

X3. SECTION 4 OF THE CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION'S OUTDOOR HOME PLAYGROUND SAFETY HANDBOOK

X3.1 Select Protective Surfacing – One of the most important things you can do to reduce the likelihood of serious head injuries is to install shock-absorbing protective surfacing under and around your play equipment. The protective surfacing should be applied to a depth that is suitable for the equipment height in accordance with ASTM Specification F 1292. There are different types of surfacing to choose from; whichever product you select, follow these guidelines:

X3.1.1 Loose Fill Materials:

X3.1.1.1 Maintain a minimum depth of 9 inches of loose-fill materials such as wood mulch/ chips, engineered wood fiber (EWF), or shredded/ recycled rubber mulch for equipment up to 8 feet high; and 9 inches of sand or pea gravel for equipment up to 5 feet high. NOTE: An initial fill level of 12 inches will compress to about a 9-inch depth of surfacing over time. The surfacing will also compact, displace, and settle, and should be periodically refilled to maintain at least a 9-inch depth.

X3.1.2 Use a minimum of 6 inches of protective surfacing for play equipment less than 4 feet in height. If maintained properly, this should be adequate. (At depths less than 6 inches, the protective material is too easily displaced or compacted.) NOTE: Do not install home playground equipment over concrete, asphalt, or any other hard surface. A fall onto a hard surface can result in serious injury to the equipment user. Grass and dirt are not considered protective surfacing because wear and environmental factors can reduce their shock absorbing effectiveness. Carpeting and thin mats are generally not adequate protective surfacing. Ground level equipment such as a sandbox, activity wall, playhouse or other equipment that has no elevated play surface does not need any protective surfacing.

X3.1.3 Use containment, such as digging out around the perimeter and/or lining the perimeter with landscape edging. Don't forget to account for water drainage.

X3.1.3.1 Check and maintain the depth of the loose-fill surfacing material. To maintain the right amount of loose-fill materials, mark the correct level on play equipment support posts. That way you can easily see when to replenish and/or redistribute the surfacing.

X3.1.3.2 Do not install loose fill surfacing over hard surfaces such as concrete or asphalt.

X3.1.4 Poured-in-Place Surfaces or Pre-Manufactured Rubber Tiles You may be interested in using surfacing other than loose fill materials like rubber tiles or poured-in-place surfaces.

X3.1.4.1 Installations of these surfaces generally require a professional and are not "do-it-yourself" projects.

X3.1.4.2 Review surface specifications before purchasing this type of surfacing. Ask the installer/ manufacturer for a report showing that the product has been tested to the following safety standard: ASTM F1292 Standard Specification for Impact Attenuation of Surfacing Materials within the Use Zone of Playground Equipment. This report should show the specific height for which the surface is intended to protect against serious head injury. This height should be equal to or greater than the fall height – the vertical distance between a designated play surface (elevated surface for standing, sitting, or climbing) and the protective surfacing below – of your play equipment.

X3.1.4.3 Check the protective surfacing frequently for wear.

X3.1.5 Placement – Proper placement and maintenance of protective surfacing is essential. Be sure to: **X3.1.5.1** Extend surfacing at least 6 feet from the equipment in all directions.

X3.1.5.2 For to-fro swings, extend protective surfacing in front of and behind the swing to a distance equal to twice the height of the top bar from which the swing is suspended.

X3.1.5.3 For tire swings, extend surfacing in a circle whose radius is equal to the height of the suspending chain or rope, plus 6 feet in all directions.

To reduce the likelihood of injury please follow the guidelines as outlined in this manual.

Your M&M Web Riderz Swing has been tested to ensure safety and complies with: ASTM F1148 Standard Consumer Safety Performance Specifications for Home Playground Equipment, F1487 Standard Consumer Safety Performance Specifications for Playground Equipment for Public Use, and CPSIA Specifications for lead paint.

WARNING: This product contains one or more polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon chemicals (PAHs) known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. To learn more visit oehha.ca.gov/prop65.

For assistance please contact:

M&M Sales Enterprises, Inc.

7425 Chavenelle Rd. Suite 200 • Dubuque, IA 52002

877-242-0154 • info@mandmsalesinc.com



www.mandmsalesinc.com



Treadz Traditional Tire Swing



**Assembly, Installation, Operation &
Maintenance Instructions**

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTION

Carefully cut and discard of three zip ties securing chain assembly to tire. Discard cut zip ties. Layout chain and identify parts. Order them from highest hanging point to lowest:



1. Swivel Spinner



2. Carabiner



3. Chain/S-Hook/Eye Nut

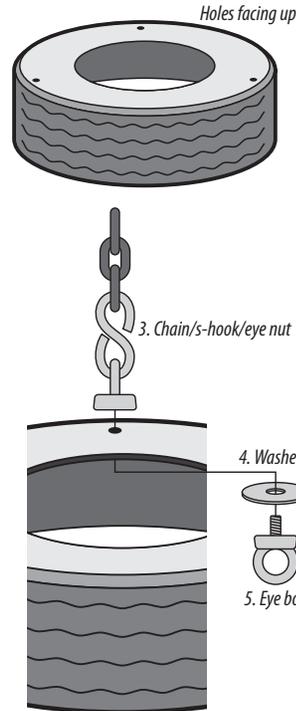


4. Washer



5. Eye Bolt

1. Unthread eye nuts and washer from each of the three eye bolts.
2. Place tire on flat surface with the three eye bolts holes facing up. (See at right.)
3. With the washer placed over the eye bolt, insert eye bolt into one of the holes from the bottom side. Now thread the eye nut (with s-hook and chain) onto the eye bolt. Check to see that the eye nut is fully threaded onto the eye bolt. Tighten securely.
4. Repeat step 3 with remaining eye bolt assemblies at the two remaining insertion points.
5. Hold swing as if it were hanging/installing. Make sure chains are straight and uncrossed from the eye bolts to the carabiner. If the chains are crossing or twisted with another chain, unhook chains from carabiner and reattach to carabiner in proper order to keep chains on direct path from tire to carbiner.
6. Check all connection points at swivel spinner, carabiner, s-hooks, and eyebolts to make sure they are securely fastened.
7. Proper height adjustment of your swing must be made before use. Depending on height of hanging point you may need to adjust chain link placement in carabiner. Attach all three chains at same link placement so swing hangs level or parallel with ground at link level consistent across all 3 chains to reach desired hanging height. REMINDER: Bottom of swing should be no more than 24 inches and no less than 18 inches from ground.



INSTALLATION

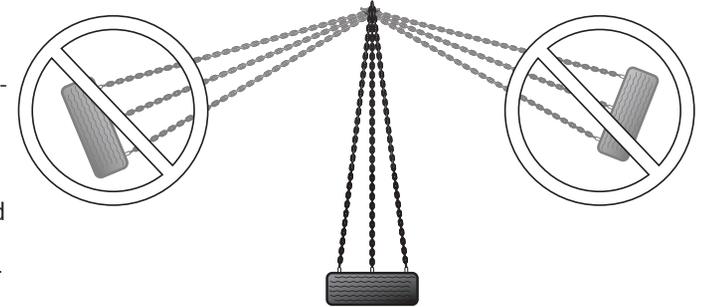
1. Do not install tire swing over concrete, asphalt, packed earth, or any other hard surface. See last page for more information on proper protective surfacing material.
2. Confirm that the supporting structure is secure, it will support at least 175 pounds, is over level ground, has a minimum height of 7 feet and is no less than 6 feet on all sides from vertical elements. Tire swing should have a clearance of at least 1.5 x the total length of all the chain measured from the tree limb/horizontal beam to the metal swivel spinner attachment point.
3. **Tree Limb Assembly** - Test tree limb to ensure that it will hold the weight limit of 175 pounds safely. Obtain additional rope to attach the tire swing to the horizontal (limb) support. The rope used should not be less than the quality, durability and strength of UV stabilized, 1/2 inch twisted or synthetic waterproof rope. Form a small noose at one end of your rope and throw it over the tree limb. Run the other end of rope through the noose you created and tighten firmly. Run the end of rope through the, top opening of the metal swivel spinner. Tie a minimum of TWO tight knots firmly. Bottom of swing should be no more than 24 inches and no less than 18 inches from the ground. (See illustration at right.)

4. **Swing Set or other Horizontal Beam Assembly** - Attach the tire swing to a swing set by removing two sets of swings from the existing swing set and attach the swivel spinner to the chain support hook using the supplied carabiner. Allow 1.5x the total length of the chain to the swivel spinner of clearance on each side of the swing from stationary objects or other swinging elements of any kind. Bottom of swing should be no more than 24 inches and no less than 18 inches from the ground.

OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

1. An adult should supervise play on this product for children of all ages.
2. Only for family domestic outdoor use.
3. Dress children appropriately, including wearing well-fitting shoes that fully protect feet.
4. Instruct children:
 - To avoid swinging empty seats or swings.
 - To not swing higher than hook attachment.
 - Get off the swing only after it has completely stopped and to hold the chain until both feet are planted firmly on the ground.
 - To remove articles before playing on equipment that create hazards when they get tangled and caught (examples include: ponchos, scarves, and other loose-fitting clothing, bike or other sports helmets).
 - Not to walk close to, in front of, behind, or between moving items.

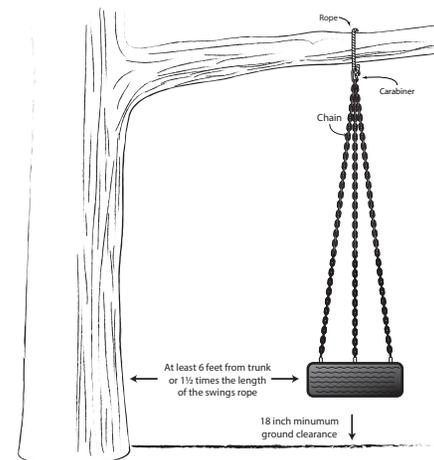
WARNING: Never swing higher than hook attachment



MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

1. At the beginning of each play season and at least twice monthly during usage, check all moving parts for wear, rust, or other deterioration. Replace as needed.
2. Take swing indoors when the temperature drops below 32 degrees Fahrenheit. WARNING: Failure to carry out these checks and inspections could result in a fall or injury.

CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS



DO NOT walk in front or behind swing while in motion

