cycle. The integrity of the appliance seal or gasket may be compromised due to age or improper alignment, allowing heat to escape that can damage your cabinetry. We recommend removing doors and/or drawers from cabinets adjacent to, directly above or below an appliance during a cleaning cycle to help prevent possible damage to the cabinet's finish or surface. For RTF and melamine door styles we recommend installing a heat shield on adjacent cabinets.

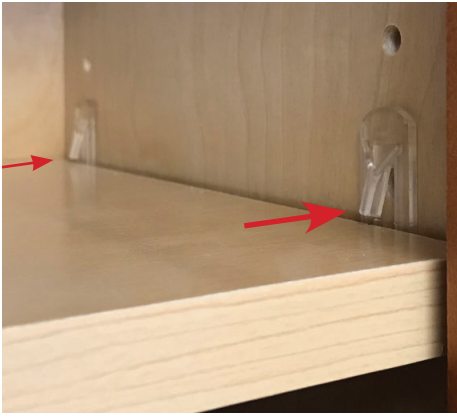
## Humidity Levels & Your Cabinets

Your home's humidity levels can be expected to affect your cabinetry doors and drawer fronts. Fluctuating temperatures and humidity can cause the MDF cabinetry to expand and contract. As reported in USA Today, 45% home humidity is the ideal level for your comfort and health. The same can be said for your cabinetry. Homes with less than 30% humidity create an environment conducive for wood panel shrinkage which will be evidenced by the appearance of a white halo look around door and drawer front center panels. Returning your home to the proper humidity level will rectify this problem. If you choose to maintain your home humidity below the recommended standards, you may elect to purchase a touch-up kit with your kitchen to "color" the exposed halo area.

## Light Exposure

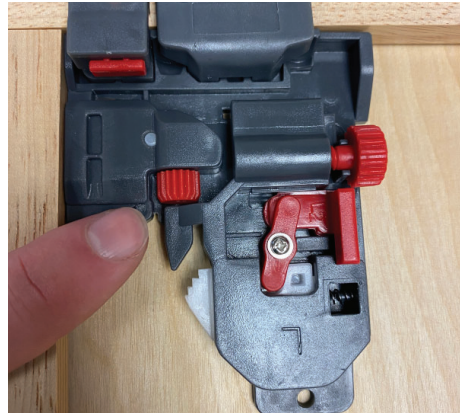
Exposure to UV light over extended periods of time will alter your cabinetry color.

## SHELF PINS



Cabinet shelves feature locking shelf pins. To release, simply push in the tab and lift the shelf.

## DRAWER FRONT ADJUSTMENT



1 While the drawer box is locked on the glides, rotate tab to raise or lower drawer front on either side.

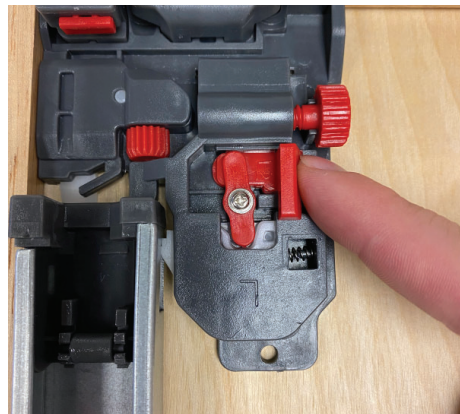


2 If additional adjustment is required, loosen screws and twist drawer front for proper alignment. Tighten screws securely.

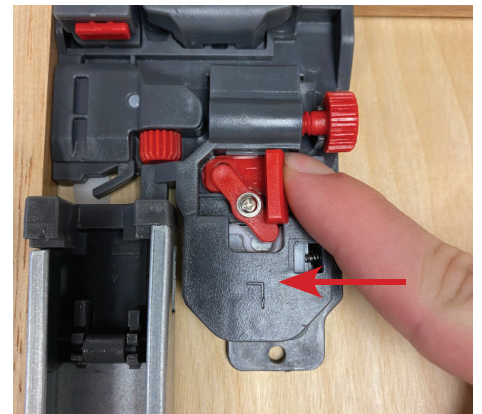
## DRAWER REMOVAL/ADJUSTMENT



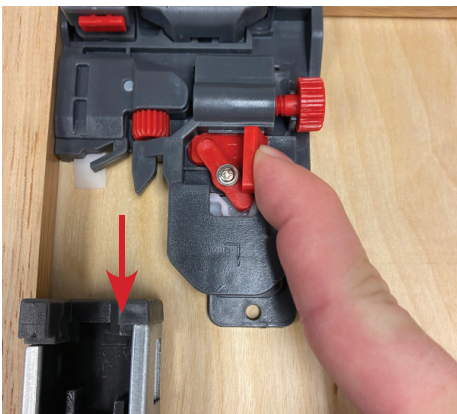
1 Partially open drawer to get access to underneath.



2 Reach underneath drawer box at front and locate drawer glide releases on each side of drawer box.



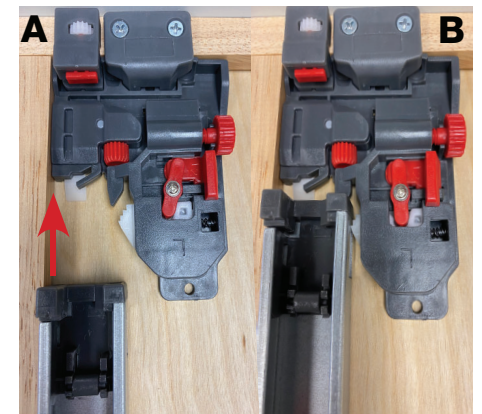
3 Squeeze release tabs and remove drawer box from glides.



4 The drawer box will release from the drawer glides.



5 To adjust glides from side to side, grasp glides at rear of cabinet and slide to desired position.



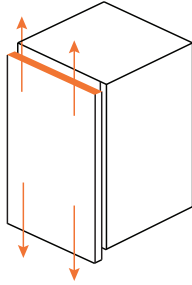
6 To lock the drawer box back in place, set the drawer on the drawer glides and fully close until you hear the 'click' of the glides locking into the release tabs. Open and close repeatedly to align runners and ensure a secure lock.

## ADJUSTING THE DOOR ALIGNMENT - WITH PHILLIPS SCREWDRIVER



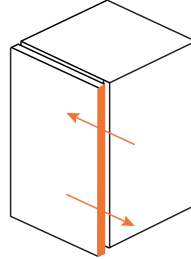
### Height

For vertical door adjustment loosen center screw on each hinge. Set door at desired height. Re-tighten each screw.



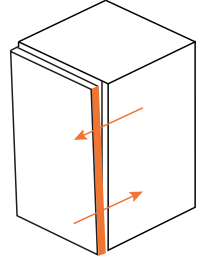
### Side to Side

Rotate front screw for horizontal door adjustment.



### Depth

Rotate back screw for front to back door adjustment.



## EASY REACH CORNER CABINET DOOR ADJUSTMENT



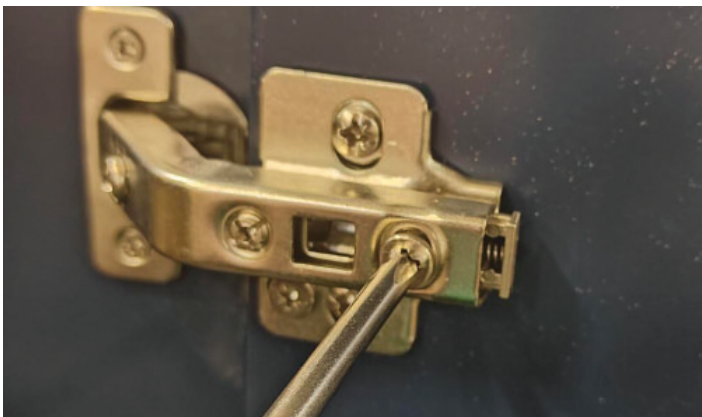
### Depth

Rotate the back screw for front to back door adjustment.

### Side to Side

Rotate front screw for horizontal door adjustment.

## EASY REACH DOOR TO DOOR ADJUSTMENT



### Side to Side

Rotate front screw for horizontal door adjustment.

### Depth

Rotate the back screw for front to back door adjustment.

“IMPORTANT HEALTH NOTICE.

SOME OF THE BUILDING MATERIALS USED IN THIS HOME (OR THESE BUILDING MATERIALS) EMIT FORMALDEHYDE. EYE, NOSE, AND THROAT IRRITATION, HEADACHE, NAUSEA AND A VARIETY OF ASTHMA-LIKE SYMPTOMS, INCLUDING SHORTNESS OF BREATH, HAVE BEEN REPORTED AS A RESULT OF FORMALDEHYDE EXPOSURE. ELDERLY PERSONS AND YOUNG CHILDREN, AS WELL AS ANYONE WITH A HISTORY OF ASTHMA, ALLERGIES, OR LUNG PROBLEMS, MAY BE AT GREATER RISK. RESEARCH IS CONTINUING ON THE POSSIBLE LONG-TERM EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE TO FORMALDEHYDE.

REDUCED VENTILATION MAY ALLOW FORMALDEHYDE AND OTHER CONTAMINANTS TO ACCUMULATE IN THE INDOOR AIR. HIGH INDOOR TEMPERATURES AND HUMIDITY RAISE FORMALDEHYDE LEVELS. WHEN A HOME IS TO BE LOCATED IN AREAS SUBJECT TO EXTREME SUMMER TEMPERATURES, AN AIR-CONDITIONING SYSTEM CAN BE USED TO CONTROL INDOOR TEMPERATURE LEVELS. OTHER MEANS OF CONTROLLED MECHANICAL VENTILATION CAN BE USED TO REDUCE LEVELS OF FORMALDEHYDE AND OTHER INDOOR AIR CONTAMINANTS.

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS REGARDING THE HEALTH EFFECTS OF FORMALDEHYDE, CONSULT YOUR DOCTOR OR LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT.”