

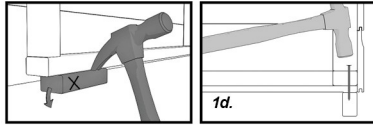
Toolchest

1.a Lay the floor down in the desired position.

1.b Check that this is level using a spirit level before proceeding.

1.c Each floor joist should be as near as possible supported along its full length to prevent the floor from dipping in the middle.

1.d Ensure 65mm nails are driven through the side and gable panel base rails, through the floor boards in a position where they will finally penetrate the floor joist.



65mm Nails

Important

- The floor panel must be laid on a firm level base.
- The underside of this floor must be treated with a quality wood preserver.
- Before starting assembly, you may have to remove transport blocks (marked x) from the bottom of some panels.

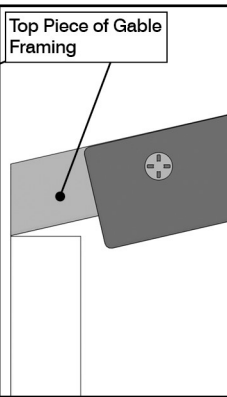
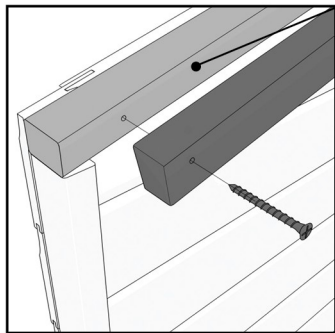
1. Base

4. Prop

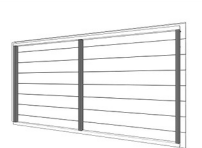
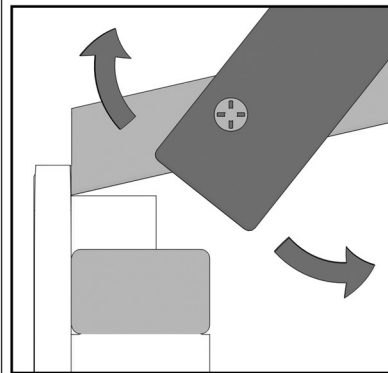
4.a Firstly, line up the prop with the top piece of framing on the gable end. There should be some pre drilled holes which you can use as a guide. Using the 50mm screws provided in your fixing kit, secure the prop in place.

Please Note: If the prop is not flush with the top of the gable then the roof may not close properly when it is shut.

Top Piece of Gable Framing

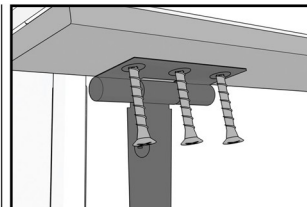
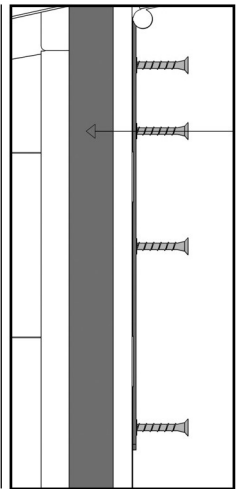
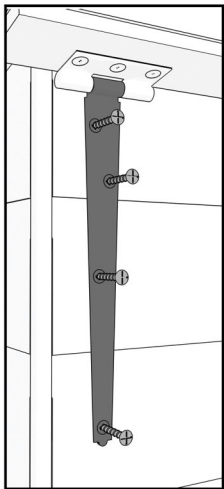


4.b When securing the prop in place make sure that it is tight enough to stay in place but loose enough to allow the prop to pivot up and down. Ensure that the end of the prop does not catch on any of the surrounding framing as it turns.

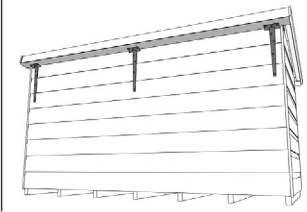


5.b Locate the 3 pieces of vertical framing inside the Toolchest. The hinges will screw in to these from the back.

5.c Screw the hinges in as shown using the 25mm screws in the fixing kit provided. Make sure the screws go securely through in to the framing to ensure a strong hold.



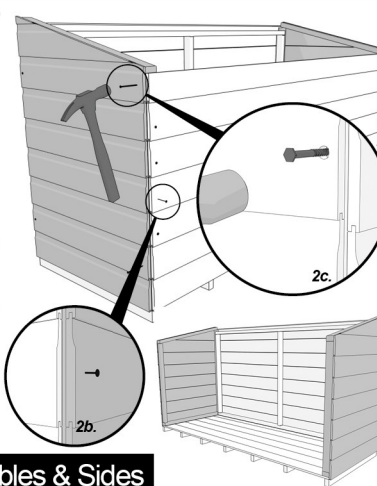
Fix the other half of the hinge in place using the remaining screws.



Standard Sheds - 80mm Coach Screws
Heavy Duty Sheds - 100mm Coach Screws

x8

38mm Nails



2c.

2b.

2.a Position one end gable panel on to one end of the floor panel.

2.b Offer up a side wall panel and secure this to the gable by using the 38mm nails through the sides in to the gables.

2.c Then use the coach screws provided, through the pre-drilled holes in the gable, from the outside.

2.d Place the second gable panel in position and secure this to the side panel, again using the coach screws provided.

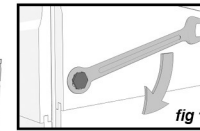


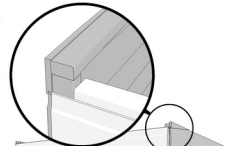
fig 1.

Important

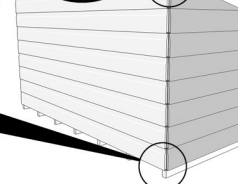
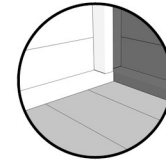
- Check that the sides are at right angles to the gables and to the floor; then tighten all coach screws to secure the sides and the gables. (fig 1)
- The floor panel must be laid on a firm and level base.

2. Gables & Sides

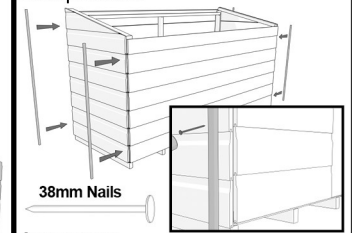
The gables will be taller than the sides to allow for the roof to sit on top of the framing.



Make sure the panels are flush with the corner of the floor to ensure they are properly aligned.



3.a Secure the corner strips at each corner of the shed with the 38mm nails provided.



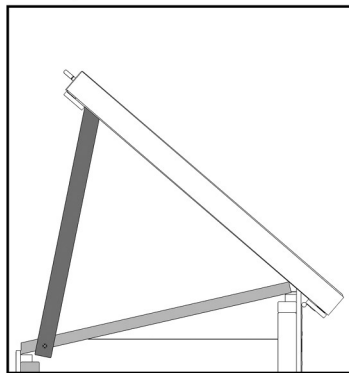
Important:

Please do not confuse these corner strips as window beading. We do not provide window beading as standard with our buildings. Also please be aware that these corner strips may need cutting to size.

3. Corner Strips

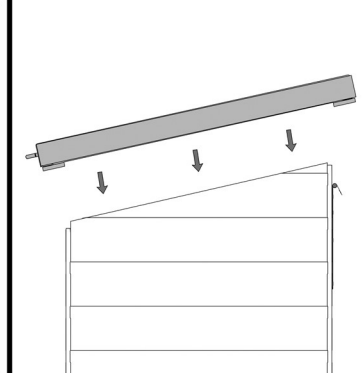
Use 50mm Screws

Successfully installed, the prop should allow you access to the contents without the need to hold open the lid.



5. Installing the Lid

5.a Line up the roof/lid as if it was in a closed position. This will help to align the hinges in to the correct places.



Treat your building annually: Although it may come with a factory basecoat you should treat your new garden building inside and out shortly after installation with a good quality water resistant treatment. This process should then be repeated annually with care taken to brush the treatment into all wooden components involved within the construction of the building, inside and out.

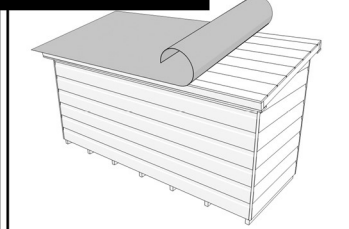
Ensure nothing is in contact with your building: Any overhanging tree or hedge growth poses a threat to your garden building and should be cut back at regular intervals. If a tree branch makes contact with your building it may pierce the roofing felt and encourage water ingress. You should also take care not to allow plants to grow too close to the walls of your building to prevent leaks.

Check and replace any damaged felt: If you do find any damage sustained to your roofing felt over time it is essential that you act upon this without delay. Should you discover a rip or tear in the felt it is recommended that this area be stripped from the roof and a new covering of high grade, heavy duty, mineral felt (which can be purchased online and/or at most retail DIY stores) be affixed immediately.

You should also ensure that your new building is covered on your household insurance policy, as we cannot be held responsible for damage caused by storms or vandalism.

For more help and advice on installing and maintaining your garden building please visit our comprehensive help centre at: www.tigersheds.com/helpcentre.asp

6. Felt & Handle

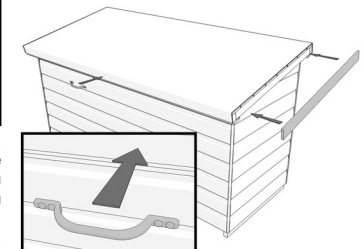


6.a Roll out a width of roofing felt over the lid. Ensure that this overlaps over all sides of the tool chest. This should be approx 75mm on each side. Use clout nails to hold securely in place.

6.b Fit the two shorter gable bargeboards to the lid, trapping the overhanging ends of the roofing felt in between the bargeboard and the lid to provide a weather seal. Then fit the longer bargeboard on the high side. Trapping the felt between.

Important: There is no bargeboard provided for the lower edge of the roof. This is to allow any rain water to run off the roof.

Please be aware that the bargeboards may need cutting to size.



6.c Finally, Install the handle on the front (low side) of the lid. Use the 25mm screws to hold in place.

Check List

- x1 Floor
- x2 Gables (sloped)
- x2 Sides (rectangular)
- x1 Roof Panel
- Roofing Felt
- x3 Bargeboards

(Found In Polytube Pack)

- x3 Bargeboards
- Soffit (Attached to roof)
- x4 Corner Strips
- Fixing Pack