

HOUSE BILL OF LADING
CGGMNPO2071211

SHIPPER HANGZHOU LUYAO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. HANGZHOU LUYAO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD. ROOM 604-3, YONG'AN BUILDING, NANYUAN STREET HANGZHOU,LINPING,ZHEJIANG,311199,CN		REFERENCE NO. HBL No for ISF/AMS CGGMNPO2071211	CARRIER BOOKING NO. MAEU267501551
		EXPORT REFERENCES	NUMBER OF ORIGINALS:
CONSIGNEE DALI FORTUNE TRADE CO., LIMITED C/O CASTLEGATE LOGISTICS INC 48 STATION RD, ROAD CRANBURY WAREHOUSE CRANBURY, NJ 08512		FORWARDING AGENT - REFERENCES	
		POINT AND COUNTRY OF ORIGIN NINGBO,CHINA	
NOTIFY PARTY MAERSK CUSTOMS SERVICES USA INC 1501 SOUTH CLINTON STREET SUITE 210 BALTIMORE MARYLAND 21224 UNITED STATES PHONE: 410-230-0373 EMAIL: WAYFAIR.MCSI.NAM@LNS.MAERSK.COM		ALSO NOTIFY OUTING INSTRUCTIONS	
PIER	PLACE OF RECEIPT NINGBO,CHINA	RELEASE AGENT	
VESSEL AND VOYAGE NHAVA SHEVA EXPRESS 615E	PORT OF LOADING NINGBO,CHINA		
PORT OF DISCHARGE NEWARK,NEW JERSEY,USA	PORT OF DELIVERY CRANBURY,NEW JERSEY,USA		

Marks & Nos / Container	Container Size	Description of Cargo	Gross Weight	Measurement	Number Of Packages
	SERVICE TYPE CFS/CY	See Attachment	1289.6 KGS	7.903 CBM	179 CARTONS

SHIPPER DECLARED VALUE \$ _____
 See clause 7 on the reverse side
 If shippers enter a value, carrier's package of limitation of liability does not apply and the ad valorem rate will be charged.No value shall be deemed declared unless specifically approved in writing by the carrier or his agent on the face of this B/L and extra freight actually paid.

Received by the carrier in apparent good order and condition unless otherwise indicated hereon,the container(s) and/or goods hereinafter mentioned to be transported and/or otherwise forwarded from the Place of Receipt to the intended Place of Delivery upon and subject to all terms and conditions appearing on the back of this Bill of Lading. If required by the carrier,this Bill of Lading duly endorsed must be surrendered in exchange for the Goods or Delivery Order.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF THE CARRIER BY ITS AGENT HAS SIGNED THE NUMBER OF ORIGINAL STATED ABOVE BILLS OF LADING ALL OF THE SAME TENOR AND DATE, ONE OF WHICH BEING ACCOMP LISHED THE OTHERS TO STAND VOID

BASE	PREPAID	COLLECT		
		TELEX RELEASE Signed for the Carrier, Castle Gate BY: MAERSK LOGISTICS & SERVICE CHINA LIMITED as agent of the Carrier AT: NINGBO AS AGENT FOR CARRIER 		
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Date of Issue 07-05-2026</td> <td>Shipped on board date: 13-Apr-26</td> </tr> </table>	Date of Issue 07-05-2026	Shipped on board date: 13-Apr-26
Date of Issue 07-05-2026	Shipped on board date: 13-Apr-26			

CONTINUATION PAGE

HOUSE BILL OF LADING - CGGMNPO2071211

Page 2

ALSO NOTIFY	ALSO NOTIFY	ALSO NOTIFY
-------------	-------------	-------------

Marks & Nos / Container	Container Size	Description of Cargo	Gross Weight	Measurement	Number Of Packages
N/M		RUG HTS CODE: 630140 PVC MAT HTS CODE: 630210 ACI SPO: WHS-82169-42840335	1289.6 KGS	7.903 CBM	179 CARTONS
MSKU1607904 / CN6263290	40HIGH	ACN SPO WHS-82169-43038518 ***** End of HBL *****	1289.6	7.903	179

Combined Transport Bill of Lading Terms & Conditions

Notwithstanding the heading "Combined Transport Bill of Lading," the provisions set out and referred to in this document shall also apply if the transport as described on the face of the Bill of Lading is performed by one mode of transport only. These provisions constitute a contract between Merchant and Carrier.

However, Carrier shall not, in any case, be liable for an amount greater than the actual loss to the person entitled to make the claim. Carrier shall have the option of replacing lost goods or repairing damaged goods. Where a container is stuffed by Shipper or on its behalf, and the container is sealed when received by Carrier

as to fees, rates of duty, freight charges, insurance premiums or other charges given by Carrier to Merchant are for informational purposes only and are subject to change without notice and shall not under any circumstances be binding upon Carrier unless Carrier in writing specifically undertakes the handling of transportation of the shipment at a specific rate and that rate is filed in

(1) CLAIMS PARAMOUNT:

All cargo under this Bill of Lading to or from the United States shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States, 46 U.S.C. sections 1300-1315 (hereinafter, "COGSA"). All carriage to and from other States shall be governed by the law of any state making the Hague Rules or Hague-Visby Rules compulsorily applicable to this Bill of Lading or of there be no such law, in accordance with the Hague Rules. The provision of applicable law set forth above shall apply to carriage of goods by inland waterways and reference to carriage by sea in such Rules or legislation shall be deemed to include reference to inland waterways.

Except as may be otherwise specifically provided herein, and until such time as the goods are loaded on and after they are discharged from the vessel where the goods are carried on deck or under deck and throughout the entire time the goods are in the custody of the carrier.

(2) DEFINITIONS:

2.1 "Ship" means the vessel named in this Bill of Lading and/or any conveyance owned, chartered, towed or operated by Carrier or used by Carrier for the performance of this contract.

2.2 "Carrier" means CastlesGate Logistics Inc., in whose behalf this Bill of Lading has been signed.

2.3 "Merchant" includes the Shipper, the Receiver, the Consignor, the Consignee, the Holder of this Bill of Lading and any person having a present or future interest in the Goods or any person acting on behalf of any of the above-mentioned persons.

2.4 "Package" is the largest individual unit of partially or completely covered or contained cargo made up by or for the Shipper which is delivered and entrusted to Carrier, including palletized units and such container stuffed and sealed by the Shipper or on its behalf, although the Shipper may have furnished a description of the contents of such sealed container on this bill of lading.

2.5 "Container" includes any container, trailer, transportable tank, lift van, flat, pallet, or any other article of transport used to consolidate goods.

2.6 "Carrier's container or carrier's equipment" includes containers or equipment owned, leased or used by Carrier in the transportation of Merchant's goods.

2.7 "Cargo" means the cargo described on the face of this Bill of Lading and, if the cargo is packed into container(s) supplied or furnished by or on behalf of the Merchant, includes the container(s) as well.

(3) SURRENDERING CONTRACT:

Carrier shall be entitled to subcontract directly or indirectly on any terms the whole or any part of the handling, storage, or carriage of the goods and all duties undertaken by Carrier in relation to the goods. Every servant, agent, subcontractor (including sub-subcontractors), or other person whose services have been used to perform this contract shall be entitled to the rights, exemptions, limits, or limitations of liability, defenses and remedies set forth herein. For these purposes, Carrier shall be deemed to be acting as an trustee for such servants, agents, subcontractors, or other persons who shall be deemed to be parties to this contract.

(4) ROUTE OF TRANSPORT:

Carrier is entitled to perform the transport in any reasonable manner and by any reasonable means, methods and routes. The Ship shall have the liberty, either with or without the goods on board, to at any time, adjust navigational instructions, make vital trips, dry dock, go to repair yards, shift berths, take in fuel or stores, embark or disembark any persons, carry contraband and hazardous goods, and with or without pilots and have or attempt to save life or property. Delays resulting from such activities shall not be deemed a deviation.

(5) HINDRANCES AFFECTING PERFORMANCE:

5.1 Carrier shall use reasonable endeavors to complete transport and to deliver the goods at the place designated for delivery. 5.2 If at any time the performance of this contract as evidenced by this Bill of Lading in the opinion of Carrier is or will be affected by any hindrance, risk, delay, injury, difficulty or disadvantage of any kind, including strike, and, if any view of the above it has been deemed or is likely to result in a very unusual, impracticable, unforeseen, or against the interest of Carrier to complete the performance of the contract, Carrier, whether or not the transport is commenced, may without notice to Merchant elect to: (a) treat the performance of this contract as terminated and place the goods at Merchant's disposal at any place Carrier shall deem safe and convenient, or (b) deliver the goods at the place of delivery.

In any event, Carrier shall be entitled to, and Merchant shall pay, full freight for any goods received for transportation and additional compensation for extra costs and expenses resulting from the circumstances referred to above. 5.3 If, after storage, discharge, or any actions according to sub-part 5.2 above Carrier makes arrangements to store and/or forward the goods, it is agreed that he shall do so only as agent and at the sole risk and expense of Merchant and without any liability whatsoever in respect of such agency.

5.4 Carrier, in addition to all other liabilities provided for in this Article, shall have liberty to comply with orders, directions, regulations or suggestions as to navigation or the carriage or handling of the goods of the ship whenever given, by any actual or purporting government or public authority, or by any committee or person having under the terms of any insurance on the Ship, the right to give such orders, directions, regulation, or suggestions. If by reason of and/or in compliance with any such order, direction, regulation, or suggestions, anything is done or is not done the same shall be deemed to be included within the contract of carriage and shall not be a deviation.

(6) BASIC LIABILITY:

6.1 Carrier shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods occurring between the time when it takes goods into its custody and the time of delivery but shall not be liable for any consequential or special damages arising from such loss or damage.

6.2 If it is established that the loss of or damage to the goods occurred during the carriage on board a ship owned by the United States, liability shall be governed by the legal rules applicable as provided in Section 1 of this Bill of Lading.

6.3 Notwithstanding Section 1 of this Bill of Lading, if the loss or damage occurred outside of the United States not during war carriage and it can be proved where the loss or damage occurred, the liability of Carrier in respect of such loss or damage shall be determined by the provisions contained in any international convention or national law, which provisions cannot be departed from by private contract to the detriment of Merchant, and would have applied if Merchant had made a separate and direct contract with Carrier in respect of the particular stage of transport where the loss or damage occurred and received evidence showing any particular document which must be issued in order to make such international convention or national law applicable.

6.4 If it cannot be determined when the loss of or damage to the goods occurred, liability shall be governed as provided in Section 6.2 above.

6.5 Carrier does not undertake that the goods shall be delivered at any particular time or for any particular market and shall not be liable for any direct or indirect losses caused by any delay.

6.6 Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising from:

(a) an act or omission of Merchant or person other than Carrier acting on behalf of Merchant

from whom Carrier took the goods in charge;

(b) compliance with the instructions of any person authorized to give them;

(c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by or on behalf of Merchant;

(d) inherent vice of the goods or concealed damage to or shortage of goods packed by Merchant;

(e) lack or insufficiency of or defective condition of packing in the case of goods, which by their nature are liable to wastage or damage when not packed or when not properly packed;

(f) insufficiency or inadequacy of marks or numbers on the goods, coverings or unit loads;

(g) fire, unless caused by actual fault or privity of Carrier;

(h) any cause or event which Carrier cannot avoid and the consequences of which he could not prevent by the exercise of due diligence.

6.7 When Carrier pays claims to Merchant, Carrier shall automatically be subrogated to all the rights of Merchant against all others, including third parties, in connection with, or account of the losses or damages to which such claims are paid.

6.8 The defenses and limits of liability provided for in this Bill of Lading shall apply to any action or claim against Carrier relating to the goods, or the receipt, transportation, storage or delivery thereof, whether the action be founded on contract, tort or otherwise.

(7) COMPENSATION FOR LOSS AND DAMAGE:

7.1 Unless otherwise mandated by compulsorily applicable law, Carrier's liability for compensation for loss of or damage to goods shall be in no case exceed the amount of US\$200 per package or per customary freight unit, unless Merchant, with the consent of Carrier, has declared a higher value for the goods in the space provided on the front of this Bill of Lading and paid extra freight per Carrier's tariff, in which case such higher value shall be the limit of Carrier's liability; partial loss or damage shall be adjusted pro rata on the basis of such declared value. Where a container is supplied by Shipper or on its behalf, and the container is sealed when received by Carrier for shipment, Carrier's liability will be limited to US\$500 with respect to the contents of each such container, except when the Shipper declares the value on the face hereof and pays additional charge on such declared value as stated in Carrier's tariff. The freight charged on sealed containers when the higher valuation is declared by the Shipper is based on a value of US\$200 per container.

for shipment. Carrier's liability will be limited to US\$500 with respect to the contents of each such container, except when the Shipper declares the value on the face hereof and pays additional charges on such declared value as stated in Carrier's tariff. The freight charged on sealed containers when no higher valuation is declared by the Shipper is based on a value of US\$500 per container. However, Carrier shall not, in any case, be liable for an amount greater than the actual loss to the person entitled to make the claim. Carrier shall have the option of replacing lost goods or replacing damaged goods.

7.2 In any case where Carrier's liability for compensation may exceed the amounts set forth in Section 7.1 above, compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the goods, according to their current market price, at the time and place they are delivered, or should have been delivered, in accordance with this contract. 7.3 If the value of the goods is less than US\$500 per package or per customary freight unit, their value for compensation purposes shall be deemed to be the invoice value, plus freight and insurance, if paid.

7.4 Carrier shall not be liable to any extent for any loss of or damage to or in connection with precious metals, stones, chemicals, jewelry, currency, negotiable instruments, securities, writings, documents, works of art, curios, heirlooms, or any other valuable goods, including goods packaged with special care by Merchant, unless the true nature and value of the goods have been declared in writing by Merchant before receipt of the goods by the Carrier or inland Carrier, the same is inserted on the face of this Bill of Lading and additional freight has been paid as required.

7.5 Carrier will not arrange for insurance on the goods except upon express instructions from the Consignor and then only at Consignor's expense and presentation of a declaration of value for insurance purposes prior to shipment.

(8) DESCRIPTION OF GOODS AND INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMS:

Carrier is responsible for transmitting information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection prior to lading of the Goods including, without limitation, precise commodity descriptions, numbers and quantities of the lowest external packaging unit, the shipper's complete name and address, the consignee's or the owner's or owner's representative's complete name and address, hazardous materials codes, and container seal numbers. For this, and other purposes, Carrier relies on information provided by Merchant in a timely fashion. Merchant warrants to Carrier that all particulars of the goods, including, without limitation, the precise descriptions, marks, number, quantity, weight, seal numbers, identities of shipper and consignee and hazardous materials codes furnished by Merchant are correct and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all claims, penalties, losses or damages arising from any inaccuracy.

(9) CARRIER'S OBLIGATIONS:

If goods are not received by Carrier already in containers, Carrier may pack them in any type container. Merchant shall be liable to Carrier for the Carrier's containers or equipment if such damage occurs while such equipment is in control of Merchant or at his agents. Carrier may indemnify Carrier for any damage or injury to persons or property caused by Carrier's containers or equipment during handling by or when in possession of the person in control of the goods or on the carrier or on the carrier's agent.

(10) CONTAINER PACKED BY MERCHANT:

If Carrier receives the goods already packed into containers:

10.1 This Bill of Lading is prima facie evidence of the receipt of the particular number of containers set forth, and that number only. Carrier accepts no responsibility with respect to the order and condition of the contents of the containers;

10.2 Merchant warrants that the storage and seals of the containers are safe and proper and suitable for handling and carriage and indemnifies Carrier for any injury, loss or damage caused by breach of this warranty.

10.3 Delivery shall be deemed as full and complete performance when the containers are delivered by Carrier with the seals intact; and

10.4 Carrier has the right but not the obligation to open and inspect the containers at any time without notice to Merchant, and expenses resulting from such inspections shall be borne by Merchant; and

10.5. Merchant shall inspect containers before stuffing them and the use of the containers shall be prima facie evidence of their being sound and suitable for use.

(11) DANGEROUS GOODS:

11.1 Merchant may not tender goods of a dangerous nature without written application to Carrier and Carrier's acceptance of the same. In the application, Merchant must identify the nature of the goods with reasonable specificity as well as the names and addresses of the shippers and consignees.

11.2 Merchant warrants that the storage and seals of the containers are safe and proper and suitable for handling and carriage and indemnifies Carrier for any injury, loss or damage caused by breach of this warranty.

11.3 If the goods subsequently, in the judgment of Carrier, become a danger to Carrier, the Ship, or other cargo, Carrier may dispose of the goods without compensation to Merchant and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier for any loss or expenses arising from such action.

(12) CARRIER'S OBLIGATIONS:

Carrier has the right to carry the goods in any container under deck or on deck. Carrier is not required to note "on deck stowage" on the face of this Bill of Lading and goods so carried shall constitute under deck stowage for all purposes, including General Average. Except as otherwise provided by any law applicable to this contract, if this Bill of Lading states that the cargo is stowed on deck, then Carrier shall not be liable for any non-delivery, misdelivery, delay or loss to goods carried on deck, whether or not caused by Carrier's negligence or the ship's unseaworthiness.

(13) SOLAS WEIGHT CERTIFICATION: Carrier acknowledges that it is required to provide verified weights obtained on calibrated, certified equipment of all cargo that is to be tendered to steamship lines. Shipper agrees that Carrier is entitled to rely on the accuracy of such weights and to counter-sign or endorse it as Carrier's own certified weight to the steamship line carrying the cargo. The Merchant agrees that it shall indemnify and hold the Carrier harmless from any and all claims, losses, penalties or other costs resulting from any incorrect or questionable verification of the weight provided by Merchant or its agent or contractor on which the Carrier relies.

(14) HEAVY LIFT:

14.1 Single packages with a weight exceeding 2,500 pounds gross not presented to Carrier in enclosed containers must be declared in writing by Merchant before receipt of the packages by Carrier. The weight of such packages must be clearly and durably marked on the outside of the package in letters and figures not less than two inches high.

14.2 If Merchant fails to comply with the above provisions, Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods, persons or property, and Merchant shall be liable for any loss of or damage to persons or property resulting from such failure and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of such failure.

14.3 Merchant agrees to comply with all laws or regulations concerning overweight containers and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of Merchant's failure to comply with such laws or regulations.

14.4 Carrier's responsibility shall cease when delivery has been made to Merchant, any person authorized by Merchant to receive the goods, or to any transporter or to any other person in accordance with the custom and usage of the port of discharge or place of delivery. If goods should remain in Carrier's custody after discharge from the ship and possession is not taken by Merchant, after notice, within the time allowed in Carrier's applicable tariff, the goods may be considered to have been delivered to Merchant or abandoned at Carrier's option, and may be disposed of or stored at Merchant's expense.

(15) NOTICE OF CLAIM: Written notice of claims for loss of or damage to goods occurring or presumed to have occurred while in the custody of Carrier must be given to Carrier at the port of discharge before or at the time of removal of the goods by one entitled to delivery. If such notice is not provided, removal shall be prima facie evidence of delivery by Carrier. If such loss or damage is not apparent, Carrier must be given written notice within 3 days of the delivery.

(16) FREIGHT AND CHARGES:

16.1 Freight may be calculated on the basis of the particulars of the goods furnished by Merchant, who shall be deemed to have guaranteed to Carrier the accuracy of the contents, weight, measure, or value as furnished by him at the time of receipt of the goods by the Carrier or inland Carrier, but Carrier for the purpose of ascertaining the actual particulars may at any time and at the risk and expense of Merchant open the container or package and examine contents, weight, measure, and value of the goods. In case of incorrect declaration of the contents, weight, measure and or value of the goods, Merchant shall be liable for and bound to pay to Carrier:

(a) the balance of freight between the freight charged and that which would have been due had the correct details been given, plus (b) expenses incurred in determining the correct details, plus (c) as liquidated and ascertained damages, an additional sum equal to the correct freight. Quotations

Carrier's tariff.

17.2 Freight shall be deemed earned on receipt of goods by Carrier, the goods lost or not lost, whether the freight is intended to be prepaid or collected at destination. Payment shall be in full and in cash without any offset, counterclaim, or deduction, in the currency named in this Bill of Lading, or another currency at Carrier's option. Interest at 2% per month shall run from the date when freight and charges are due. Payment of freight charges to a freight forwarder, broker or anyone other than directly to Carrier shall not be deemed payment to the Carrier. Merchant shall remain liable for all charges hereunder notwithstanding any extension of credit to the freight forwarder or broker by Carrier. Full freight shall be paid on damaged or unsound goods.

17.3 Merchant shall be liable for all duties, fees, duties, fines, taxes and charges, including consular fees, levied on the goods. Merchant shall be liable for return freight and charges on the goods if they are refused export or import by any government. Merchant shall be liable for all demurrage, detention or other charges imposed on the goods or their containers by third parties.

17.4 The Shipper, consignee, holder hereof, and owner of the goods, and their principals, shall be jointly and severally liable to Carrier for the payment of all freight and charges, including advances and claim, in any referral for collection or action for monies due to Carrier, upon recovery by Carrier, pay the expenses of collection and litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

This provision shall apply regardless of whether the front of this bill of lading has been marked "prepaid" or "freight prepaid" so long as freight and charges remain unpaid.

17.5 The Shipper, consignee, holder hereof, and owner of the goods, and their principals, shall jointly and severally indemnify Carrier for all claims, fines, penalties, damages, costs and other amounts which may be incurred or imposed upon Carrier by reason of any breach of any of the provisions of this Bill of Lading or of any statutory or regulatory requirements.

(18) LEN:

Carrier shall have a lien on any and all property (and documents relating thereto) of Merchant in its actual or constructive possession, custody or control or en route, which lien shall survive delivery, for all claims for charges, expenses or advances incurred by Carrier in connection with this shipment, or any previous shipment, of Merchant, or both, which lien shall survive delivery, and if such claim remains unsatisfied for 30 days after demand for its payment is made, Merchant shall act at public auction or private sale, upon 10 days written notice, registered mail to Merchant, the goods, wares and/or merchandise or so much as may be necessary to satisfy such lien and the costs of recovery, and apply the net proceeds of such sale to the payment of the amount due Carrier. Any surplus from such sale shall be transmitted to Merchant, and Merchant shall be liable for any deficiency in the sale.

(19) TIME BARR:

Carrier shall be discharged from all liability for loss of or damage to goods unless suit is brought within one (1) year after delivery of the goods or the date when the goods should have been delivered. Suit shall not be deemed brought against Carrier until jurisdiction shall have been obtained over Carrier by service of summons. The time bar for the personal jurisdiction of the forum having jurisdiction over their disputes under this clause. Except as otherwise provided in this Bill of Lading, the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, United States shall apply.

(20) JURISDICTION:

The courts of Massachusetts, United States shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any dispute arising from the carriage evidenced by this Bill of Lading. Merchant and Carrier agree to the personal jurisdiction of the forum having jurisdiction over their disputes under this clause. Except as otherwise provided in this Bill of Lading, the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, United States shall apply.

(21) GENERAL AVERAGE:

21.1 General Average shall be adjusted at New York, or any other port at Carrier's option, according to the York-Antwerp Rules of 1984. The General Average statement shall be prepared by adjusters appointed by Carrier.

21.2 In the event of a disaster, danger or disaster after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for the consequence of which Carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, Merchant shall contribute with Carrier in General Average to the payment of any sacrifice, loss or expense of a General Average.

21.3 Delivery shall be deemed as full and complete performance when the containers are delivered by Carrier with the seals intact; and

21.4 Carrier has the right but not the obligation to open and inspect the containers at any time without notice to Merchant, and expenses resulting from such inspections shall be borne by Merchant; and

21.5. Merchant shall inspect containers before stuffing them and the use of the containers shall be prima facie evidence of their being sound and suitable for use.

(22) BLAME COLLISION CLAUSE:

If the ship comes into collision with another vessel as a result of negligence of the other vessel and any negligence or fault on the part of Carrier or its servants or subcontractors, Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners, insofar as such loss or liability represents loss of, or damage to, or any claim whatsoever of Merchant paid or payable by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners to Merchant and set-off, recouped or recovered by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners as part of their claim against the carrying ship or her owner. This provision shall apply as well where the owners, operators or those in charge of any ship or ships or objects other than, or in addition to, the colliding ships or objects are at fault with respect to a collision or contact.

(23) FORCE MAJEURE:

Carrier shall not be liable for losses, damages, delays, wrongful or mislabeled deliveries or nonperformance, in whole or in part, of its responsibilities under the Agreement, resulting from circumstances beyond the control of either Company or its sub-contractors, including but not limited to: (i) acts of God, including flood, earthquake, tsunami, storm, hurricane, power failure, epidemic or other severe health crisis, or other natural disaster; (ii) war, hacking, robbery, theft or terrorist activities; (iii) incidents or deteriorations to means of transportation; (iv) embargoes; (v) civil commotions or riots; (vi) defects, nature or inherent vice of the goods; (vii) acts, breaches of contract or omission by Carrier, Shipper, Consignee or anyone else who may have an interest in the shipment; (viii) acts by any government or any agency or subdivision thereof, including denial or cancellation of any import/export or other necessary license; or (ix) strikes, lockouts or other labor conflicts. In such event, Company reserves the right to amend any tariff or negotiated freight or logistics rates, on one day's notice, as necessary to provide the requested service.

(24) CARRIER'S TARIFFS:

The goods carried under this Bill of Lading are also subject to all the terms and conditions of (tariffs) published pursuant to the regulations of the United States Federal Maritime Commission or any other regulatory agency which governs a particular portion of the carriage and the terms are incorporated herein as part of the terms and conditions of this Bill of Lading. Copies of Carrier's tariffs may be obtained from Carrier or its agents or from www.dpsusa.com. Carrier may enter into Negotiated Rate Arrangements with Merchant in lieu of publishing the applicable rates and charges for services provided in its rate tariff.

(25) PERISHABLE CARGO:

25.1 Goods of a perishable nature shall be carried in ordinary containers without special protection, services or other measures unless there is noted on the reverse side of this Bill of Lading that the goods will be carried in a refrigerated, heated, electrically ventilated or otherwise specially equipped container or are to receive special attention in any way. Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to goods in a special hold or container arising from latent defects, breakdown, or stoppage of the refrigeration, ventilation or heating machinery, insulation,

ship's plant, or other such apparatus of the vessel or container, provided that Carrier shall before or at the beginning of the transport exercise due diligence to maintain the special hold or container in an efficient state.

25.2 Merchant undertakes not to tender for transportation any goods that require refrigeration without given written notice of their nature and the required temperature setting of the thermostatic controls before receipt of the goods by Carrier. In case of refrigerated containers packed by or on behalf of Merchant, Merchant warrants that the goods have been properly stowed in the container and that the thermostatic controls have been adequately set before receipt of the goods by Carrier.

25.3 Merchant's attention is drawn to the fact that refrigerated containers are not designed to freeze down cargo which has not been pre-frozen for stuffing at or below its designated carrying temperature. Carrier shall not be responsible for the consequences of cargo tendered at a higher temperature than that required for the transportation.

25.4 If the above requirements are not complied with, Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods whatsoever.

(26) SEVERABILITY:

The terms of this Bill of Lading shall be severable, and, if any part or term hereof shall be held invalid, such holding shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other part or term hereof.

(27) VARIATION OF THE CONTRACT:

This contract supersedes all prior agreement between the parties with respect to its subject matter. No servant or agent of Carrier shall have power to waive or vary any of the terms hereof unless such variation is in writing and is specifically authorized or ratified in writing by Carrier.