

Ambient Weather WS-5000 Wi-Fi Ultrasonic Solar Powered Wireless Weather Station User Manual



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1. Introduction

Thank you for your purchase of the Ambient Weather WS-5000 Wi-Fi Ultrasonic Solar Powered Wireless Weather Station. The following user guide provides step by step instructions for installation, operation and troubleshooting. To download the latest manual and additional troubleshooting tips, please visit:

<https://help.ambientweather.net/product/ws-5000/>

2. Warnings and Cautions

Warning: Any metal object may attract a lightning strike, including your weather station mounting pole. Never install the weather station in a storm.

Warning: If you are mounting the weather station to a house or structure, consult a licensed electrician for proper grounding. A direct lightning strike to a metal pole can damage or destroy your home.

Warning: Installing your weather station in a high location may result in injury or death. Perform as much of the initial check out and operation on the ground and inside a building or home. Only install the weather station on a clear, dry, day.

3. Quick Start Guide

Although the manual is comprehensive, much of the information contained may be intuitive. In addition, the manual does not flow properly because the sections are organized by components.

The following Quick Start Guide provides the necessary steps to install and operate the weather station, and upload to the internet, along with references to the pertinent sections.

| Step | Description | Section |
|-------------------------|---|---------|
| Power Up | | |
| 1 | Assemble and power up the ultrasonic sensor array | 5.3 |
| 2 | Assemble and power up the rain gauge | 5.4 |
| 3 | Power up the indoor thermo-hygrometer-barometer | 5.5 |
| 4 | Power up the display tablet and synchronize with sensors | 0 |
| Mounting | | |
| 5 | Mount the sensor array | 5.3.2 |
| 6 | Mount the rain gauge | 5.4.2 |
| Console Settings | | |
| 7 | Set date and time on tablet | 6.7.1 |
| 8 | Calibrate the relative pressure to sea-level conditions (local airport) on tablet | 6.9 |
| 9 | Reset the rain to zero on tablet | 6.9 |
| Wi-Fi Settings | | |
| 10 | Configure Wi-Fi | 6.7.16 |
| 11 | Register and upload to Weather Servers | 6.7.15 |

4. Pre-Installation Checkout and Site Survey

4.1 Pre Installation Checkout

Before installing your weather station in the permanent location, we recommend operating the weather station for one week in a temporary location with easy access. This will allow you to check out all the functions, ensure proper operation and familiarize you with the weather station and calibration procedures.

4.2 Site Survey

Perform a site survey before installing the weather station. Consider the following:

1. You must clean the rain gauge every few months and change the batteries every 2-3 years. Provide easy access to the rain gauge and sensor array.
2. Avoid radiant heat transfer from buildings and structures. In general, install the sensor array at least 5' from

- any building, structure, ground, or roof top.
- Avoid wind and rain obstructions. The rule of thumb is to install the sensor array at least four times the distance of the height of the tallest obstruction. For example, if the building is 20' tall and the mounting pole is 6' tall, install the sensor array $4 \times (20 - 6)' = 56'$ away.
 - Mount the sensor array in direct sunlight for accurate temperature readings.
 - Installing the weather station over sprinkler systems or other unnatural vegetation may affect temperature and humidity readings. We suggest mounting the sensor array over natural vegetation.
 - Wireless Range. Radio communication between receiver and transmitter in an open field can reach up to 1,000 feet, providing there are no interfering obstacles such as buildings, trees, vehicles and high voltage lines. Wireless signals will not penetrate metal buildings. Under most conditions, the maximum wireless range is 300'.
 - Radio Interference. Computers, radios, televisions and other sources can interfere with radio communications between the sensor array and tablet. Please take this into consideration when choosing tablet or mounting locations. Make sure your display tablet is at least five feet away from any electronic device to avoid interference.
 - Visit Ambient Weather Mounting Solutions for assistance and ideas for mounting your weather station:

<http://www.ambientweather.com/amwemoso.html>

5. Getting Started

The Ambient Weather WS-5000 Ultrasonic Wi-Fi Personal Weather Station consists of one indoor display tablet (RF receiver + Wi-Fi transmitter), one ultrasonic sensor array, one rain gauge, one indoor thermo-hygrometer barometer, and one user manual:

5.1 Parts List

| QTY | Item |
|--|---|
| Display Tablet (Item WS-2000-C) | |
| 1 | Display Tablet |
| 1 | AC adapter |
| Ultrasonic Sensor Array Assembly (Item WS-5000-ARRAY) | |
| 1 | Ultrasonic sensor array with built-in: thermo-hygrometer / wind speed sensor/ wind direction sensor, light and UV sensor, solar panel |
| 1 | Mounting arm |
| 1 | Sensor array plastic mounting bracket |
| 1 | Mounting screw for connecting sensor array to the mounting pole |
| 4 | Threaded nuts for U-Bolts (M5 size) |
| 4 | Sensor array lock washers for threaded nuts |
| 2 | Sensor array metal mounting plate to be used with U-Bolts |
| 1 | Metal wrench for M5 U-Bolts, nuts and washers |
| Thermo-Hygrometer-Barometer (Item WH32B) | |
| 1 | Thermo-hygrometer-barometer transmitter |
| 1 | Mounting screw |
| 1 | Zip tie for non-surface mounting |
| WS-5000-RAIN | |
| 1 | Rain Gauge |
| 4 | Threaded nuts for U-Bolts (M5 size) |
| 2 | Sensor array metal mounting plate to be used with U-Bolts |
| 1 | Metal wrench for M5 U-Bolts, nuts and washers |
| 1 | Funnel coil filter |
| User manual | |

Note: Batteries are not included. We recommend Alkaline (which operate to 4 °F) or Lithium batteries (for operation to -40 °F) are recommended.

Note: AC adapter is included. The adapter is a switching-type adapter and can generate a small amount of electrical interference with the RF reception in the tablet, when placed too close to the tablet. Please keep the tablet display at least 2 ft. or 0.5 m away from the power adapter to ensure best RF reception from the outdoor sensor package.

5.2 Recommend Tools

- Precision screwdriver (for small Phillips screw connecting sensor array to the pole).
- Compass or GPS (for wind direction calibration).

5.3 Sensor Array Set Up

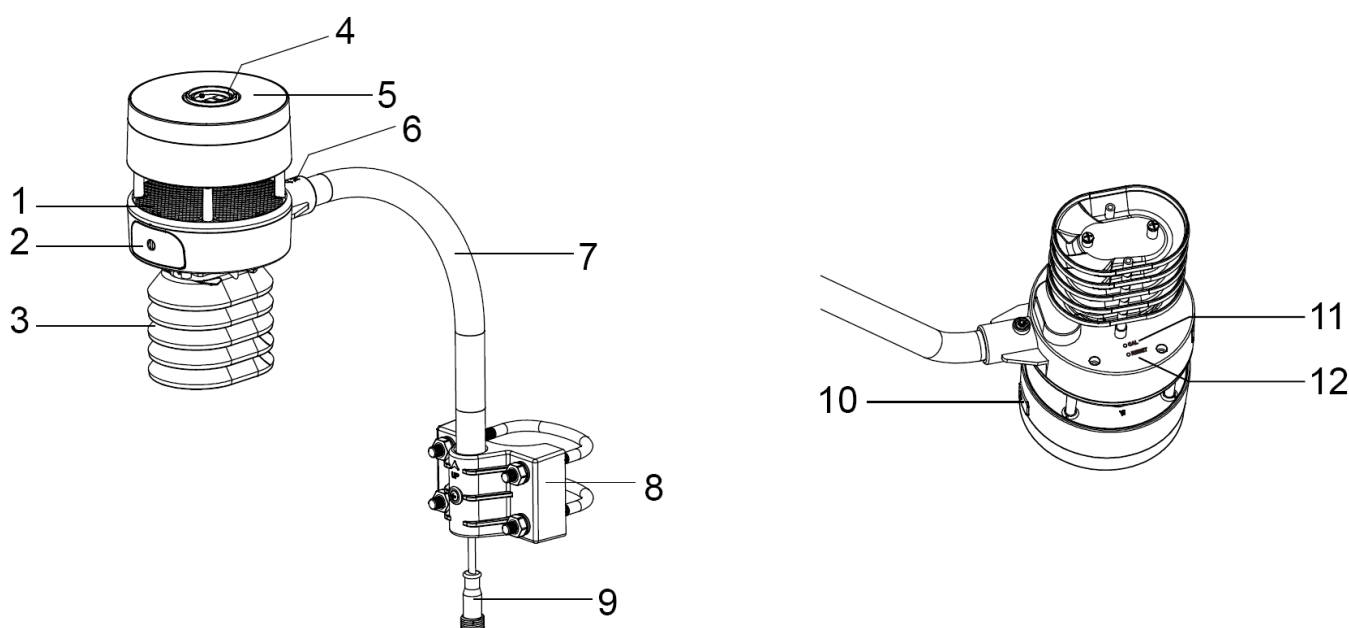


Figure 1

| No | Description | No | Description |
|----|--|----|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | Sonic wind sensor (wind speed and direction) | 7 | Mounting arm |
| 2 | Battery compartment | 8 | Mounting U-Bolt and bracket. |
| 3 | Temperature and humidity sensor | 9 | Heater cable |
| 4 | Light sensor, LED indicator | 10 | USB port (factory use only) |
| 5 | Solar collector | 11 | Calibration button (factory use only) |
| 6 | North alignment marker | 12 | Reset button |

5.3.1 Install the Batteries in the Sensor Array

Insert 2 x AA batteries into the battery compartment. Alkaline (> 4 °F) or Lithium batteries for cold weather climates (> -40 °F) are recommended.

The LED indicator on the top of the sensor array will turn on for 3 seconds and flash once every 4.75 seconds (the sensor transmission update period).

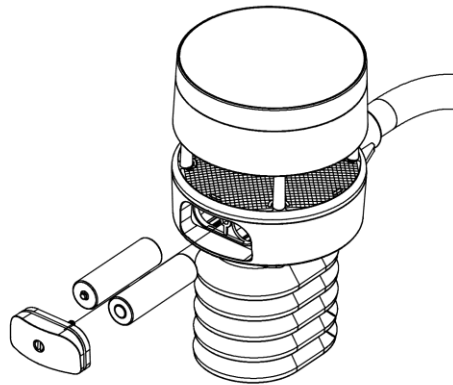


Figure 2

If the LED does not light up or flash, make sure the battery polarity is correct. Press the reset button.

5.3.2 Sensor Array Mounting

Install the sensor array plastic mounting bracket to your 1" to 2" diameter pole, as shown in Figure 3.

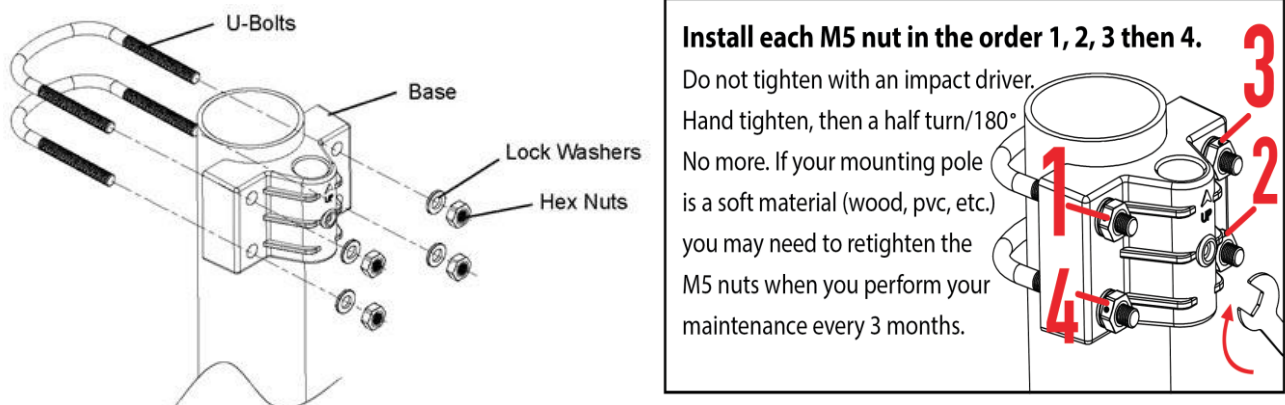


Figure 3

If the optional ultrasonic heater was purchased, and the heater cable is required, untie and snake the heater cable through the mounting arm, as shown in Figure 4.

1. Install each M5 nut in the order above. 1, 2, 3 then 4.
2. Do not tighten with an impact driver. Hand tighten, then a half turn / 180 degrees. No more.
3. If your mounting pole is a soft material (wood, pvc, etc.) you may need to retighten the M5 nuts when you perform your maintenance every 3 months.

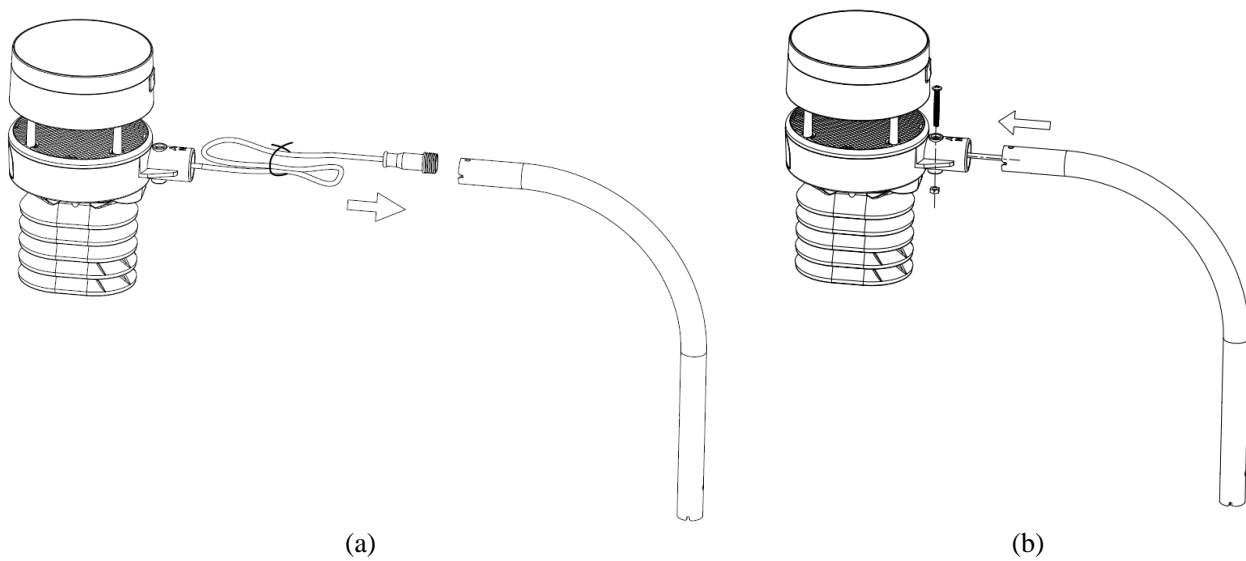


Figure 4

Attach the mounting arm to the sensor array, as shown in Figure 5.

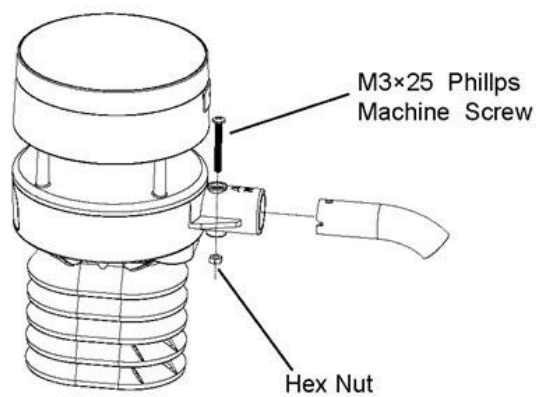


Figure 5

Pass the heater cable through the mounting bracket, as shown in Figure 6.

Insert the arm into the base. Align the hole in the base with the hole in the mounting arm and inset the machine screw.

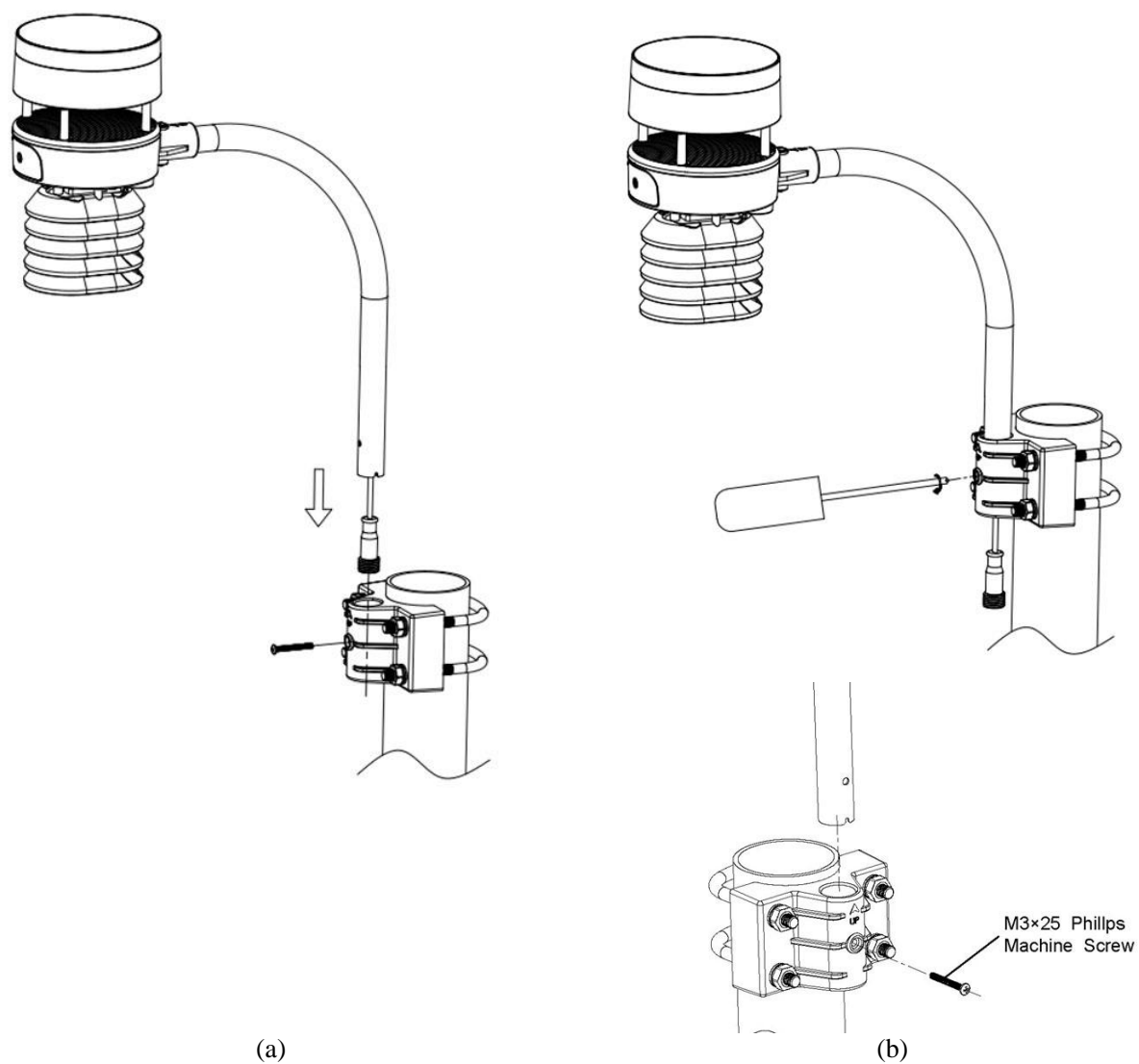


Figure 6

If the optional ultrasonic heater is used, connect the heater cable to the heater, and connect to AC power.

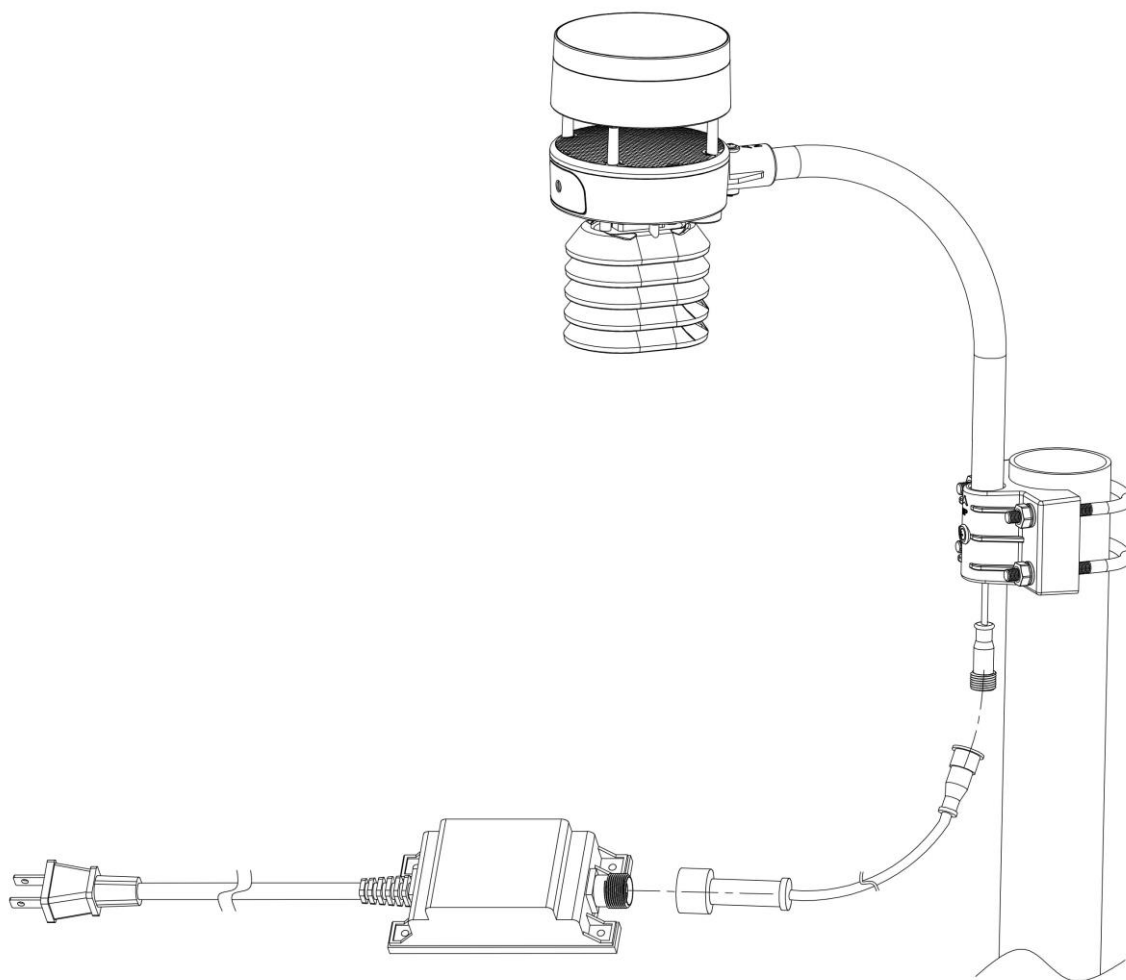


Figure 7

Locate the North marker on the base of the sensor array, as shown in Figure 8. Point this marker in the direction of North, according to your GPS or compass.

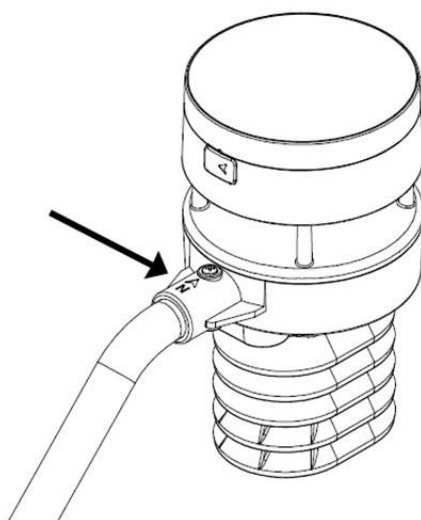


Figure 8

5.4 Rain Gauge Setup

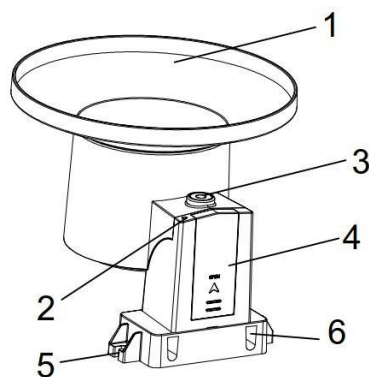


Figure 9

| No | Description | No | Description |
|----|---------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 1 | Rain collector and funnel | 4 | Battery door |
| 2 | LED indicator | 5 | Screw hole |
| 3 | Bubble level | 6 | U-Bolt installation hole |

5.4.1 Install the Batteries in the Rain Gauge

Insert 1 x AA battery into the battery compartment. Alkaline ($> 4^{\circ}\text{F}$) or Lithium batteries for cold weather climates ($> -40^{\circ}\text{F}$) are recommended.

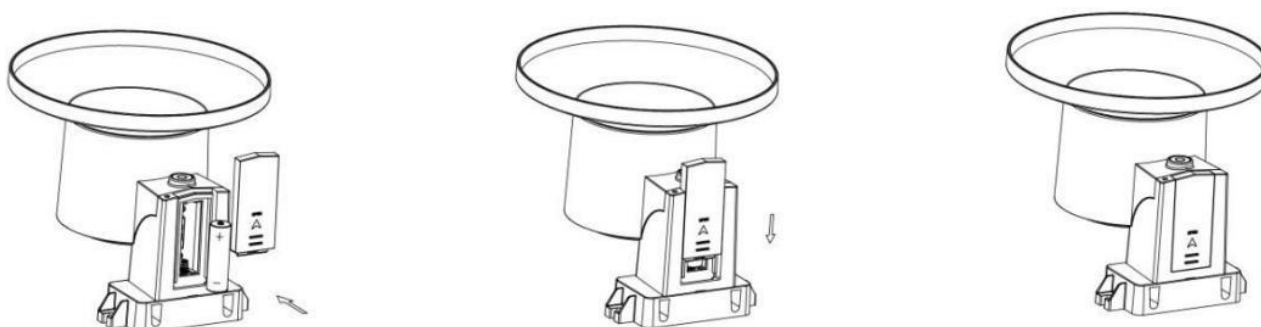


Figure 10

The LED indicator on the top of the rain gauge will turn on for 3 seconds and flash once every 49 seconds (the sensor transmission update period).

If the LED does not light up or flash, make sure the battery polarity is correct. Press the reset button.

5.4.2 Rain Gauge Mounting

Install the sensor array plastic mounting bracket to your 1" to 2" diameter pole, as shown in Figure 11

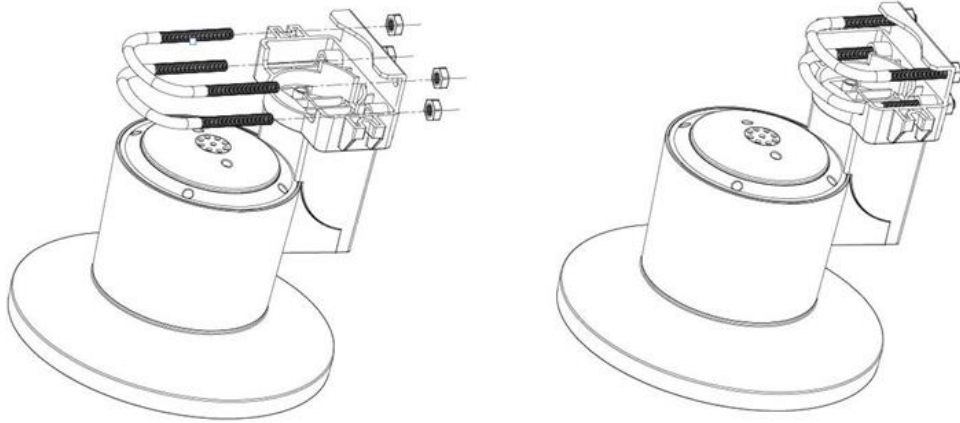


Figure 11

To mount to a wooden post or flat surface, use the two included mounting screws, as shown in Figure 12.

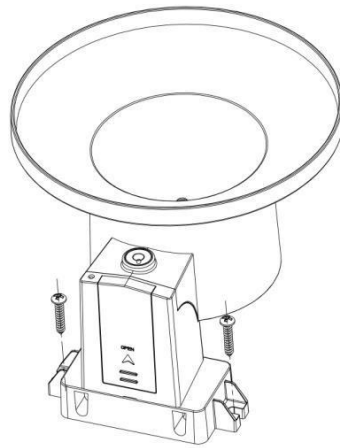



Figure 12

Use the bubble level next to the rain sensor to make sure the sensor array is completely level.

 **Note:** If you cannot read the bubble level due to mounting constraints, place straddle a line or ruler level across the top of the rain gauge for easier viewing.

5.4.3 Install the Funnel Coil Filter

To install the funnel coil filter, press the coil until the hook is inside the hole at the bottom of the funnel, and locked in place. The spring tension will keep the filter sit tight on the funnel.

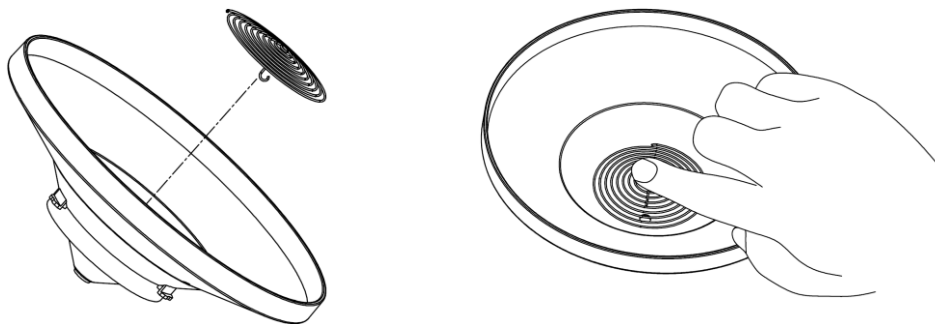


Figure 13

5.5 Indoor Thermo-Hygrometer-Barometer Transmitter

Remove the battery door on the back of the sensor, as shown in Figure 14.

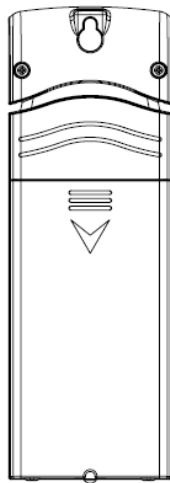


Figure 14

1. Insert two AA batteries.
2. After inserting the batteries, the remote sensor will display temperature, humidity and barometric pressure on the display, as shown in Figure 15.

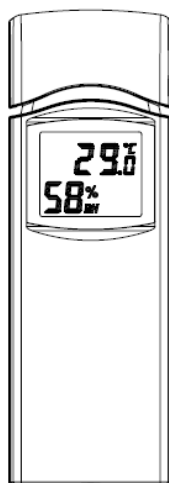









Figure 15

5.6 Optional Sensors

The WS-5000 supports the following optional sensors:

| Item Number | Number of Channels | Description | Image |
|-------------|--------------------|--|---|
| PM25 | 1 | PM2.5 Wireless Outdoor Particulate Monitor |  |
| PM25IN | 1 | PM2.5 Wireless Indoor Particulate Monitor |  |
| WH31E | 8* | Thermo-Hygrometer Sensor |  |
| WH31SM | 8 | Soil Moisture Sensor |  |
| WH31L | 1 | Lightning Detector |  |
| WH31LA | 4 | Leak Detector |  |
| WH31P | 8* | Probed Thermometer |  |

(*) The WH31E and WH31P share the same 8-channels.

Figure 16

5.7 8-channel Indoor/Outdoor Thermo-Hygrometer (optional)

The WS-5000 supports up to 8 additional thermo-hygrometer sensors (WH31), which can be viewed on the display tablet and Internet.



Note: Do not use rechargeable batteries. We recommend fresh alkaline batteries for outdoor temperature ranges between -4 °F and 140 °F and fresh lithium batteries for outdoor temperature ranges between -40 °F and 140 °F.

1. Remove the battery door on the back of the transmitter(s) by sliding down the battery door, as shown in Figure 17.

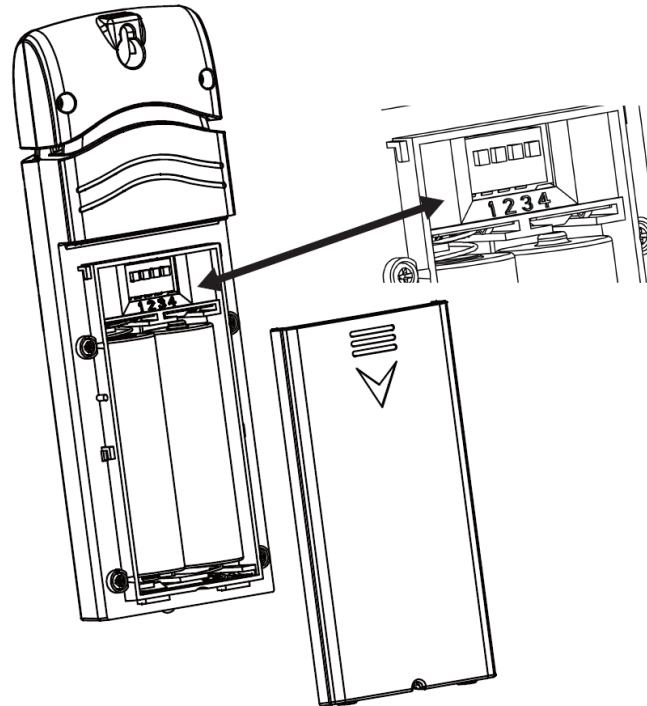


Figure 17

2. **BEFORE** inserting the batteries, locate the dip switches on the inside cover of the lid of the transmitter.
3. **Channel Number:** The WS-5000 supports up to eight transmitters. To set each channel number (the default is Channel 1), change Dip Switches 1, 2 and 3, as referenced in Figure 18.
4. **Temperature Units of Measure:** To change the transmitter display units of measure ($^{\circ}\text{F}$ vs. $^{\circ}\text{C}$), change Dip Switch 4, as referenced in Figure 18.

☐ Switch in down position.
 ☐ Switch in up position.

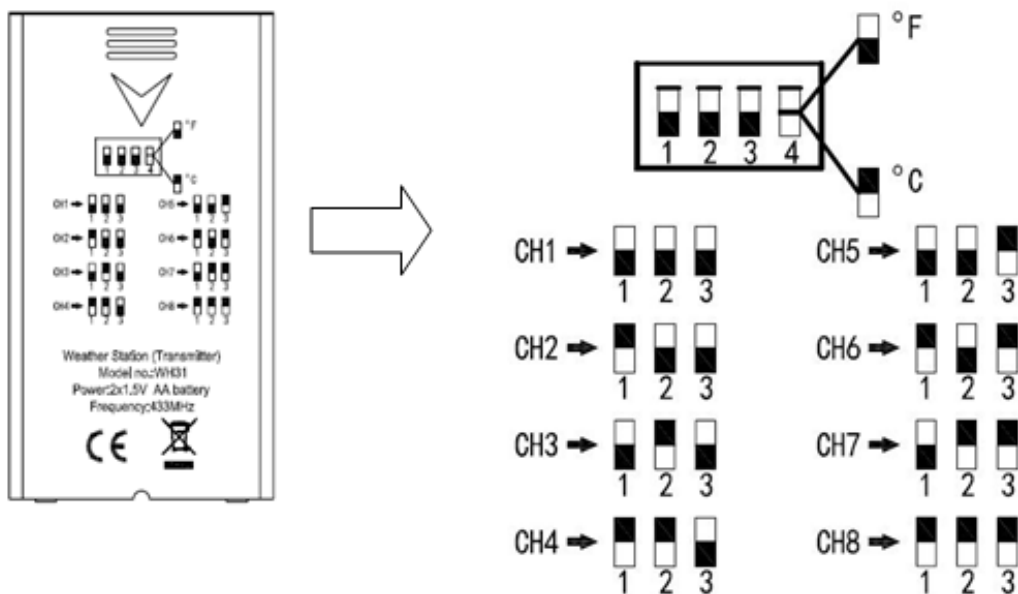


Figure 18

5. Insert two AA batteries.
6. Verify the correct channel number (CH) and temperature units of measure (°F vs. °C) are on the display, as shown in Figure 19.

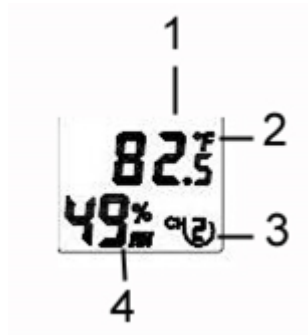


Figure 19

- (1) temperature
 - (2) temperature units (°F vs. °C)
 - (3) channel number
 - (4) relative humidity
7. Close the battery door.
 8. Repeat for the additional remote transmitters, verifying each remote is on a different channel.

5.8 PM2.5 Air Quality Sensor (optional)

The WS-5000 supports one indoor (PM25IN) and one outdoor (PM25) PM2.5 Air Quality sensors. For more information, please visit:

<https://ambientweather.net/product/pm25>

5.9 Sensor Placement

It is recommended you mount the remote sensor outside on a north facing wall, in a shaded area, at a height at or above the receiver. If a north facing wall is not possible, choose a shaded area, under an eave.

Direct sunlight and radiant heat sources will result in inaccurate temperature readings. Although the sensor is weatherproof, it is best to mount in a well-protected area, such as an eave.

1. Use a screw or nail to affix the remote sensor to the wall, as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.0**.
2. Hang the remote sensor up on string, as shown in Figure 19.



Note: Make sure the sensor is mounted vertically and not lying down on a flat surface. This will insure optimum reception. Wireless signals are impacted by distance, interference (other weather stations, wireless phones, wireless routers, TVs and computer monitors), and transmission barriers, such as walls. In general, wireless signals will not penetrate solid metal and earth (down a hill, for example).

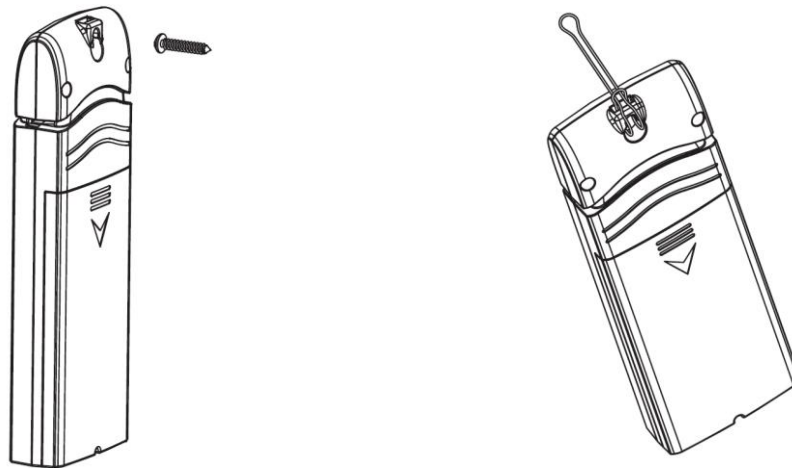


Figure 19

5.10 Best Practices for Wireless Communication

Wireless communication is susceptible to interference, distance, walls and metal barriers. We recommend the following best practices for trouble free wireless communication.

1. **Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI).** Keep the tablet several feet away from computer monitors and TVs.
2. **Radio Frequency Interference (RFI).** If you have other 915 MHz devices and communication is intermittent, try turning off these other devices for troubleshooting purposes. You may need to relocate the transmitters or receivers to avoid intermittent communication.
3. **Line of Sight Rating.** This device is rated at 1,000 feet line of sight (no interference, barriers or walls) but typically you will get 300 feet maximum under most real-world installations, which include passing through barriers or walls.
4. **Metal Barriers.** Radio frequency will not pass through metal barriers such as aluminum siding. If you have metal siding, align the remote and tablet through a window to get a clear line of sight.

The following is a table of reception loss vs. the transmission medium. Each “wall” or obstruction decreases the transmission range by the factor shown below.

| Medium | RF Signal Strength Reduction |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Glass (untreated) | 5-15% |
| Plastics | 10-15% |
| Wood | 10-40% |
| Brick | 10-40% |
| Concrete | 40-80% |
| Metal | 90-100% |

5.11 Display Tablet

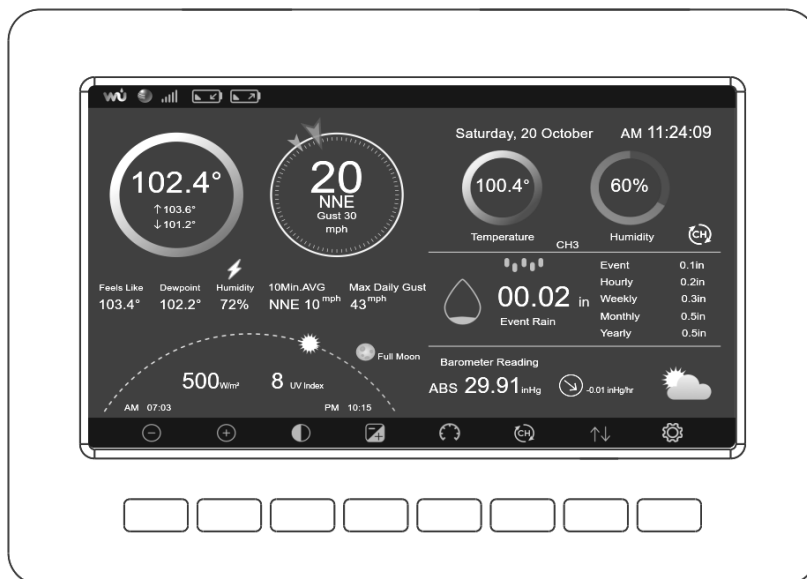


Figure 20

Connect the display tablet power jack to AC power with the power adapter (included), as shown in Figure 21.

Place the sensor array and indoor thermo-hygrometer transmitter about 5 to 10 feet from the display tablet and wait several minutes for the remote sensors to synchronize with the display tablet.

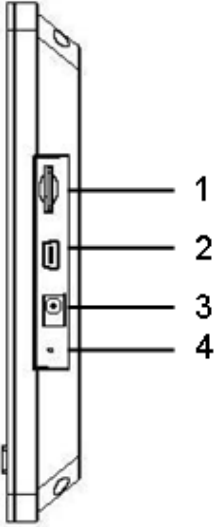

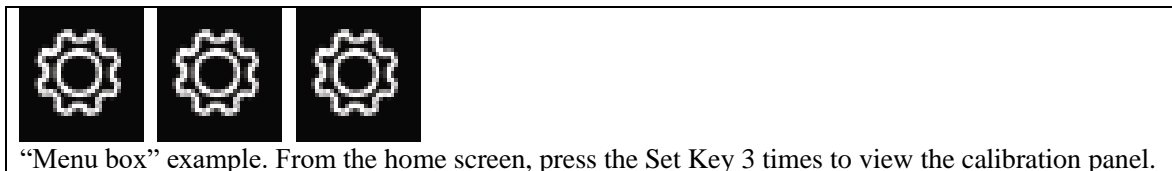
| | No | Description |
|---|----|--|
|  | 1 | Memory card slot for upgrades and backup data |
| | 2 | USB port for loading the operating system (not required by user) |
| | 3 | Power jack |
| | 4 | Reset |

Figure 21

6. Display Tablet Operation

 **Note: About This Section.** The display tablet includes buttons at the bottom with icons signifying the menu functions. This manual includes “quick menu boxes” as shown below, signifying how to access a setting from home screen. For example, to access calibration panel, from the home screen, press the Set Key three times to view the calibration panel.



6.1 Initial Display Tablet Operation

Connect the display tablet power jack to AC power with the power adapter. The tablet starts to receive from the indoor and outdoor transmitters, as shown in Figure 22.



Figure 22

6.2 Home Screen Display

The display tablet home screen layout is shown in Figure 23.

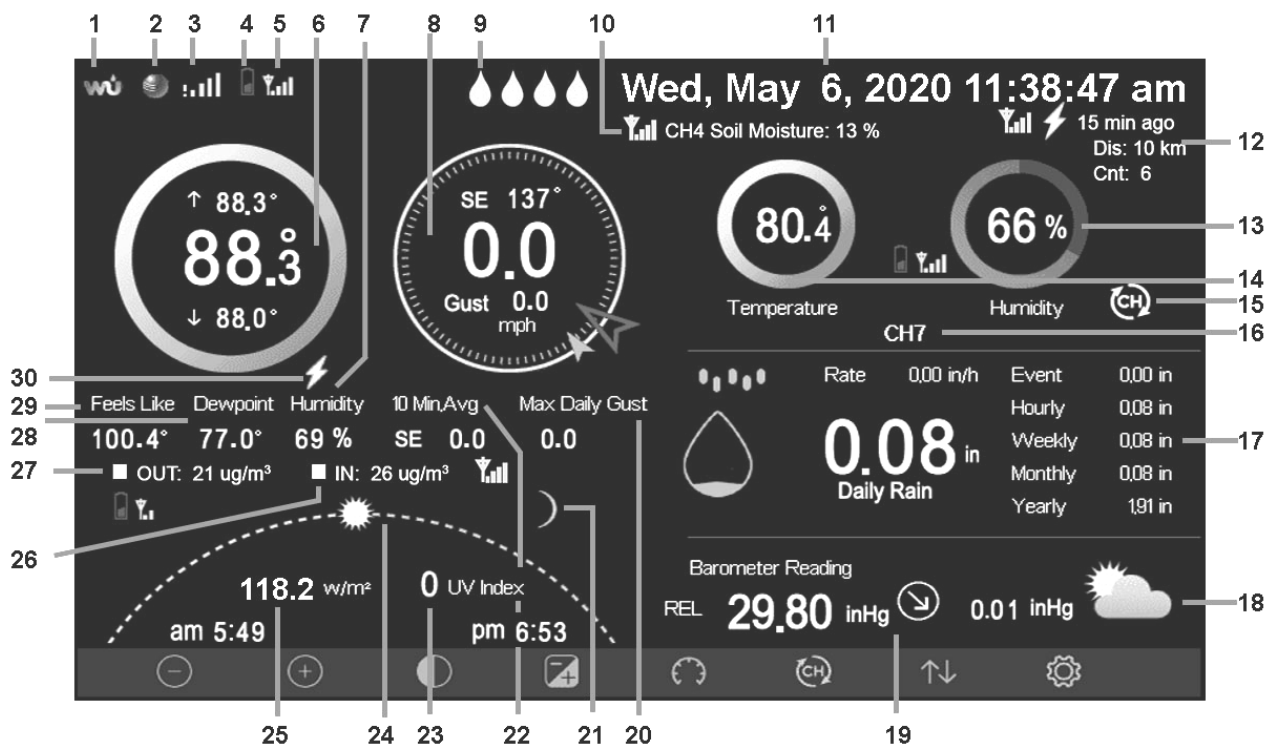
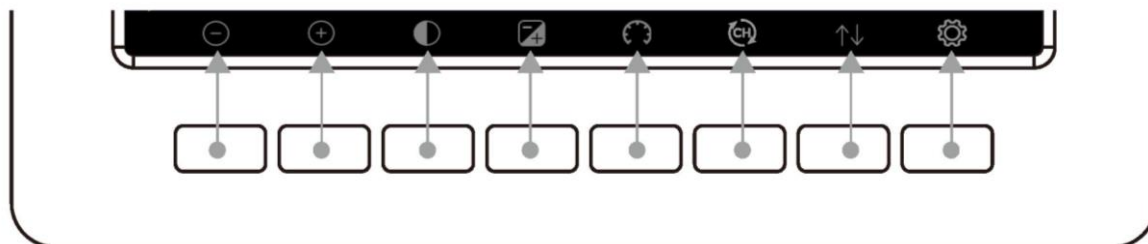










Figure 23

| No | Description | No | Description |
|----|---|----|--|
| 1 | WeatherUnderground.com connection icon | 16 | Channel indicator |
| 2 | AmbientWeather.net connection icon | 17 | Rain rate, daily, hourly, weekly, monthly and yearly rain |
| 3 | Wi-Fi signal strength icon. An exclamation point ! indicates the display is connected to Wi-Fi but not the Internet. | 18 | Forecast icon based on rate of change of pressure |
| 4 | Outdoor Sensor Array Low Battery Indicator | 19 | Barometric pressure (REL or ABS), rate of change and rate of change arrow |
| 5 | Outdoor Sensor Array Signal Quality | 20 | Max daily wind gust |
| 6 | Current, high and low outdoor temperature | 21 | Moon Phase |
| 7 | Outdoor temperature | 22 | 10-minute average wind speed and direction |
| 8 | Wind speed, wind gust, current wind direction (blue arrow), 10-minute average wind direction (larger gray arrow). | 23 | UV Index |
| 9 | Leak detector status (channels 1-4) | 24 | Sunrise, sunset, sun arc |
| 10 | Soil moisture (channels 1-8) | 25 | Solar Radiation |
| 11 | Current date and time | 26 | Indoor PM2.5 sensor |
| 12 | Lighting detector last strike, last strike time and strikes per hour | 27 | Outdoor PM2.5 sensor |
| 13 | Indoor, Channel 1-8 humidity | 28 | Dew Point |
| 14 | Indoor, Channel 1-8 temperature | 29 | Feels Like Temperature |
| 15 | Channel scroll mode indicator | 30 | Lightning icon appears when then Dew Point exceeds 70 °F, which signifies conditions may be possible for lightning storms to form in the area. |



6.3 Display Buttons




| Icon | Description |
|---|---|
|  | Brightness control key Press this key to enhance the brightness |
|  | Brightness control key Press this key to decrease the brightness |
|  | Backlight on/off key Press this key to turn on/off the display |
|  | Background key Press this key to choose between dark background display and light background display |
|  | Pressure display key Press this key to choose the display between Absolute pressure and Relative pressure. |
|  | Channel key Press this key to change the display between indoor temperature & humidity, multiple channel temperature & humidity and scroll mode, where the channels scroll every 5 seconds. |
|  | History key Press this key to enter History Mode |
|  | Set key Press this key to enter Set Mode |

6.4 Multi-Chanel and Scroll Mode for Optional Sensors

You can add up to 8 additional thermos-hygrometer sensors (optional, item number WH31).

Press the Channel Button  to switch between indoor and Channels 1-8. After the last channel is selected, press the Channel button one more time  to scroll all the sensors every 5 seconds.

 **Note:** For multi-channel sensor data, it will only be fed to ambientweather.net server, and no history data will be saved in the display tablet.

6.5 Other Console Features

6.5.1 Weather Forecasting

The five weather icons are Sunny, Partly Cloudy, Cloudy, Rainy and Stormy.

The forecast icon is based on the rate of change of barometric pressure. Please allow at least one month for the weather station to learn the barometric pressure over time.






| Sunny | Partly Cloudy | Cloudy | Rainy | Stormy |
|---|---|---|--|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Pressure increses for a sustained period of time | Pressure increases slightly, or initial power up | Pressure decreases slightly | Pressure decreases for a sustained period of time | Pressure rapidly decreases |

Figure 24

6.5.2 Wireless Signal Quality Icon

The wireless signal strength displays reception quality. If no signal is lost, the signal strength indicator will display 5 bars. If the signal is lost once, four bars will be displayed, as shown in Figure . A bar is removed for each consecutive loss of signal.



| Five Bars | Four Bars |
|---|--|
|  |  |
| No signal loss | Lost signal once |

Figure 26

6.5.3 Weather Forecasting Description and Limitations

In general, if the rate of change of pressure increases, the weather is generally improving (sunny to partly cloudy). If the rate of change of pressure decreases, the weather is generally degrading (cloudy, rainy or stormy). If the rate of change is relatively steady, it will read partly cloudy.

The reason the current conditions do not match the forecast icon is because the forecast is a prediction 24-48 hours in advance. In most locations, this prediction is only 70% accurate and it is a good idea to consult the National Weather Service for more accurate weather forecasts. In some locations, this prediction may be less or more accurate. However, it is still an interesting educational tool for learning why the weather changes.

The National Weather Service (and other weather services such as Weather Channel) have many tools at their disposal to predict weather conditions, including weather radar, weather models, and detailed mapping of ground conditions.

6.5.4 Lightning Icon



The lightning icon appears when then Dew Point exceeds 70 °F, which signifies temperature and humidity conditions may be possible for lightning storms to form in the area.

6.5.5 PM2.5 Sensor (optional)

An optional PM2.5 sensor is available for the WS-5000. The display shows the current PM2.5 measurement, and the 24-hour running average, which is a better indication of the accumulative effect of particulates on overall health.

The display features a color-coded icon with the following breakpoints:

| AQI Category | Color | Breakpoints ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) |
|--------------------------------|--------|---|
| Good | Green | 0.0 – 12.0 |
| Moderate | Yellow | 12.1 – 35.4 |
| Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups | Orange | 35.5 – 55.4 |
| Unhealthy | Red | 55.5 – 150.4 |
| Very Unhealthy | Purple | 150.5 – 250.4 |
| Hazardous | Maroon | 250.5 – 500 |

Figure 27

6.6 History Mode

6.6.1 Min/Max

View high and low records, and clear specific records in the history mode.

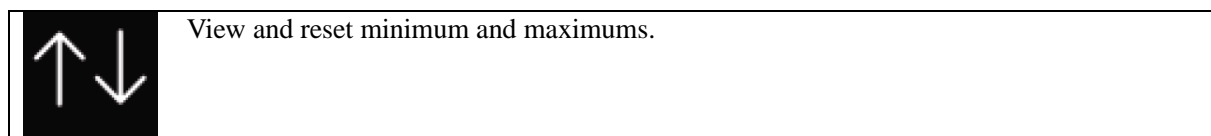








Figure 28

Press the up  or down  button to scroll to the parameter you wish to clear. Press the  button to check the parameter you wish to clear. Once checked, press the Enter Key . To confirm the selection, press  and . The high and low will be reset for the checked parameters.

Press the Return Key  to return to the main screen.

Refer to Factory 6.10 to clear all of the highs and lows at Midnight, or manually clearing all of the highs and lows at once.

6.6.2 Archive Memory Mode

You can view and clear archived memory from the Archive Memory Mode.












|  | | View archive memory for all parameters, based on the date and time. | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|
| No | Time | Indoor Temperature (°F) | Indoor Humidity (%) | Outdoor Temperature (°F) | Outdoor Humidity (%) | Dew Point (°F) | Feels Like (°F) | Wind (mph) |
| 2689 | 12/5/2018 AM 6:40 | 77.7 | 65 | 68.9 | 47 | 47.8 | 68.9 | 2.5 |
| 2690 | 12/5/2018 AM 6:45 | 77.7 | 65 | 68.9 | 47 | 47.8 | 68.9 | 2.5 |
| 2691 | 12/5/2018 AM 6:50 | 77.7 | 65 | 68.9 | 47 | 47.8 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2692 | 12/5/2018 AM 2:40 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 47 | 47.8 | 68.9 | 2.5 |
| 2693 | 12/5/2018 AM 2:45 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 47 | 47.8 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2694 | 12/5/2018 AM 2:50 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 47 | 47.8 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2695 | 12/5/2018 AM 2:55 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2696 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:00 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2697 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:05 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2698 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:10 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2699 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:15 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.7 |
| 2700 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:20 | 77.9 | 64 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.5 |
| 2701 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:25 | 77.9 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2702 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:30 | 78.1 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2703 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:35 | 78.6 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |
| 2704 | 12/5/2018 AM 3:40 | 78.6 | 65 | 68.9 | 46 | 47.3 | 68.9 | 2.2 |

Figure 25

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clear All History | Recall page | scroll left | scroll right | scroll up | scroll down | Switch to graph screen | return home |

To clear all of the records, press the Clear All History button  and you will be prompted to clear the data.


Press the down arrow once to confirm . The Yes button will be highlighted in Green. Press the Plus  button to clear all archived records.

-update-ambientweather-net-osprey-series/ or right 

| No | Time | Indoor Temperature (°F) | Indoor Humidity (%) | Outdoor Temperature (°F) | Outdoor Humidity (%) | Dew Point (°F) | Feels Like (°F) | Wind (mph) |
|------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|
| 2721 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:13 | 78.4 | 65 | 24.8 | 54 | 10.4 | 24.8 | 0.0 |
| 2722 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:18 | 78.4 | 65 | 59.0 | 73 | 50.4 | 59.0 | 0.0 |
| 2723 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:23 | 78.4 | 65 | 87.8 | 89 | 84.2 | 111.7 | 0.0 |
| 2724 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:28 | 78.4 | 65 | 123.8 | 19 | 69.8 | 123.8 | 0.0 |
| 2725 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:33 | | | | 39 | -39.3 | -22.0 | 0.0 |
| 2726 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:38 | | | | 58 | 0.1 | 12.2 | 0.0 |
| 2727 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:43 | | | | 74 | 33.4 | 41.0 | 0.0 |
| 2728 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:48 | | | | 95 | 77.2 | 78.8 | 0.0 |
| 2729 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:52 | | | | 24 | 67.6 | 113.0 | 0.0 |
| 2730 | 12/5/2018 AM 5:57 | | | | 42 | -- | -36.4 | 0.0 |
| 2731 | 12/5/2018 AM 6:24 | 77.4 | 64 | -4.0 | 71 | -11.2 | -4.0 | 0.0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Figure 26

6.6.3 Graph



Graph memory for all parameters, based on the date and time.

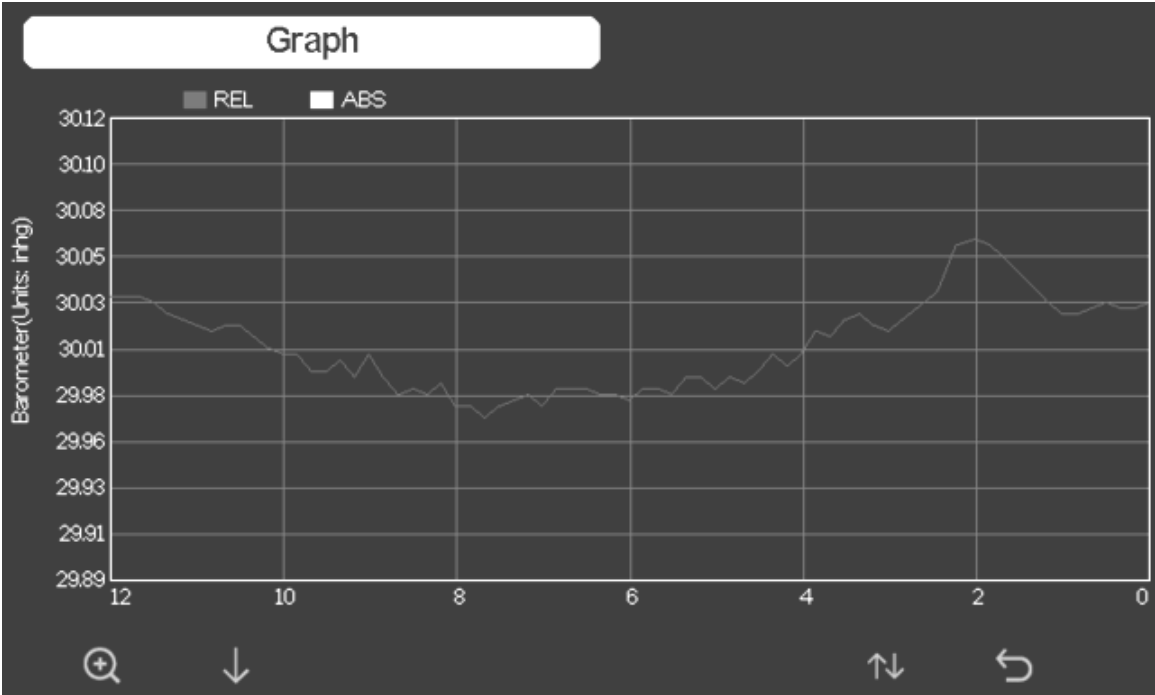






Figure 32

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |
| Change x-axis time between 12, 24, 48 and 72 hours. | Change graph parameters | Switch to Min/Max display | return home |

6.7 Set Mode

The Set Mode allows you to customize your display, manage archive data, and connect your display tablet to the Internet.

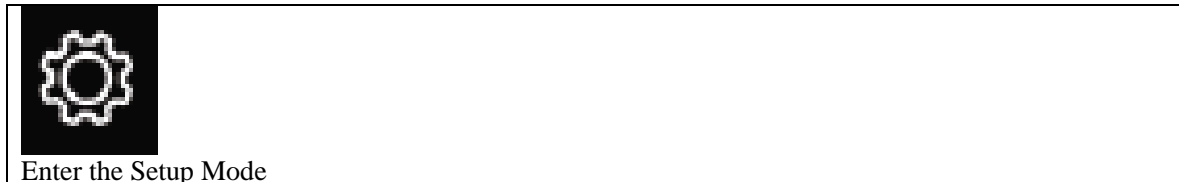








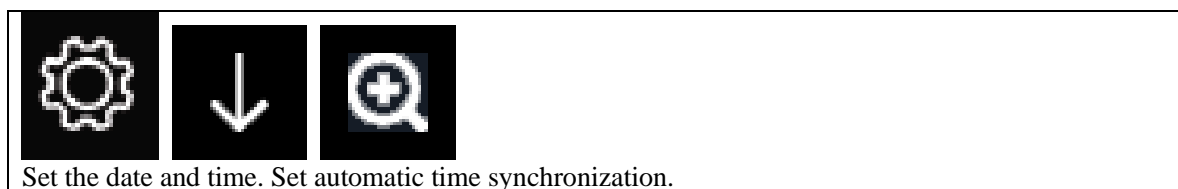










Figure 27











| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Select units of measure or scroll value up | Select units of measure or scroll value down | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | Select next Set Page | return to home |


6.7.1 Set Date and Time

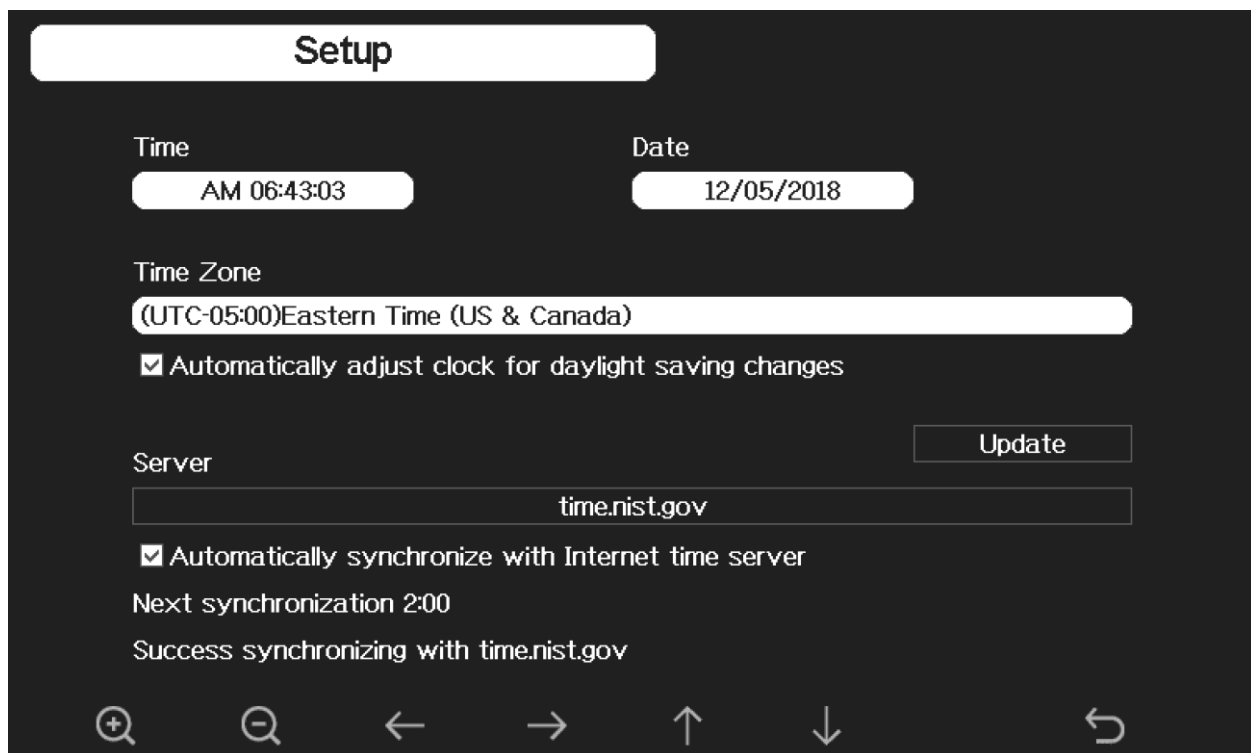


- Set Time.** (hour:minute:second) Press  to set the time. The hour field will turn red. Press  or  to select hour, minute or second. Press  or  to increase or decrease the value.
- Set Date.** (month:day:year) Press  to set the date. The month field will turn red. Press  or .

to select month, day or year. Press  or  to increase or decrease the value.

3. **Set Time Zone.** Press  to set the time zone. Press  to increase the time zone and  to decrease the time zone. With time zone highlighted, press  to set Daylight Savings Time (DST). Press  to toggle ON or OFF. Note: the DST should be always checked to automatically update the time when DST changes.
4. **Set Time Server.** The default time server is time.nist.gov. Press  to set the time server. Press  again to turn ON. Press  to toggle ON or OFF. Press  to immediately to highlight Update and  to immediately update.

 **Note:** The time server will not work until the Wi-Fi connection has been set up.



The screenshot shows a 'Setup' screen with the following fields and controls:















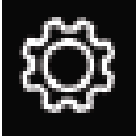
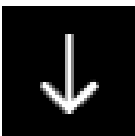

- Time:** AM 06:43:03
- Date:** 12/05/2018
- Time Zone:** (UTC-05:00)Eastern Time (US & Canada)
- ☒ Automatically adjust clock for daylight saving changes
- Server:** time.nist.gov
- ☒ Automatically synchronize with Internet time server
- Next synchronization 2:00
- Success synchronizing with time.nist.gov
- Update** button
- Navigation icons at the bottom: , , , , , , 

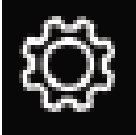
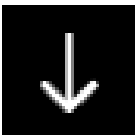

Figure 28

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| scroll value up | scroll value down | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to Setup |

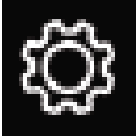
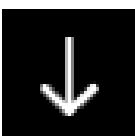

6.7.2 Set Time Format

| | | |
|--|---|-----|
|  |  | x 2 |
| Press  to change the time format between hour:minute:second (h:mm:ss), AM hour:minute:second (AM h:mm:ss) and hour:minute:second AM (h:mm:ss AM). | | |

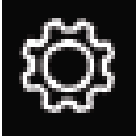
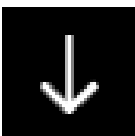

6.7.3 Set Date Format

| | | |
|---|---|-----|
|  |  | x 3 |
| Press  to change the date format between MM-DD-YYY, DD-MM-YYYY and YYYY-MM-DD. | | |

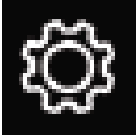
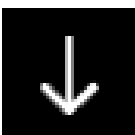

6.7.4 Temperature Units of Measure

| | | |
|---|--|-----|
|  |  | x 4 |
| Press  to change the temperature units of measure between °F and °C. | | |

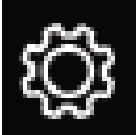
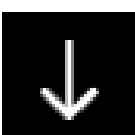

6.7.5 Barometer Units of Measure

| | | |
|--|---|-----|
|  |  | x 5 |
| Press  to change the temperature units of measure between inHg, mmHg and hpa. | | |

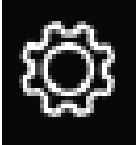
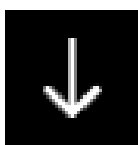
6.7.6 Wind Speed Units of Measure


| | | |
|---|---|-----|
|  |  | x 6 |
| Press  to change the wind speed units of measure between mph, bft (beufort scale), ft/s, m/s, km/h and knot. | | |

6.7.7 Rainfall Units of Measure

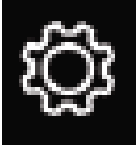
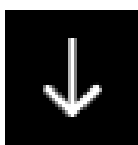
| | | |
|--|---|-----|
|  |  | x 7 |
| Press  to change the rainfall units of measure between in and mm. | | |


6.7.8 Solar Radiation Units of Measure


 x 8

Press  to change the solar radiation units of measure between W/m², lux and fc.

6.7.9 Multi-Channel Sensor


 x 9

Press  to view, check the status, re-register and modify the name of optional sensor channels 1-8.

| Setup | | | | |
|-------|------|-------------|----------|----------|
| | Name | Temperature | Humidity | Register |
| CH1 | CH1 | 85.8 °F | 56 % | Yes |
| CH2 | CH2 | 81.5 °F | 60 % | Yes |
| CH3 | CH3 | 75.6 °F | 70 % | Yes |
| CH4 | CH4 | 81.1 °F | 64 % | Yes |
| CH5 | CH5 | 82.0 °F | 60 % | Yes |
| CH6 | CH6 | 81.5 °F | 62 % | Yes |
| CH7 | CH7 | 81.3 °F | 63 % | Yes |
| CH8 | CH8 | 79.9 °F | 63 % | Yes |





















Figure 29

To edit the channel name, press  or  key to select the channel name. The name field will turn green.

Press the  key to view the keyboard and enter the sensor name. Press     to scroll to the character and press  to select the character. Press  to return to the setup page.

Setup

| | Name | Temperature | Humidity | Register |
|-----|------|-------------|----------|----------|
| CH1 | room | 78.6 >F | 57 % | Yes |
| CH2 | CH2 | 76.5 >F | 57 % | Yes |
| CH3 | CH3 | 77.5 >F | 56 % | Yes |
| CH4 | | | | Yes |
| CH5 | | | | Yes |
| CH6 | | | | Yes |
| CH7 | | | | Yes |
| CH8 | | | | Yes |

Name

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----------|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | a | b | c | d | e | f | _ | Backspace |
| 3 | 4 | 5 | g | h | i | j | k | l | | Caps Lock |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | m | n | o | p | q | r | . | Cancel |
| 9 | s | t | u | v | w | x | y | z | #+= | Ok |

X

←

→

↑

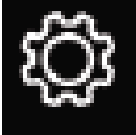
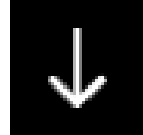

↓

↶

↷

Figure 30

6.7.10 Backlight Display



x 10


Press the Plus key to automatically turn on and off the backlight or adjust the brightness based on the time of day.

Setup

☐ Automatic control backlight

Turn on the backlight

AM 06:30

Turn off the backlight

PM 10:00

☐ Automatic brightness adjustment

Maximum brightness

Minimum brightness

+

-

←








→

↑

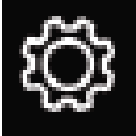
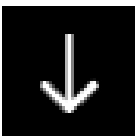
↓


↶



Figure 31






| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| adjust up or check | adjust down or uncheck | scroll left | scroll right | scroll up | scroll down | return home |



6.7.11 Longitude and Latitude







 x 11

Press the Plus  key to Set longitude and latitude for your location. This calculation is used for the sunrise and sunset calculation.

1. **Latitude.** Press  to set the Northern or Southern Hemisphere. In the USA, the hemisphere setting is **NORTH**. To change to **SOUTH**, press the  key.

Press  to change your latitude. The longitude x 10 will turn red. Press  or  to increase or decrease the value. Press  or  to change the remaining latitude variables.

2. **Longitude.** Press  to set the Western or Eastern Hemisphere. In the USA, the hemisphere setting is **WEST**. To change to **EAST**, press the  key.

Press  to change your longitude. The longitude x 100 will turn red. Press  or  to increase or decrease the value. Press  or  to change the remaining longitude variables.

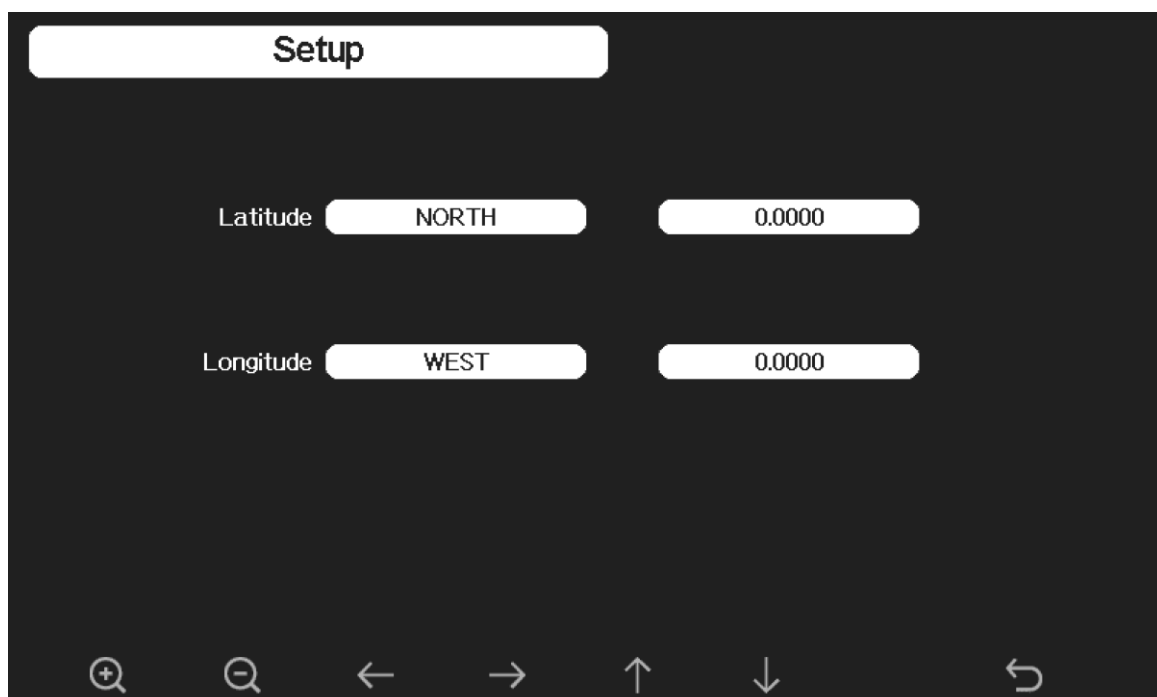


Figure 38

To determine your longitude and latitude, we recommend the following website:

www.bing.com/maps

Reference Figure below:

1. Enter your address and select the search button
2. The latitude (first number) and longitude (second number) are returned. In this example:

Latitude = 33.2981181889772

Longitude = -111.960209459066

The table below defines the hemisphere based on the positive or negative sign:

| Position | Positive | Negative |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| Latitude | Northern | Southern |
| Longitude | Eastern | Western |

3. In this example, the location entered into the display is as follows:

Latitude = 33.30 North

Longitude = 111.96 West

after rounding to two significant digits.

Record your longitude and latitude here for future reference:

| |
|------------|
| Longitude: |
| Latitude: |

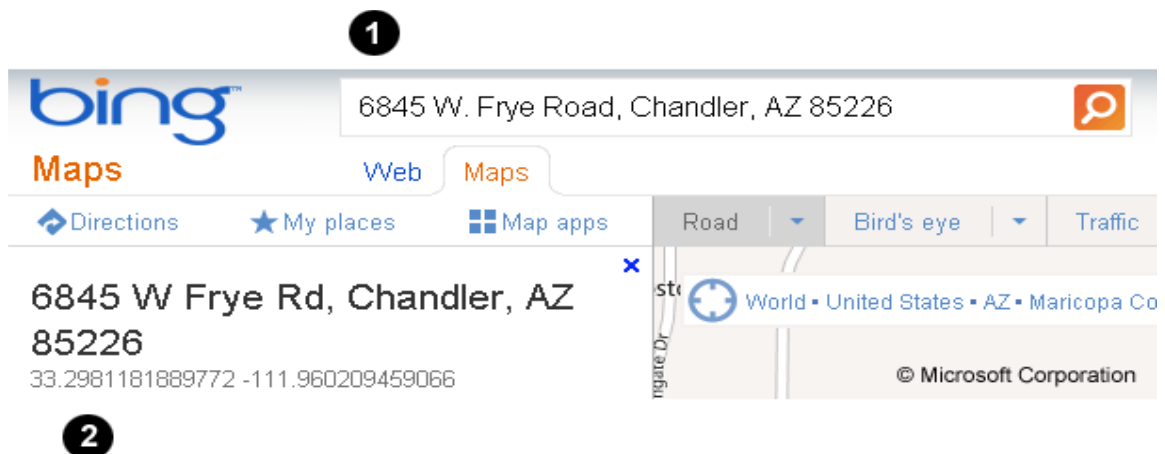
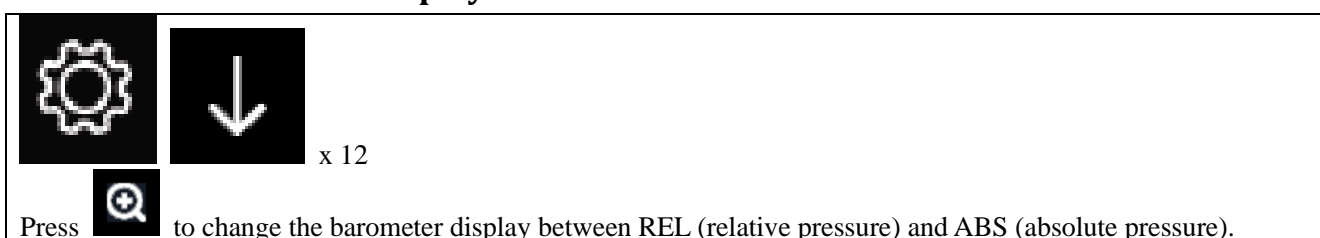



Figure 39

6.7.12 Barometer Display



 **Note:** The weather station tablet displays two different pressures: absolute (measured) and relative (corrected to sea-level).

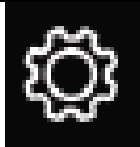
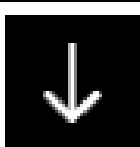

To compare pressure conditions from one location to another, meteorologists correct pressure to sea-level conditions. Because the air pressure decreases as you rise in altitude, the sea-level corrected pressure (the pressure your location would be at if located at sea-level) is generally higher than your measured pressure.

Thus, your absolute pressure may read 28.62 inHg (969 mb) at an altitude of 1000 feet (305 m), but the relative pressure is 30.00 inHg (1016 mb).

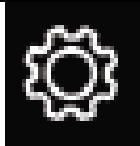
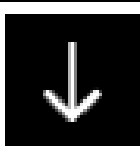






The standard sea-level pressure is 29.92 in Hg (1013 mb). This is the average sea-level pressure around the world. Relative pressure measurements greater than 29.92 inHg (1013 mb) are considered high pressure and relative pressure measurements less than 29.92 inHg are considered low pressure.

Currently not used.

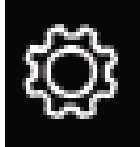
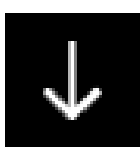

6.7.13 Rainfall Season

| | | |
|---|---|------|
|  |  | x 13 |
| Press  to change the beginning of the rainfall yearly season month. The default is January. | | |

6.7.14 Archive Interval

| | | |
|--|---|------|
|  |  | x 14 |
| Press  to change the archive interval for historical data and graphing. Press  to change the 100 x minute field. Press  to highlight the 10 x minute field. Press  to change the 10 x minute field. Press  to highlight the minute field. Press  to change the minute field. | | |

6.7.15 Weather Server

| | | |
|---|---|------|
|  |  | x 15 |
| Press  to send real-time data to Wunderground.com and AmbientWeather.net. For Wunderground.com, enter the Station ID and Station Key obtained from Wunderground.com. For AmbientWeather.net, make a note of the MAC address (write it down). | | |

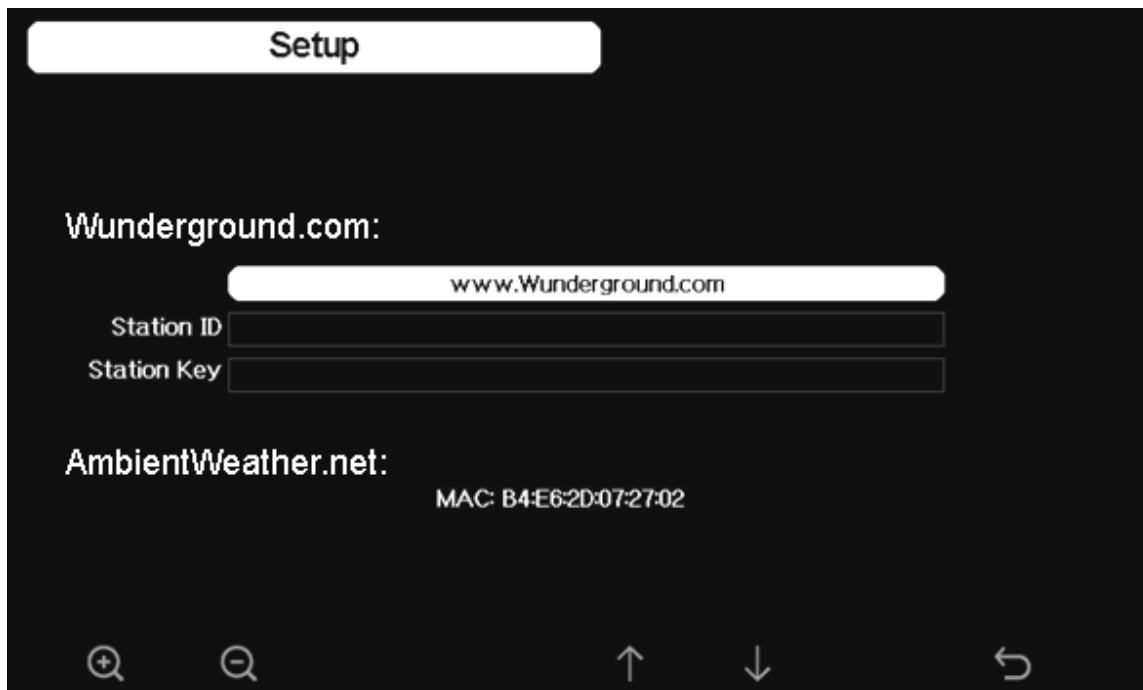







Figure 40

| | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |
| scroll value up | scroll value down | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to Setup |

















- Set Station ID.** Press  to highlight the Station ID. Enter your station ID obtained from Wunderground.com. Press  to display the keyboard. Press     to scroll to the character and press  to select the character. Select **Ok** when complete. Press  to return to the Wunderground.com setup page.
- Set Password.** Press  to highlight the Password. Enter your password obtained from Wunderground.com. Press  to display the keyboard. Press     to scroll to the character and press  to select the character. Select **Ok** when complete. Press  to return to the Server Setup page.



Figure 321

6.7.15.1 Registering on Wunderground.com

Note: The Weather Underground website is subject to change.

1. Visit Wunderground.com, and select the [Join](#) link in the upper right and corner and create a Free Account.
2. From the menu, Select **More | Add a Weather Station**, or visit:

<https://www.wunderground.com/member/devices/new>

3. Once registered, you receive a station ID and password. Make a note of this. You will need to enter it into your weather station tablet, as shown in Figure (Figure 33 is an example and your station ID and password will be different.

Congratulations. Your station is now registered with Wunderground!

You are almost done. Now go to your weather station software and add the following:

Your Station ID:
KAZPHOEN424
Your Station Key/Password:
mdreeley

Figure 33

Note: Your station ID will have the form: KSSCCCC###, where K is for USA station (I for international), SS is your state, CCCC is your city and ### is the station number in that city.

In the example above, KAZPHOEN424 is in the USA (K), State of Arizona (AZ), City of Phoenix (PHOEN) and #424.

6.7.15.2 Registering on AmbientWeather.net

Visit: www.AmbientWeather.net to create an account and select Add Device, as shown in Figure 4343.

[Terms and Conditions](#)

Figure 434

Next, enter the MAC address found on your Weather Network Panel (Figure), as shown in Figure 354. Note that this is an example only and your MAC address will be different.

Connect your device

Enter your MAC address

Looks good!

Figure 35

Register an account on AmbientWeather.net (email address and password).

Once registered, select the dashboard to view your data, as shown in Figure 36.

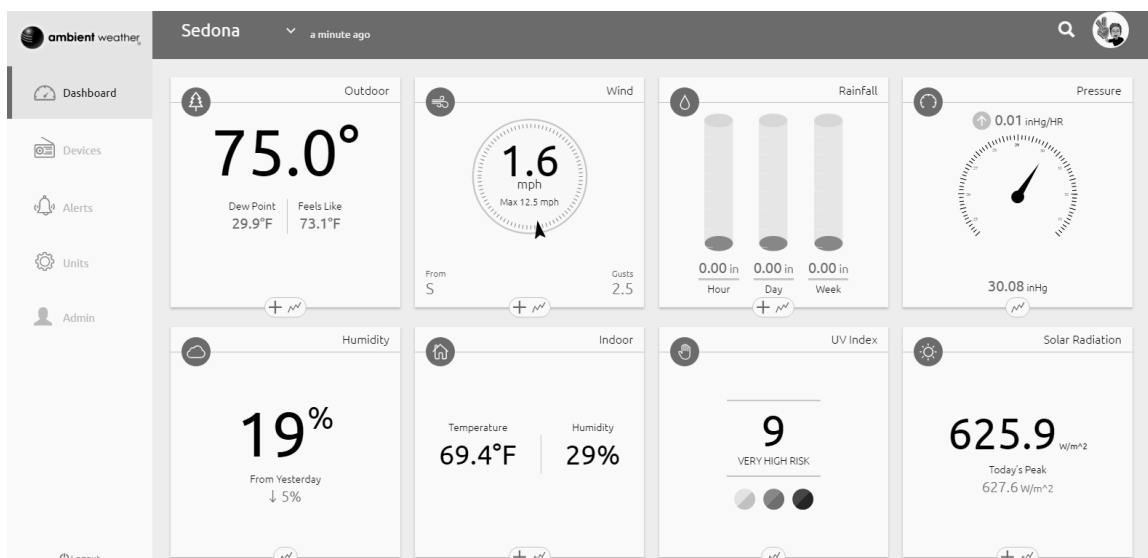


Figure 36

For a complete list of Ambient Weather apps, visit:

<https://ambientweather.net/help/community/>

6.7.15.3 IFTTT

The AmbientWeather.net service connects to IFTTT, the platform that allows devices and services to work together seamlessly.

Here are a few things you can do with IFTTT:

- Turn off your Rachio sprinklers when it rains, there is too much wind, or below freezing.
- Close your Hunter blinds when the sun is too intense.
- Close your garage door when it is too windy.
- Blink your hue lights when it starts raining.
- Connect to other web services, such as Gmail, Facebook, Instagram, or Pinterest.

For more information on IFTTT and how it can work for you, visit:

<https://ambientweather.net/help/ifttt/>

6.7.15.4 Compatible with Alexa

The Ambient Weather skill provides Ambient Weather personal weather station owners with the ability to get real-time, and past weather information generated by the devices they have set up at AmbientWeather.net.

Enable the skill and get started: say "Alexa, ask Ambient Weather for a weather report.". This will provide you with your outdoor weather report, but you can ask for your indoor weather report as well by saying, "Alexa, ask Ambient Weather about the indoor conditions." You can also ask for a report about a specific day, month or year! Just say "Alexa, ask Ambient Weather about the weather yesterday." or "Alexa, ask Ambient Weather about the weather in May".

For more information and to enable this skill, visit:

<https://www.amazon.com/dp/B074PGCM1D/>

6.7.15.5 Works with Google Assistant

The Ambient Weather Google Assistant app provides Ambient Weather personal weather station owners with the ability to get real-time, and past weather information generated by the devices they have set up at AmbientWeather.net

Link your account to get started: say 'hey google, Ambient Weather... weather report.' This will provide you with your outdoor weather report. You can ask for your indoor weather report as well by saying, 'indoor conditions'.

You can also link the Ambient Weather app by downloading the Google Assistant.

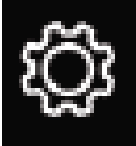
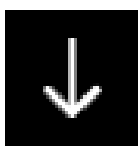
Here are some sample commands:


- Weather Report
- Outdoor conditions
- Indoor conditions
- Yesterday's weather
- Conditions for October 15, 2017
- Conditions for September 2017
- Conditions for 2016









For more information and to enable this app, visit:



<https://assistant.google.com/services/a/id/668e6f3369f27209/>


6.7.16 Wi-Fi Scan





x 16

Press  to perform a Wi-Fi Scan. Your wireless router will appear.

Press  to select your wireless network. Press  to enter the password. Press     to scroll to the character and press  to select the character. Press **OK** when complete. Press  to return to the Wi-Fi Network setup page. Leave the password blank if the Wi-Fi network is not encrypted.

 **Note:** The Wi-Fi signal strength icon is displayed on the home page. If wireless connectivity is successful and you are reporting to Wunderground.com, the Wi-Fi icon  on the top left-hand side of the display tablet.

If you do not see your wireless network, press the Return button  and perform another Wi-Fi scan. If the problem persists, power down and up your display tablet and perform another Wi-Fi scan.

If you are uploading to Wunderground.com successfully, the icon  will show on the left top of the display tablet. If you are uploading to AmbientWeather.net successfully, the icon  will show on the left top of the display tablet.

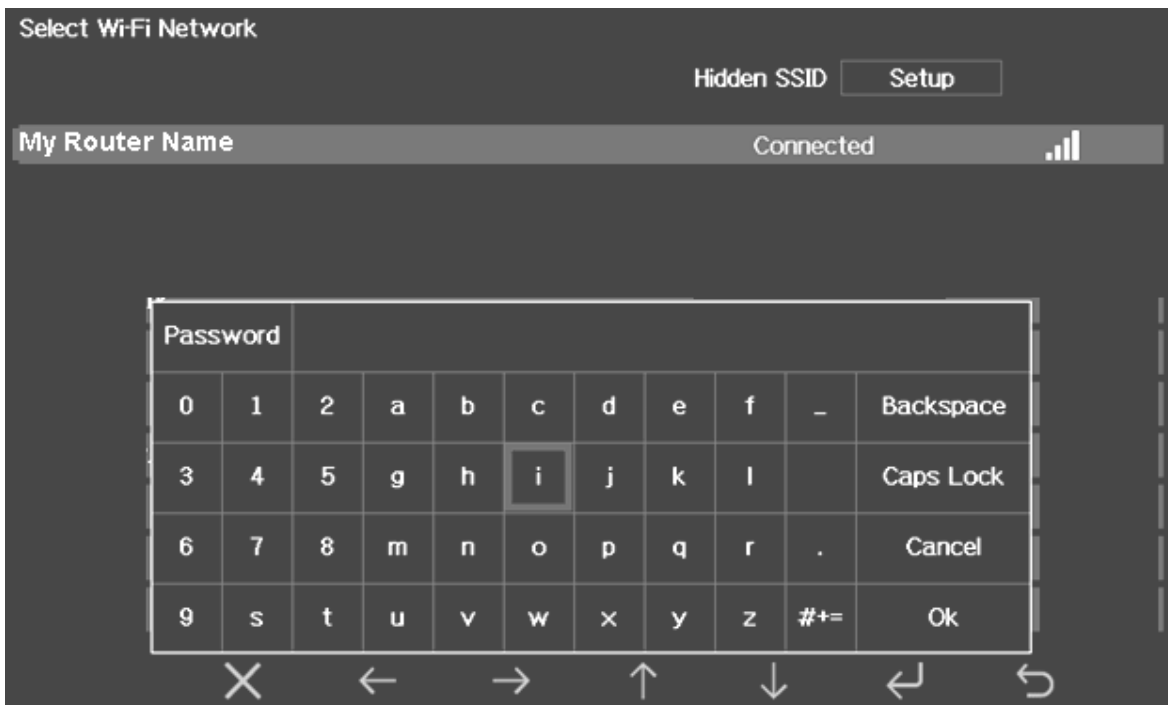






















Figure 37

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | Select | return to Setup |

6.7.16.1 Hidden SSID

If the Wi-Fi network you are connecting to is hidden, please follow below steps to connect:

- 1) Press   to select Hidden SSID setup and press  key to enter.
- 2) Press  to highlight the **SSID**. Press  to display the keyboard and enter your SSID (not that this is case sensitive). Press     to scroll to the character and press  to enter the character. Press  to return to the setup page.
- 3) Press  to highlight the Password. Press  to display the keyboard and start to enter your password. Press     to scroll to the character and press  to enter the character. Press  to return to the setup page.
- 4) Press  to highlight the **OK** button to connect.

After connecting successfully, the status will display **Connected**.

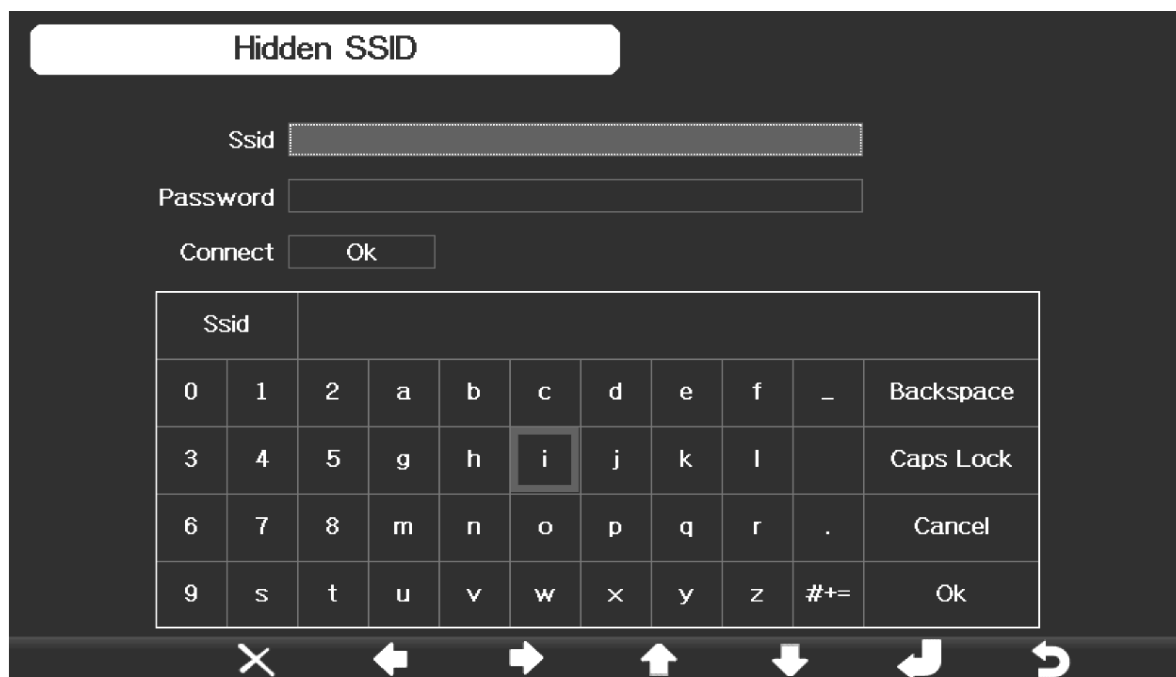


Figure 47

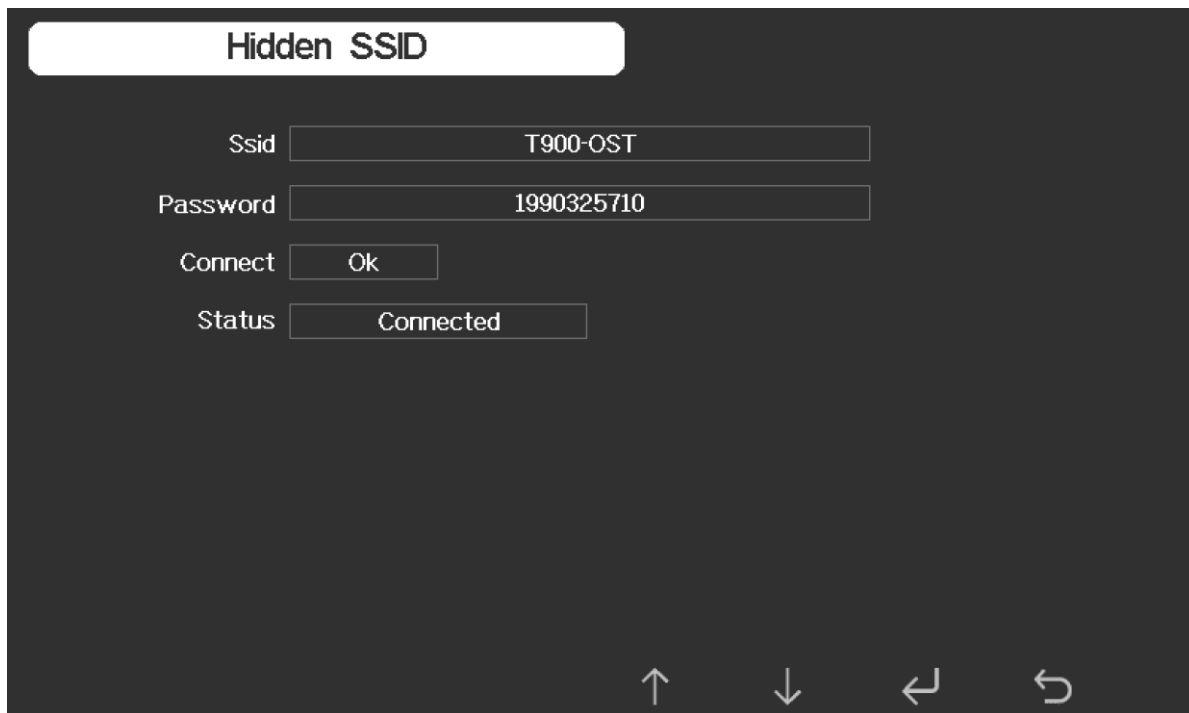
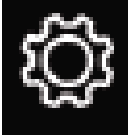
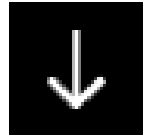

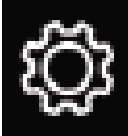
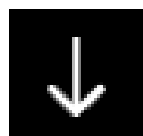



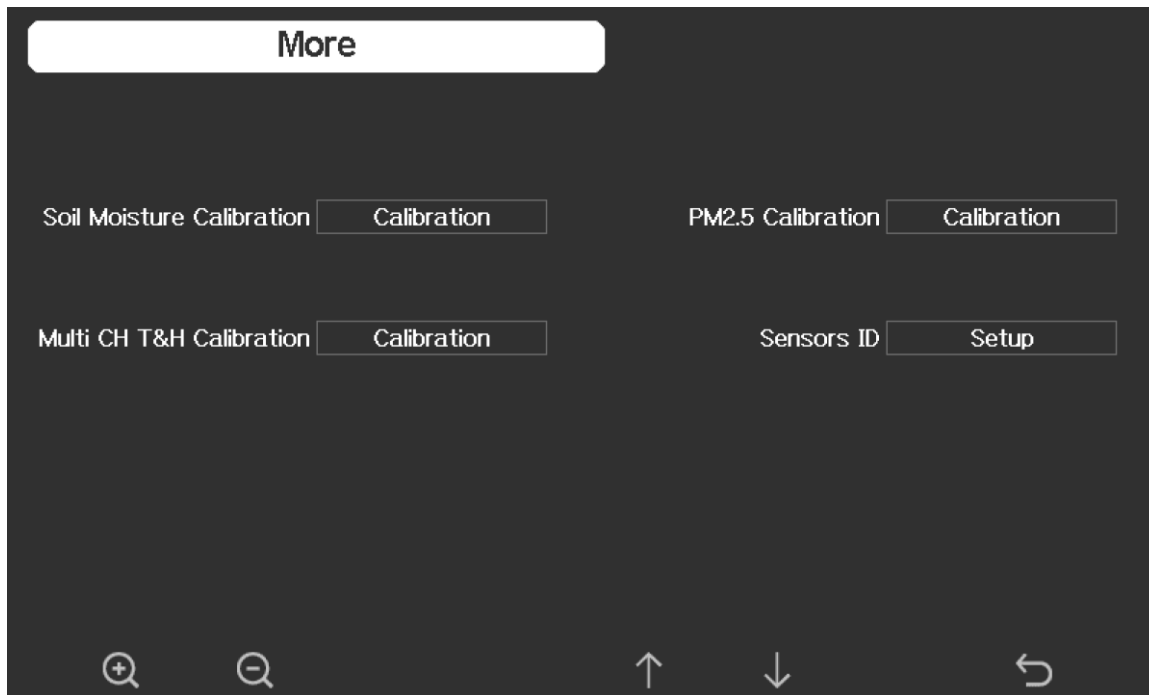
Figure 48

6.7.17 Background

| | | |
|---|---|---|
|  |  | x 17 |
| Press Plus |  | to toggle between Light Mode and Dark Mode. |

6.7.18 More

| | | |
|---|---|---|
|  |  | x 18 |
| Press Plus |  | to view additional settings. Note: You must be running Firmware Version 1.5.3 or greater. |








| | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Select field | | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to Setup |

Figure 38

6.7.19 Soil Moisture Calibration

The soil moisture sensor provides for optional two-point linear calibration. This is important due to different soil types and density.

The calibration equation is defined as:

$$\% \text{ Soil Moisture (calibrated)} = (\text{Now AD} - 0\% \text{AD}) * 100 / (100\% \text{AD} - 0\% \text{AD})$$

Where AD stands for “analog to digital” and is the unscaled digital value, Now AD is the currently measured AD and the other parameters are described below.

6.7.19.1 0% Soil Moisture Set Point

To determine the 0% soil moisture, collect a soil sample in a cup from where the sensor will be installed, and allow the soil to completely dry out. Next, place the soil sensor in the medium and allow the sensor to stabilize for one hour.

Next, set the **0%AD** calibration set point to the **Now AD** value.

6.7.19.2 100% Soil Moisture Set Point

To determine the 100% soil moisture, collect a soil sample in a cup from where the sensor will be installed, and add water and mix until the soil is saturated, and there is no standing water. Next, place the soil sensor in the medium and allow the sensor to stabilize for one hour.

Next, set the **100%AD** calibration set point to the **Now AD** value.

6.7.19.3 Customize and Reset

Once the 0%AD and 100%AD are entered, set **Customize** to **ON**. To return to the non-calibrated settings, set

Customize to OFF. Select **Reset** to restore to factory default.

Calibration

| Channel | Soil Moisture | Now AD | 0%AD | 100%AD | Customize | Reset |
|---------|---------------|--------|------|--------|-----------|-------|
| 1 | 3% | 83 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 2 | 62% | 320 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 3 | 0% | 26 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 4 | 51% | 268 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 5 | 29% | 188 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 6 | 0% | 26 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 7 | 66% | 335 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |
| 8 | 63% | 323 | 70 | 500 | OFF | Reset |

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| | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Increase value | Decrease value | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to home |

Figure 50

To adjust the parameter, press to scroll to the parameter you wish to change. Press to highlight the sign (positive vs. negative, if applicable) and significant digit. Press or to change the calibrated value.

6.7.20 Multi-Channel Temperature and Humidity Calibration

For general information on temperature and humidity calibration, reference Section 6.9, Calibration.

Calibration

| Channel | Temperature | Humidity | Temp. Offset | Humi. Offset | Reset |
|---------|-------------|----------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| 1 | -- | -- | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 2 | 82.2°F | 45% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 3 | 80.8°F | 46% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 4 | 81.0°F | 47% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 5 | 81.0°F | 46% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 6 | 81.3°F | 47% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 7 | 14.7°F | 49% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |
| 8 | 81.3°F | 45% | 0.0 | 0 | Reset |

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| | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Increase value | Decrease value | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to home |

Figure 39

The calibrated temperature and humidity equations are as follows:

$$\text{Calibrated Temperature} = \text{Measured Temperature} + \text{Temp. Offset}$$

$$\text{Calibrated Humidity} = \text{Measured Humidity} + \text{Humidity Offset}$$

To adjust the parameter, press to scroll to the parameter you wish to change. Press to highlight the sign (positive vs. negative, if applicable) and significant digit. Press or to change the calibrated value.

6.7.21 PM2.5 Air Quality Sensor Calibration

Calibration

| Channel | PM2.5 | PM2.5 Offset | Reset |
|---------|---------|--|--|
| Outdoor | -- | <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="0"/> | <input style="background-color: #ccc; border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="button" value="Reset"/> |
| Indoor | 37ug/m³ | <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="0"/> | <input style="background-color: #ccc; border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="button" value="Reset"/> |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase value | Decrease value | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to home |

Figure 52

The calibrated PM2.5 equations are as follows:

$$\text{Calibrated PM2.5} = \text{Measured PM2.5} + \text{PM2.5 Offset}$$

To adjust the parameter, press  to scroll to the parameter you wish to change. Press  to highlight the significant digit. Press  or  to change the calibrated value.

6.7.22 Sensors ID

The console supports multiple sensors and sensor arrays. You can disable or enable specific sensors.

To view a complete list of sensor IDs, visit:

<https://help.ambientweather.net/help/sensor-abbreviations-for-ws-2000-c-display-console/>

For the WS-5000 weather station, the following sensor IDs are assigned:

WS80BN: Ultrasonic sensor array


WH40E: Rain gauge

WH32B: Indoor thermo-hygrometer-barometer

| Sensor | Signal | ID | CH | Sensor | Signal | ID | CH | Sensor | Signal | ID |
|--------|--------|---------|-----|--------|--------|------|----|--------|--------|------|
| WH65 | | 2f | OUT | PM2.5 | ---- | | 2 | WH31SM | | c4c6 |
| WH32B | | 49 | IN | PM2.5 | ---- | | 3 | WH31SM | | c4a7 |
| WH32E | | Disable | 1 | T&H | | ca | 4 | WH31SM | | c4ad |
| WS80BN | | ---- | 2 | T&H | | 77 | 5 | WH31SM | | c51b |
| WH40E | | ---- | 3 | T&H | | 11 | 6 | WH31SM | | c4b5 |
| WH31L | | c4ae | 4 | T&H | | cd | 7 | WH31SM | | c4c5 |
| WH45 | | 0 | 5 | T&H | | 78 | 8 | WH31SM | | c68f |
| | | | 6 | T&H | | 8e | 1 | Leak | | ---- |
| | | | 7 | T&H | | 19 | 2 | Leak | | ---- |
| | | | 8 | T&H | | 17 | 3 | Leak | | ---- |
| | | | 1 | WH31SM | | c4bc | 4 | Leak | | d4a7 |

| | | | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| Select field | | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | return to Setup |

Figure 40

To register, disable or select a specific sensor, press the  button to edit and save settings.

| Sensor | Signal | ID | CH | Sensor | Signal | ID | CH | Sensor | Signal | ID |
|--------|--------|---------|-----|--------|--------|----|----|--------|--------|------|
| WH65 | | 2f | OUT | PM2.5 | ---- | | 2 | WH31SM | | c4c6 |
| WH32B | | 49 | IN | PM2.5 | ---- | | 3 | WH31SM | | c4a7 |
| WH32E | | Disable | 1 | T&H | | ca | 4 | WH31SM | | c4ad |
| WS80BN | | ---- | | | | | | WH31SM | | c51b |
| WH40E | | ---- | | | | | | WH31SM | | c4b5 |
| WH31L | | c4ae | | | | | | WH31SM | | c4c5 |
| WH45 | | 0 | | | | | | WH31SM | | c68f |
| | | | | | | | | Leak | | ---- |
| | | | | | | | | Leak | | ---- |
| | | | | | | | | Leak | | ---- |
| | | | | | | | | Leak | | d4a7 |

Figure 41

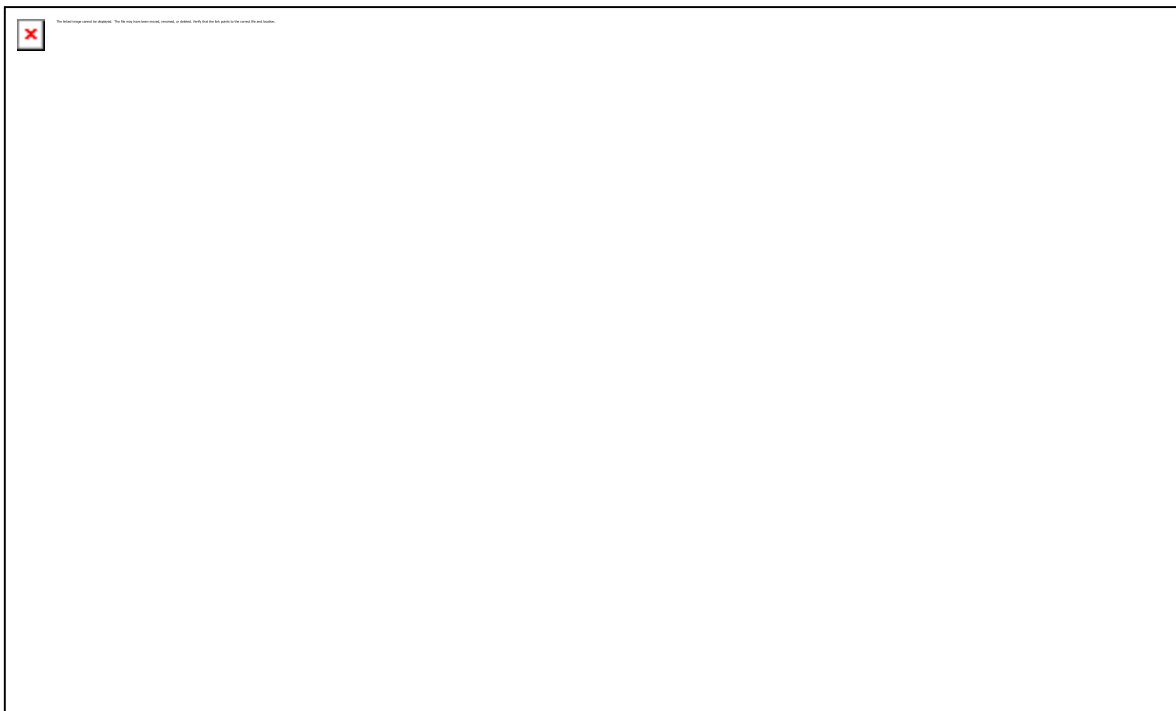





Figure 55


6.8 Alarm Mode



The upper alarm is displayed on the right and the lower alarm is displayed on the left. If the measured value is greater than the maximum alarm setting, the alarm will sound. If the measured value is less than the minimum alarm setting, the alarm will sound.

To adjust the alarm, press  to scroll to the alarm setting you wish to change. Press  to highlight the sign (positive vs. negative) and significant digit. Press  to change the value.

To set the alarm,, press  to highlight the alarm symbol  and press  to toggle the alarm ON or OFF.

When a weather alarm condition has been triggered, the alarm will sound for 120 seconds and the corresponding icon  will flash red for the high alert limit, and blue for the low alert limit, until the weather condition is no longer present. Press any key to mute the alarm.

You can also set a time of day alarm using the same method.

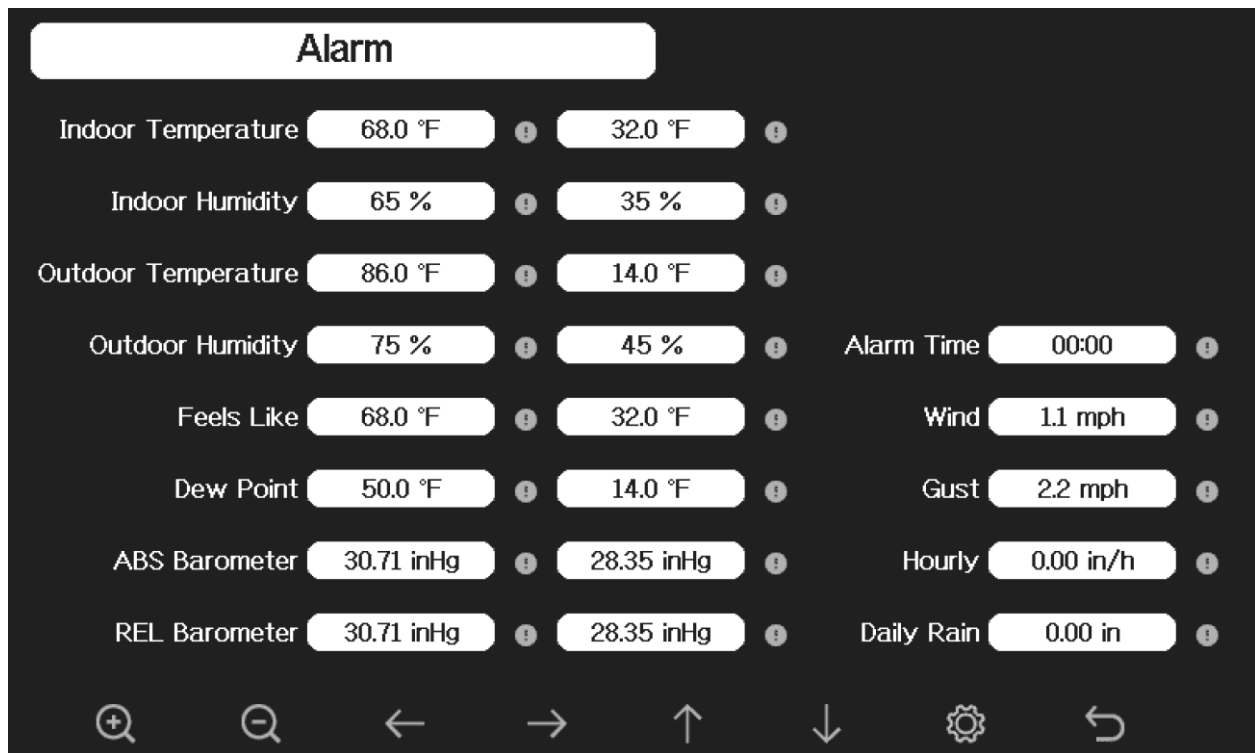








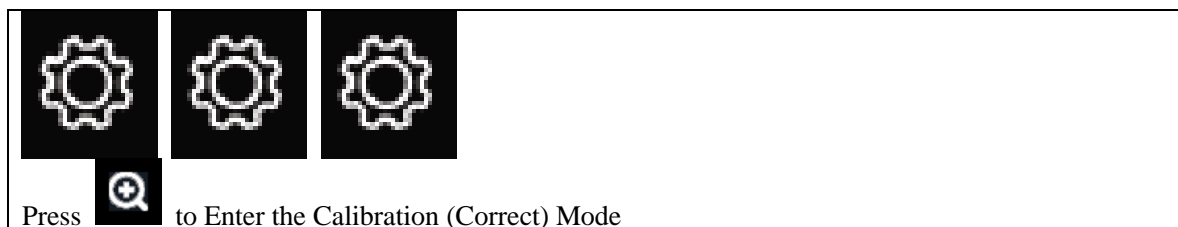


Figure 56

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase alarm limit values | Decrease alarm limit values | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | Enter sub-setup mode | return to home |

6.9 Calibration Mode



Calibration

Indoor Temperature 77.7 °F

Indoor Humidity 67 %

Outdoor Temperature 77.2 °F

Outdoor Humidity 65 %

ABS Barometer 29.78 inHg

REL Barometer 29.78 inHg

Wind Direction 58

Solar Rad. Gain 1.00

1w/m² = 126.7 lux

UV Gain 1.00

Wind Gain 1.00

Rain Gain 1.00

Daily Rain 0.00 in









Weekly Rain 0.00 in





Monthly Rain 0.00 in

Yearly Rain 0.00 in

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Figure 57

| | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase calibrated value | Decrease calibrated value | Select value | Select value | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | Enter sub-setup mode | return to home |

To adjust the parameter, press  to scroll to the parameter you wish to change. Press  to highlight the sign (positive vs. negative, if applicable) and significant digit. Press  or  to change the calibrated value.

| Parameter | Type of Calibration | Default | Typical Calibration Source |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|---|
| Temperature | Offset | Current Value | Red Spirit or Mercury Thermometer (1) |
| Humidity | Offset | Current Value | Sling Psychrometer (2) |
| ABS Barometer | Offset | Current Value | Calibrated laboratory grade barometer |
| REL Barometer | Offset | Current Value | Local airport (3) |
| Wind Direction | Offset | Current Value | GPS, Compass (4) |
| Solar Radiation | Gain | 1.00 | Calibrated laboratory grade solar radiation sensor |
| 1 w/m ² | Gain | 126.7 lux | Solar radiation conversion from lux to w/m ² for wavelength correction (5) |
| Wind | Gain | 1.00 | Calibrated laboratory grade wind meter (6) |
| Rain | Gain | 1.00 | Sight glass rain gauge with an aperture of at least 4" (7) |
| Daily Rain | Offset | Current Value | Apply an offset if the weather station was not operating for the entire day. |
| Weekly Rain | Offset | Current Value | Apply an offset if the weather station was not operating for the entire week. |
| Monthly Rain | Offset | Current Value | Apply an offset if the weather station was not operating for the entire month. |
| Yearly Rain | Offset | Current Value | Apply an offset if the weather station was not operating for the entire year. |

(1) Temperature errors can occur when a sensor is placed too close to a heat source (such as a building structure,

the ground or trees).

To calibrate temperature, we recommend a mercury or red spirit (fluid) thermometer. Bi-metal (dial) and digital thermometers (from other weather stations) are not a good source and have their own margin of error. Using a local weather station in your area is also a poor source due to changes in location, timing (airport weather stations are only updated once per hour) and possible calibration errors (many official weather stations are not properly installed and calibrated).

Place the sensor in a shaded, controlled environment next to the fluid thermometer, and allow the sensor to stabilize for 48 hours. Compare this temperature to the fluid thermometer and adjust the tablet to match the fluid thermometer.

- (2) Humidity is a difficult parameter to measure electronically and drifts over time due to contamination. In addition, location has an adverse effect on humidity readings (installation over dirt vs. lawn for example).

Official stations recalibrate or replace humidity sensors on a yearly basis. Due to manufacturing tolerances, the humidity is accurate to $\pm 5\%$. To improve this accuracy, the indoor and outdoor humidity can be calibrated using an accurate source, such as a sling psychrometer.

- (3) The display tablet displays two different pressures: absolute (measured) and relative (corrected to sea-level).

To compare pressure conditions from one location to another, meteorologists correct pressure to sea-level conditions. Because the air pressure decreases as you rise in altitude, the sea-level corrected pressure (the pressure your location would be at if located at sea-level) is generally higher than your measured pressure.

Thus, your absolute pressure may read 28.62 inHg (969 mb) at an altitude of 1000 feet (305 m), but the relative pressure is 30.00 inHg (1016 mb).

The standard sea-level pressure is 29.92 in Hg (1013 mb). This is the average sea-level pressure around the world. Relative pressure measurements greater than 29.92 inHg (1013 mb) are considered high pressure and relative pressure measurements less than 29.92 inHg are considered low pressure.

To determine the relative pressure for your location, locate an official reporting station near you (the internet is the best source for real time barometer conditions, such as Weather.com or Wunderground.com), and set your weather station to match the official reporting station.

- (4) Only use this if you improperly installed the weather station sensor array and did not point the direction reference to true north.
- (5) The default conversion factor based on the wavelength for bright sunlight is $126.7 \text{ lux} / \text{w/m}^2$. This variable can be adjusted by photovoltaic experts based on the light wavelength of interest, but for most weather station owners, is accurate for typical applications, such as calculating evapotranspiration and solar panel efficiency.
- (6) Wind speed is the most sensitive to installation constraints. The rule of thumb for properly installing a wind speed sensor is 4 x the distance of the tallest obstruction. For example, if your house is 20' tall and you mount the sensor on a 5' pole:

$$\text{Distance} = 4 \times (20 - 5)' = 60'.$$

Many installations are not perfect and installing the weather station on a roof can be difficult. Thus, you can calibrate for this error with a wind speed multiplier.


In addition to the installation challenges, wind cup bearings (moving parts) wear over time.

Without a calibrated source, wind speed can be difficult to measure. We recommend using a calibrated wind meter (available from Ambient Weather) and a constant speed, high speed fan.

- (7) The rain collector is calibrated at the factory based on the funnel diameter. The bucket tips every 0.004" of rain (referred to as resolution). The accumulated rainfall can be compared to a sight glass rain gauge with an aperture of at least 4". The following is a link to an accurate sight glass rain gauge:

<http://www.ambientweather.com/stpraga.html>

Make sure you periodically clean the rain gauge funnel.

 **Note:** The purpose of calibration is to fine tune or correct for any sensor error associated with the devices margin of error. Errors can occur due to electronic variation (example, the temperature sensor is a resistive thermal device or RTD, the humidity sensor is a capacitance device), mechanical variation, or degradation (wearing of moving parts, contamination of sensors).

Calibration is only useful if you have a known calibrated source you can compare it against and is optional. This section discusses practices, procedures and sources for sensor calibration to reduce manufacturing and degradation errors. Do not compare your readings obtained from sources such as the internet, radio, television or newspapers. The purpose of your weather station is to measure conditions of your surroundings, which vary significantly from location to location.

6.10 Factory and Data Export

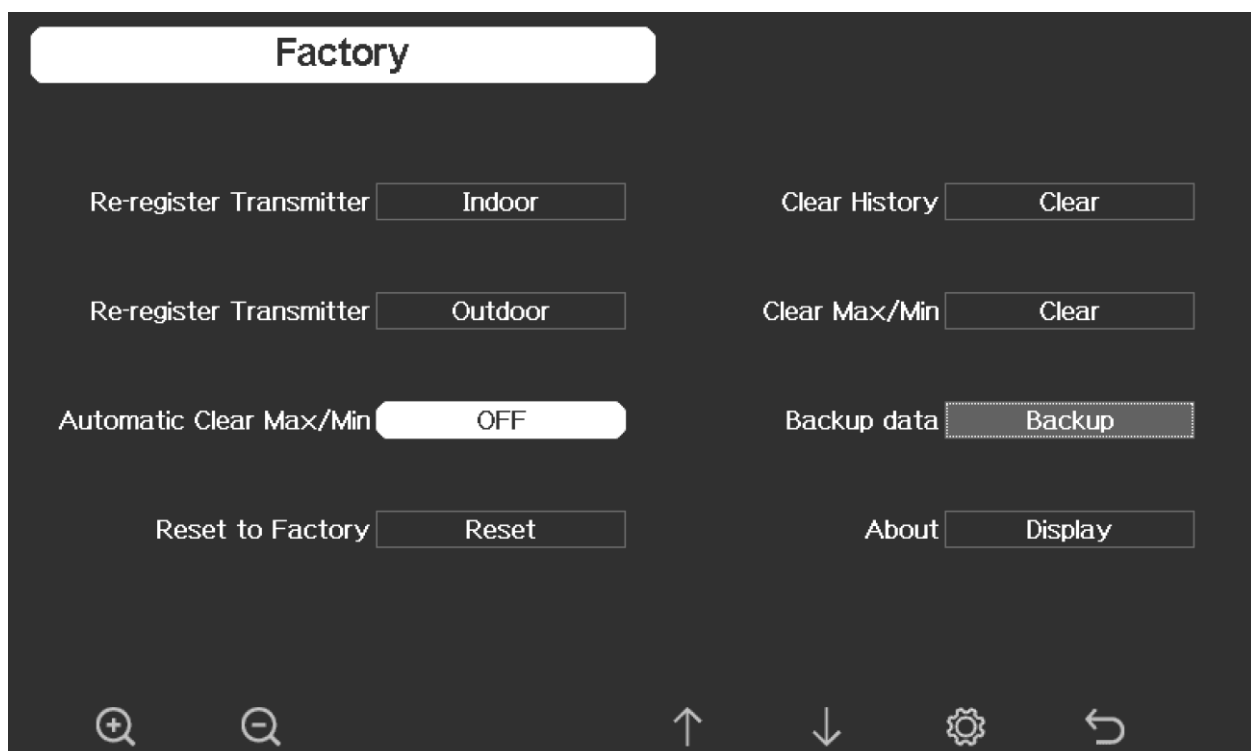
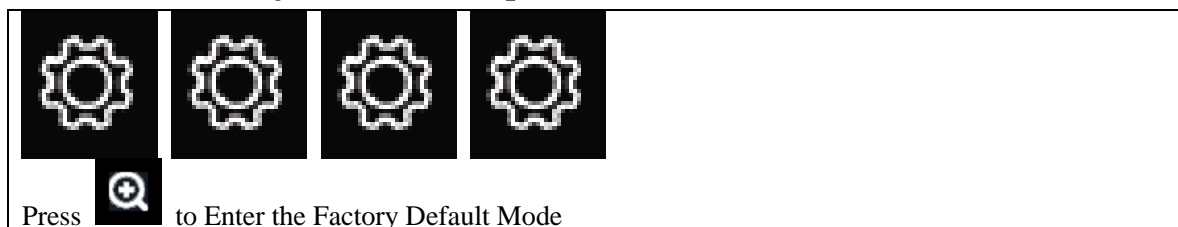












Figure 42









| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Select Setting | Select Setting | Scroll left | Scroll right | Scroll field up | Scroll field down | Enter sub-setup mode | return to home |


1. **Re-register Transmitter Indoor.** Re-synchronizes the wireless signal from the indoor









thermo-hygrometer-barometer. Press  to highlight this field.


Press  or  key to select re-register indoor transmitter. Press  or  key to popup the Message Box” Are you sure you want to register the new indoor transmitter?” Press  or  to select Yes or No. Press the  key or  key to confirm the selection.


2. **Re-register Transmitter Outdoor.** Re-synchronizes the wireless signal from the outdoor sensor array. Press  to highlight this field.


Press  or  key to select re-register indoor transmitter. Press  or  key to popup the Message Box” Are you sure you want to register the new outdoor transmitter?” Press  or  to select Yes or No. Press the  or  key to confirm the selection.







3. **Clear History.** Clears all the historical data in archive memory. Press  to highlight this field.

Press  or  key to select re-register indoor transmitter. Press  or  key to popup the Message Box” Are you sure you want to clear history?” Press  or  to select Yes or No. Press  or  key to confirm the selection.

4. **Automatic Clear Max/Min.** Clears all the minimum and maximum values in stored memory at Midnight every day. Press  to highlight this field.

Press  to switch between automatic clear manually (OFF) or automatic clear daily (ON).

5. **Reset to Factory.** Clears all stored memory, calibrations and other variables to factory default. Press  to highlight this field.


Press  to proceed. Press  or  key to popup the Message Box” Are you sure you want to reset to factory default?” Press  or  to select Yes or No. Press  key to confirm the selection.

6. **Backup data.** Backup data to micro SD / TF card (see the Accessories section of this manual for more information on micro SD / TF cards). Insert the micro SD / TF Card into the slot, as shown in Figure 21.

Press the  key to select Backup data. Press the  key to popup the Message Box **Copy history**

data to SD card? Press  to select OK or Cancel. Press  key to confirm the selection.

The data is stored in comma separated value (csv) file format, which can be opened in Microsoft Excel. The TF card can be read by a computer with an SD card adaptor.

It may take several minutes to write the data to the SD Card. The popup message **Successful completion of the backup.** will be displayed. Press  to return.

6.10.1 Exporting Data File Format (Data Logging)

Plug the Micro SD Card into your computer and view the SD Card Drive. There are two files listed.

History_YYYYDD.csv: The history data file as shown in Figure 44.

YYYYDD.csv: The remaining data during the download. For example, if it takes three minutes to download, it the last three minutes of data.

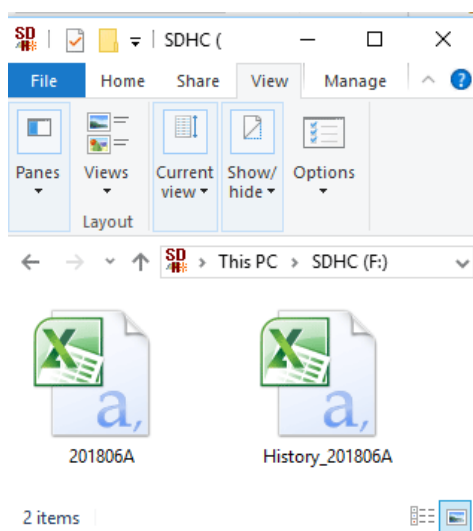


Figure 439

The format of the data is csv (comma separated value) and can be opened in a spreadsheet program such as Microsoft Excel for advanced data analysis, with the following headers:

| Column | Parameter |
|--------|--------------------------|
| 1 | No (data point number) |
| 2 | Time |
| 3 | Indoor Temperature (°F) |
| 4 | Indoor Humidity (%) |
| 5 | Outdoor Temperature (°F) |
| 6 | Outdoor Humidity (%) |
| 7 | Dew Point (°F) |
| 8 | Feels Like (°F) |
| 9 | Wind (mph) |
| 10 | Gust (mph) |
| 11 | Wind Direction (°) |
| 12 | ABS Barometer (inHg) |
| 13 | REL Barometer (inHg) |
| 14 | Solar Rad. (lux) |
| 15 | UV Index |
| 16 | Rain Rate (in/h) |

| | |
|----|-------------------|
| 17 | Event Rain (in) |
| 18 | Daily Rain (in) |
| 19 | Weekly Rain (in) |
| 20 | Monthly Rain (in) |
| 21 | Yearly Rain (in) |

Figure 44

6.10.2 Exporting Channel 1-8 Data

The SD Card must be inserted into the console and remain inserted to record channel 1-8 sensor data. Whenever there is a new data set recorded, it will be added to this file.

The sensor data is not saved to on-board flash due to memory constraints; it is only saved to the SD card.

YYYYCH1A.csv is the channel sensor data and is only generated when the SD Card is inserted into the tablet.

6.10.3 About

Provides detailed information for troubleshooting purposes.

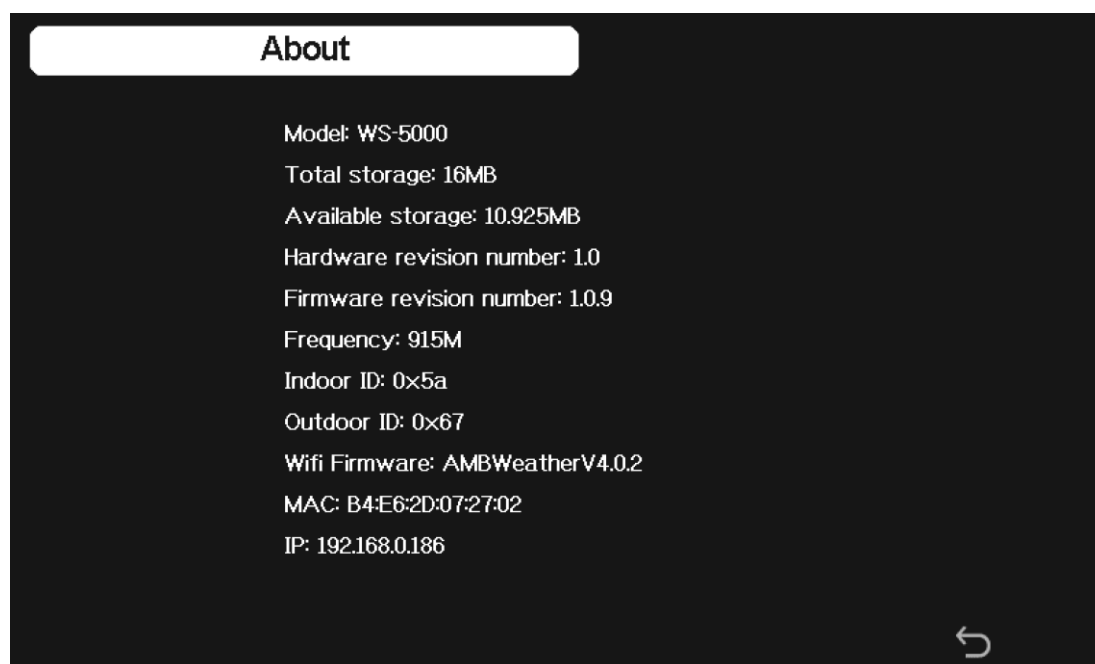


Figure 61

7. Glossary of Terms

| Term | Definition |
|------------------------------|---|
| Absolute Barometric Pressure | Absolute pressure is the measured atmospheric pressure and is a function of altitude, and to a lesser extent, changes in weather conditions. Absolute pressure is not corrected to sea-level conditions. <i>Refer to Relative Barometric Pressure.</i> |
| Accuracy | Accuracy is defined as the ability of a measurement to match the actual value of the quantity being measured. |
| Barometer | A barometer is an instrument used to measure atmospheric pressure. |
| Calibration | Calibration is a comparison between measurements – one of known magnitude or correctness of one device (standard) and another measurement made in as similar a way as possible with a second device (instrument). |

| Term | Definition |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dew Point | <p>The dew point is the temperature at which a given parcel of humid air must be cooled, at constant barometric pressure, for water vapor to condense into water. The condensed water is called dew. The dew point is a saturation temperature.</p> <p>The dew point is associated with relative humidity. A high relative humidity indicates that the dew point is closer to the current air temperature. Relative humidity of 100% indicates the dew point is equal to the current temperature and the air is maximally saturated with water. When the dew point remains constant and temperature increases, relative humidity will decrease.</p> |
| Feels Like | <p>The Feels Like temperature is a combination of Heat Index when it is hot outside, and Wind Chill when it is cold outside.</p> <p>Wind Chill temperature is defined by the National Weather Service for temperatures at or below 40 °F and wind speeds above 5.0 mph.</p> <p>Heat Index is not valid or calculated below 80 degF.</p> <p>Thus, when the outdoor temperature is between 40 degF and 80 degF, the feels like temperature is the same as the outdoor temperature.</p> <p>If the temperature is below 40 degF, the feels like temperature is the same as the outdoor temperature when the wind speed is less than 5 mph.</p> |
| Hectopascals (hPa) | Pressure units in SI (international system) units of measurement. Same as millibars (1 hPa = 1 mbar) |
| Hygrometer | A hygrometer is a device that measures relative humidity. Relative humidity is a term used to describe the amount or percentage of water vapor that exists in air. |
| Inches of Mercury (inHg) | <p>Pressure in Imperial units of measure.</p> <p>1 inch of mercury = 33.86 millibars</p> |
| Rain Gauge | <p>A rain gauge is a device that measures liquid precipitation (rain), as opposed to solid precipitation (snow gauge) over a set period.</p> <p>All digital rain gauges are self-emptying or self-dumping (also referred to as tipping rain gauge). The precision of the rain gauge is based on the volume of rain per emptying cycle.</p> |
| Range | Range is defined as the amount or extent a value can be measured. |
| Relative Barometric Pressure | Measured barometric pressure relative to your location or ambient conditions. |
| Resolution | Resolution is defined as the number of significant digits (decimal places) to which a value is being reliably measured. |
| Solar Radiation | <p>A solar radiation sensor measures solar energy from the sun.</p> <p>Solar radiation is radiant energy emitted by the sun from a nuclear fusion reaction that creates electromagnetic energy. The spectrum of solar radiation is close to that of a black object with a temperature of about 5800 K. About half of the radiation is in the visible short-wave part of the electromagnetic spectrum. The other half is mostly in the near-infrared part, with some in the ultraviolet part of the spectrum.</p> |
| Thermometer | A thermometer is a device that measures temperature. Most digital thermometers are resistive thermal devices (RTD). RTDs measure changes in temperature as a function of electrical resistance. |
| Wind Vane | A wind vane is a device that measures the direction of the wind. The wind vane is usually combined with the anemometer. Wind direction is the direction from which the wind is blowing. |

Figure 4562

8. Specifications

8.1 Wireless Specifications

- Line of sight wireless sensor array RF transmission (in open air): 1,000 feet, 300 feet under most conditions
- Line of sight Wi-Fi RF transmission (in open air): 80 feet
- Update Rate: Outdoor Sensor: 4.9 seconds, Indoor Sensor: 49 seconds
- Sensor Array RF Frequency: 915 MHz
- Wi-Fi Tablet RF Frequency: 2.4 GHz

8.2 Measurement Specifications

The following table provides the specifications for the measured parameters.

| Measurement | Range | Accuracy | Resolution |
|---------------------|---|---|------------|
| Indoor Temperature | 14 to 140 °F | ± 2 °F | 0.1 °F |
| Outdoor Temperature | -40 to 149 °F (lithium batteries) -23 to 140 °F (alkaline batteries) | ± 2 °F | 0.1 °F |
| Indoor Humidity | 10 to 99% | ± 5% | 1 % |
| Outdoor Humidity | 10 to 99% | ± 5% | 1 % |
| Barometric Pressure | 8.85 to 32.50 inHg | ± 0.08 inHg (within range of 27.13 to 32.50 inHg) | 0.01 inHg |
| Light | 0 to 300,000 Lux | ± 15% | 1 Lux |
| Rain | 0 to 236 in. | ± 5% | 0.004 in |
| Wind Direction | 0 - 360 ° | ± 5° | 1° |
| Wind Speed | 0 to 89 mph (operational) | < 22 mph, +/- 1 mph ≥ 22 mph, +/-5% | 1 mph |

Figure 63

Transmission distance in open field: 300m (1000 ft)

Sensor reporting interval: 4.75 seconds

RF Frequency: 915 MHz

8.3 Power Consumption

- Display Tablet: 5V DC Adaptor (included), Power Consumption: 0.5 Watts (1.25 Watts during Wi-Fi configuration mode)
- Outdoor sensor array: 2xAA batteries (not included). The primary power source is the solar panel. The batteries provide backup power when there is limited solar energy.
- Indoor sensor: 2xAA batteries (not included).
- Rain Gauge:

9. Maintenance

1. Clean the rain gauge once every 3 months. Rotate the funnel counterclockwise and lift to expose the rain gauge mechanism, and clean with a damp cloth. Remove any dirt, debris and insects. If bug infestation is an issue, spray the array lightly with insecticide.

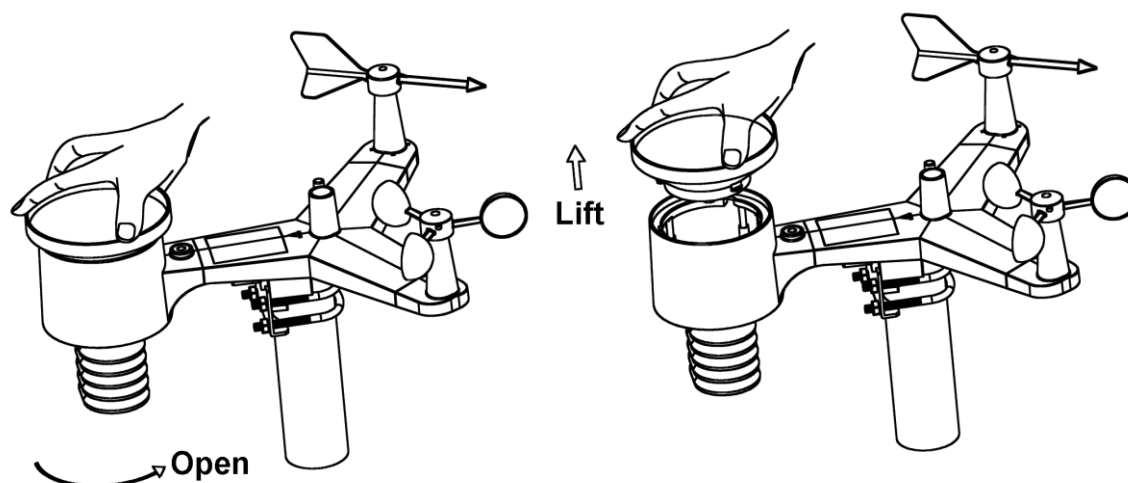


Figure 46


2. Clean the solar radiation sensor and solar panel every 3 months with damp cloth.
3. Replace batteries every 1-2 years. If left in too long, the batteries may leak due to environmental challenges. In harsh environments, inspect the batteries every 3 months (when cleaning the solar panel).
4. When replacing the batteries, apply a corrosion preventive compound on the battery terminals, available at Amazon and most hardware stores.
5. In snowy environments, spray the top of the weather station with anti-icing silicon spray to prevent snow build up.

10. Troubleshooting Guide

If your question is not answered here, you can contact us as follows:

1. Online Support: <https://ambientweather.net/product/ws-5000>
2. Email Support: support@ambientweather.com
3. Technical Support: 480-346-3380 (M-F 8am to 4pm Arizona Time)

| Problem | Solution |
|--|---|
| Outdoor sensor array does not communicate to the display tablet. | <p>Reset the sensor array. Press the reset button as described in Error! Reference source not found., #12.</p> <p>With an open-ended paperclip, press the reset button for 3 seconds to completely discharge the voltage.</p> <p>Take out the batteries and wait one minute, while covering the solar panel to drain the voltage.</p> <p>Put batteries back in and resync the tablet with the sensor array about 10 feet away.</p> <p>The LED next to the battery compartment will flash every 5 seconds. If the LED is not flashing every 5 seconds...</p> <p>Replace the batteries in the outside sensor array.</p> <p>If the batteries were recently replaced, check the polarity. If the sensor is flashing every 5 seconds, proceed to the next step.</p> <p>There may be a temporary loss of communication due to reception loss related to interference or other location factors,</p> <p>or the batteries may have been changed in the sensor array and the tablet has not been reset. The solution may be as simple as powering down and up the tablet (remove AC</p> |

| Problem | Solution |
|--|--|
| | power, wait 10 seconds, and reinsert AC power). |
| Temperature sensor reads too high in the daytime. | <p>Make certain that the sensor array is not too close to heat generating sources or structures, such as buildings, pavement, walls or air conditioning units.</p> <p>Use the calibration feature to offset installation issues related to radiant heat sources. Reference Section 6.9.</p> |
| Relative pressure does not agree with official reporting station | <p>You may be viewing the absolute pressure, not the relative pressure.</p> <p>Select the relative pressure. Make sure you properly calibrate the sensor to an official local weather station. Reference Section 6.9..</p> |
| Rain gauge reports rain when it is not raining | An unstable mounting solution (sway in the mounting pole) may result in the tipping bucket incorrectly incrementing rainfall. Make sure you have a stable, level mounting solution. |
| Data not reporting to Wunderground.com | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Confirm your station ID and station Key is correct. 2. Make sure the date and time is correct on the tablet. If incorrect, you may be reporting old data, not real time data. 3. Make sure your time zone is set properly. If incorrect, you may be reporting old data, not real time data. 4. Check your router firewall settings. The tablet sends data via Port 80. |
| No Wi-Fi connection | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for Wi-Fi symbol on the display. If wireless connectivity is successful, the Wi-Fi icon  will be displayed in the time field. 2. Make sure your modem Wi-Fi settings are correct (network name, and password). 3. Make sure the tablet is plugged into AC power. The tablet will not connect to Wi-Fi when powered by batteries only. 4. The tablet only supports and connects to 2.4 GHz routers. If you own a 5 GHz router, and it is a dual band router, you will need to disable the 5 GHz band, and enable the 2.4 GHz band. |

| Problem | Solution |
|---|--|
| | 5. The tablet does not support guest networks. |
| Exclamation point ! next to the Wi-Fi icon | If there is an exclamation point ! next to the Wi-Fi icon on the WS-5000 display, it means the display is connected to Wi-Fi but the Wi-Fi is not connected to the Internet. Make sure the 2.4 GHz band on your router is connected to the Internet. If the problem persists, try rebooting your router. |
| Wind Vane does not spin as freely as the wind cups. | This is by design. The dampening prevents the wind vane from spinning with the slightest breeze, which will result in variable wind all the time. The added resistance allows the wind vane to change direction with 2 – 3 mph, providing a much better wind direction tracking. |
| Time off by increments of an hour, or date is off by one day. | The time zone is entered incorrectly. Reference Section 6.7.1. |

Figure 65

11. Accessories

The following software and hardware accessories are available for this weather station at www.AmbientWeather.com.

| Accessory | Description |
|--|--|
| Ambient Weather Mounting Solutions | Ambient Weather provides the most comprehensive mounting solutions for weather stations, including tripods, pole extensions, pole mounting kits, ground stakes and more. |
| WS-2000-C | Add as many display tablets as you like to your weather station. |

Figure 66

12. Liability Disclaimer

Please help in the preservation of the environment and return used batteries to an authorized depot.

The electrical and electronic wastes contain hazardous substances. Disposal of electronic waste in wild country and/or in unauthorized grounds strongly damages the environment.

Reading the “User manual” is highly recommended. The manufacturer and supplier cannot accept any responsibility for any incorrect readings and any consequences that occur should an inaccurate reading take place.

This product is designed for use in the home only as indication of weather conditions. This product is not to be used for medical purposes or for public safety information.

The specifications of this product may change without prior notice.

This product is not a toy. Keep out of the reach of children.

No part of this manual may be reproduced without written authorization of the manufacturer.

Ambient, LLC WILL NOT ASSUME LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, OR OTHER SIMILAR DAMAGES ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATION OR MALFUNCTION OF THIS PRODUCT.

13. FCC Statement

Statement according to FCC part 15.19:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Statement according to FCC part 15.21:

Modifications not expressly approved by this company could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Statement according to FCC part 15.105:

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a

residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

14. Warranty Information

Ambient, LLC provides a 1-year limited warranty on this product against manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship.

This limited warranty begins on the original date of purchase, is valid only on products purchased and only to the original purchaser of this product. To receive warranty service, the purchaser must contact Ambient, LLC for problem determination and service procedures.

Warranty service can only be performed by an Ambient, LLC. The original dated bill of sale must be presented upon request as proof of purchase to Ambient, LLC.

Your Ambient, LLC warranty covers all defects in material and workmanship with the following specified exceptions: (1) damage caused by accident, unreasonable use or neglect (lack of reasonable and necessary maintenance); (3) damage resulting from failure to follow instructions contained in your owner's manual; (4) damage resulting from the performance of repairs or alterations by someone other than an authorized Ambient, LLC authorized service center; (5) units used for other than personal use (6) applications and uses that this product was not intended (7) the products inability to receive a signal due to any source of interference or metal obstructions and (8) extreme acts of nature, such as lightning strikes or floods.

This warranty covers only actual defects within the product itself and does not cover the cost of installation or removal from a fixed installation, normal set-up or adjustments, claims based on misrepresentation by the seller or performance variations resulting from installation-related circumstances.

15. California Prop 65

WARNING: Use of the Ambient Weather Products can expose you to chemicals, including lead and lead compounds, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and bisphenol A (BPA), and phthalates DINP and/or DEHP, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Can I Trust that Ambient Weather Products are Safe Despite this Warning?

In 1986, California voters approved the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act known as Proposition 65 or Prop 65. The purpose of Proposition 65 is to ensure that people are informed about exposure to chemicals known by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm. A company with ten or more employees that operates within the State of California (or sells products in California) must comply with the requirements of Proposition 65. To comply, businesses are: (1) prohibited from knowingly discharging listed chemicals into sources of drinking water; and (2) required to provide a "clear and reasonable" warning before knowingly and intentionally exposing anyone to a listed chemical. Proposition 65 mandates that the Governor of California maintain and publish a list of chemicals that are known to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm. The [Prop 65 list](#), which must be updated annually, includes over 1,000 chemicals, including many that are commonly used in the electronics industry.

Although our manufacturing process is "lead-free" and RoHS compliant, it remains possible that trace amounts of lead could be found in components or subassemblies of Ambient Weather Products. Bisphenol A (BPSA) could conceivably be present in minute amounts in our plastic housings, lenses, labels or adhesives, and DEHP & DINP (phthalates) could possibly be found in PVC wire coatings of our cables, housings, and power cords. Unlike RoHS, Prop 65 does not establish a specific threshold for reporting on the substances of concern and instead sets forth a much less definitive standard requiring that the business demonstrate with certainty that there is "no significant risk" resulting from exposure. With respect to carcinogens, the "no significant risk" level is defined as the level which is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. In other words, if you are exposed to the chemical in question at this level every day for 70 years, theoretically, it will increase your

chances of getting cancer by no more than 1 case in 100,000 individuals so exposed. With respect to reproductive toxicants, the "no significant risk" level is defined as the level of exposure which, even if multiplied by 1,000, will not produce birth defects or other reproductive harm. In other words, the level of exposure is below the "no observable effect level," divided by 1,000. (The "no observable effect level" is the highest dose level which has not been associated with observable reproductive harm in humans or test animals.) Proposition 65 does not clarify whether exposure is to be measured only in normal operation, or in the event of misuse such as intentionally damaging, incinerating or consuming an Ambient Weather Product or component and Ambient Weather has not attempted to evaluate the level of exposure.

A Proposition 65 warning means one of two things: (1) the business has evaluated the exposure and has concluded that it exceeds the "no significant risk level"; or (2) the business has chosen to provide a warning simply based on its knowledge about the presence of a listed chemical without attempting to evaluate the exposure. The California government has itself clarified that "The fact that a product bears a Proposition 65 warning does not mean by itself that the product is unsafe." The government has also explained, "You could think of Proposition 65 more as a 'right to know' law than a pure product safety law."

While using Ambient Weather Products as intended, we believe any potential exposure would be negligible or well within the "no significant risk" range. However, to ensure compliance with California law and our customers' right to know, we have elected to place the Proposition 65 warning signs on Ambient Weather Products.

For further information about California's Proposition 65, please visit <https://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/background/p65plain.html>

