

Use & Care Guide

Thank you for purchasing this outdoor table. It has been manufactured to the highest standards of safety and quality.

The instructions apply to patio tables made from MgO (Magnesium Oxide) or Cement material.

Tip: We recommend wiping the table with a damp paper towel or soft cloth before using it. New tables may often have residue from production.

Use Instructions for your Patio Table:

- We recommend placing the table in a covered area to extend its longevity.
- Do not leave the table in standing water or snow. This may cause damage to the base of the table.
- During extreme winter conditions, we recommend covering your table with a waterproof tarp or moving your table to a sheltered, dry location to help prevent damage.

Outdoor environmental factors: The outdoor environment is complex and changeable. If the side table is exposed to sunlight for long, ultraviolet rays will make the coating brittle and aged. Temperature changes will lead to different degrees of thermal expansion and contraction of the coating and the structure, which will cause internal stress of the coating and accelerate peeling and flaking. Rain and high humidity will also cause erosion and damage to the coating.

Mechanical wear: In daily use, the table may be scratched and bumped, and these mechanical external forces will cause local damage to the coating, which may cause flaking.

Care Instructions for your Patio Table:

Regular cleaning: Wipe the table every once in a while with a mild cleaner and a soft, damp cloth to remove dust, stains, etc., from the surface and avoid scratching the coating with rough cleaning tools.

Avoid direct sunlight: The table can be placed in an area with shade or covered with a shade cloth during the hot summer months to reduce UV damage to the coating.

Prevent scratching and bumping: Use caution when moving the table to avoid contact with sharp or hard objects to prevent scratching or knocking off the coating.

Proper coating maintenance: Depending on the type of coating, choose the right maintenance agent for regular maintenance. For example, if it is a lacquer coating, furniture wax can be applied regularly to increase the gloss and wear resistance of the coating.

Repair damage promptly: As soon as a small break or peeling of the coating is found, repair it promptly to prevent the damage from expanding. Repair can be done using paint similar in color to the original coat.

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Repair Steps:

- ① Gently remove the peeling layer or loose old paint on the surface with a scraper.
- ② Smooth it out with sandpaper of about 180 grit and clean it thoroughly.
- ③ Find a paint of a similar color. If it is a paste-type paint, mix it evenly with thinner. Apply it with a 1-inch width brush (or spray paint) on the already smoothed surface. You can apply it multiple times to make it more uniform and prevent color differences at the interface. It is recommended that the entire surface be re-painted. (For example, 150 grams of paste-type paint mixed with thinner can cover an area of about 1 square meter.)