

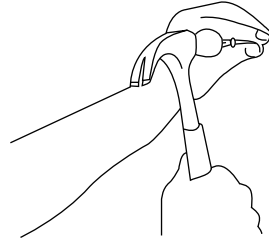
How to find a Stud

1. Easiest method is to purchase a Stud Finder to help mark where the wall studs are.

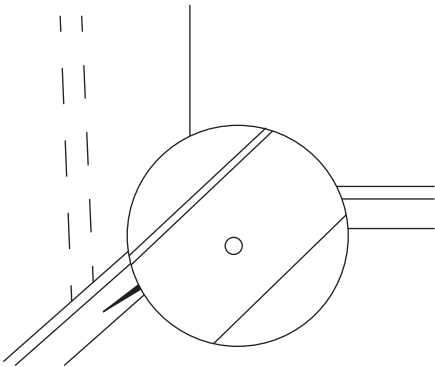


Stud Finder

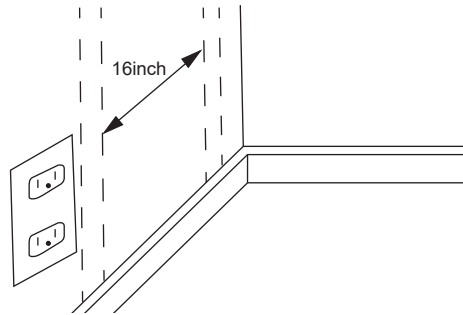
4. Try the Pin test. Drive a pin into the spot on the wall where you think there is a stud. If the pin stops before going all the way in, you have found the stud. If it goes all the way in, there is no stud there.



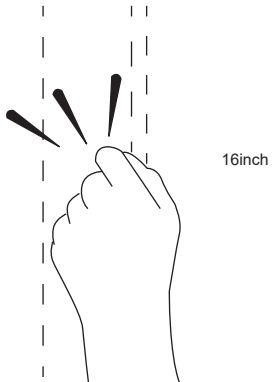
2. Check baseboard or crown molding trims. They are usually attached to studs. Look for small dimples in the trim which is where the nails are covered up with caulk and paint.



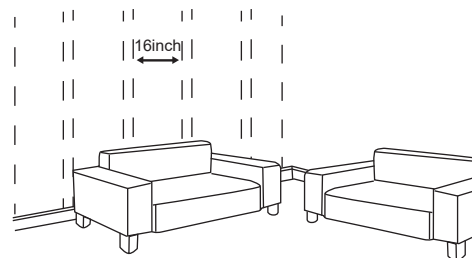
5. Locate electrical switches and outlets on your walls. They are usually attached to the side of a wall stud. Turn power off and remove the switch or outlet cover to see which side of the wall stud it is mounted to. Studs are usually located at 16" intervals on either side of the outlets.



3. Try the Knock Test. Lightly knock on wall. If you hear a hollow sound, there is no stud there. If you hear a solid sound, that is where the wall stud is.

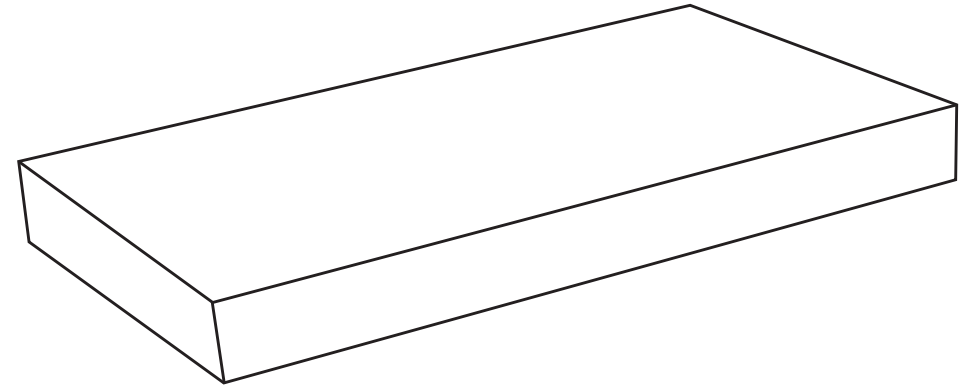


6. Corner to Corner method. Studs are usually 16" apart. Measure from any corner 16" to find a stud. Not all walls are divisible by exactly 16", so some might be slightly less than 16".



Assembly Instruction


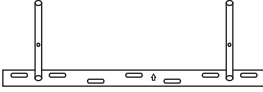




Floating Shelves



Thank you for choosing our products!

We hope you will love it! Please read the assembly instructions carefully.

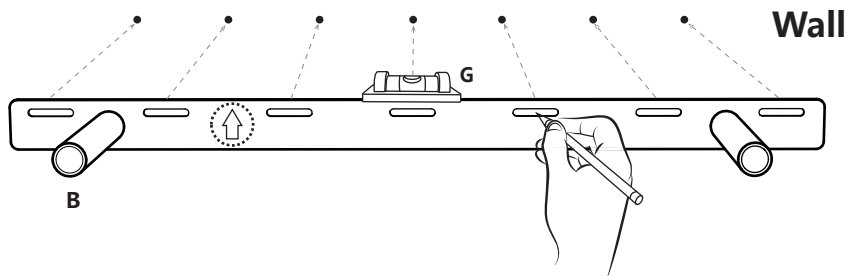
Parts/Hardware Included: Check the last 2 columns based on the sets you choose.

No	Part	Name	Size	Pcs(1 Set)	Pcs(2 Set)
A		Wall Shelf	ALL	1	2
B		Metal Bracket	ALL	1	2
C		Anchors	12" to 15"	4	7
			16" to 23"	6	11
			24" to 30"	8	15
			31" to 41"	10	19
D		Screws	42" to 50"	11	23
			51" to 58"	13	25
			59" to 72"	17	33
F		Short Screws	12" to 41"	3	5
			42" to 72"	4	7
G		Level	ALL	1	

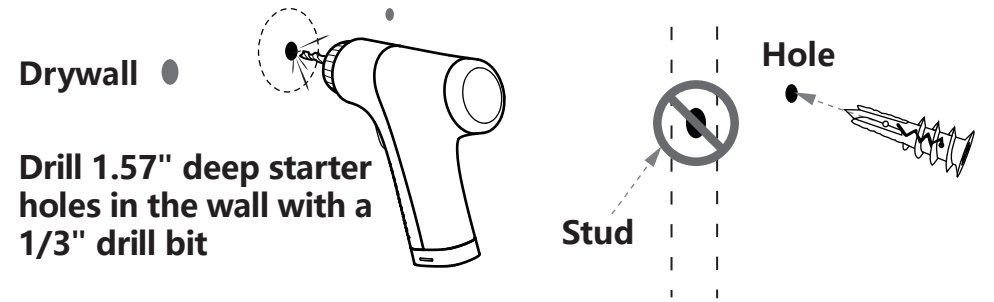
(We added an extra screw and anchor just in case.)

Assembly Instructions:

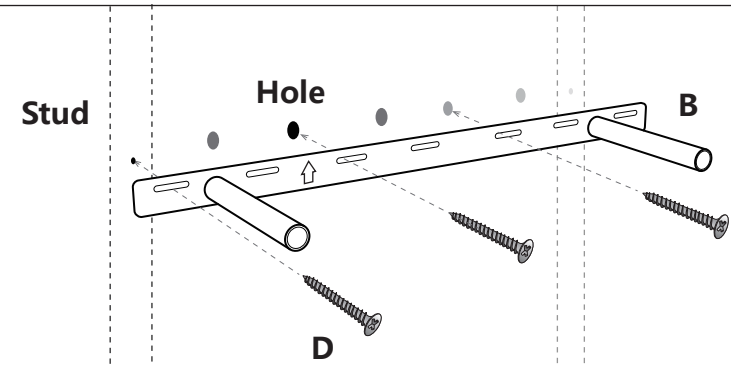
1 Mark each hole position by placing B horizontally on the wall. Use G to make sure it is placed in a straight line. When drilling holes, try to position holes in one or more wall studs for maximum weight capacity.



2 No need to drill holes for anchors if the marked position is already on the stud. If the marked position missed the stud, then drill holes at the marked positions into the dry wall and insert C.



3 Install B onto the wall with screws (D) through the drilled holes. Drive the screws directly onto the wall if the marked position is on the stud. If not, drive the screws into the holes with anchors inside.



4 Place A onto B and ensure it is centered against the wall. Drive F into the pre-drilled holes at the bottom of the board and tighten them. This will prevent it from sliding or toppling over.

